JOURNAL.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

WEDNESDAY, October 24, 1900, 10 o’clock A.M.

The senators-elect for the years 1900–1901, met at 10 o’clock A.M., on the 24th of October, 1900, in the Senate Chamber, and were called to order by the Hon. C. S. Northen, Secretary of the last Senate.

The Secretary of State submitted to the Secretary the certified list of senators-elect:

First District—J. Ferris Cann.
Second District—D. A. Smiley.
Third District—R. B. Hopps.
Fourth District—J. J. Upchurch.
Fifth District—Lemuel Johnson.
Sixth District—J. A. Alexander.
Seventh District—J. B. Norman.
Eighth District—J. A. Bush.
Ninth District—J. L. Boynton.
Tenth District—G. G. Ford.
Eleventh District—D. R. Stewart.
Twelfth District—Geo. Y Harrell.
Thirteenth District—J. E. Hayes.
Fourteenth District—J. J. Dennard.
Fifteenth District—B. E. Wilcox.
Seventeenth District—Jas. H. Daniel.
Eighteenth District—P J. Sullivan.
Nineteenth District—J. C. Jarnagin.
Twentieth District—J. T. Allen.
Twenty-first District—S. W Yopp.
Twenty-second District—Roland Ellis.
Twenty-third District—W J. Walker.
Twenty-fourth District—Thos. J. Chappell.
Twenty-fifth District—B. H. Williams.
Twenty-sixth District—Seaton Grantland.
Twenty-seventh District—A. C. Stone.
Twenty-eighth District—John F Newton.
Twenty-ninth District—Geo. Lyndon.
Thirtieth District—Thos. M. Swift.
Thirty-first District—W H. Cobb.
Thirty-second District—W H. McAfee.
Thirty-third District—J. N Holder.
Thirty-fourth District—W T. Smith.
Thirty-fifth District—Clark Howell.
Thirty-sixth District—R. H. Hardaway.
Thirty-seventh District—W D. Hamrick.
Thirty-eighth District—W E. Spinks.
Thirty-ninth District—H. P Bell.
Fortieth District—J. Miles Berrong.
Forty-first District—Jno. Greer.
Forty-third District—B. Z. Herndon.
Forty-fourth District—G. W M. Tatum.

The foregoing official list was called to ascertain the presence of a quorum. This having been done and a quorum being present, the blessing of God was invoked by the Rev. J. W G. Watkins, at the request of the Secretary.
Senators-elect then presented themselves at the Secretary's desk and took the prescribed oath of office, the same being administered by the Hon. Jno. S. Candler, Judge of the Stone Mountain Circuit. The Secretary then announced that the next business in order was the election of a President of the body.

Whereupon Mr. Boynton placed in nomination for that office the Hon. Clark Howell of the county of Fulton. This nomination was seconded by several. There being no other nominations the call of the roll was proceeded with, senators voting *viva voce*.

On casting up the vote it appeared that Hon. Clark Howell had received 43 votes, the entire vote cast.

The Hon. Clark Howell having received a majority of the whole number of senators was declared duly elected President of the Senate.

The Secretary appointed a committee of three to acquaint the President of his election, ask his acceptance and conduct him to the presidential chair.

The Secretary appointed Messrs. Boynton, Hardaway and Upchurch.

The committee performed the duty imposed, and the President-elect being conducted to his chair, rose and addressed the Senate, and at the close of his address called the body to order. He then announced the election of a Secretary as the business next in order, and that nominations for that office would be received.

Whereupon, Mr. Allen, of the Twentieth district, placed
in nomination the Hon. Charles S. Northen of the county of Fulton.

It appeared, upon casting up the votes cast, that Hon. C. S. Northen had received forty-four, the entire vote of the Senate.

The President declared that the Hon. C. S. Northen, having received a majority of the entire Senate, was duly elected Secretary.

The President announced the election of a President pro tem. as the next business before the Senate, and that nominations were in order for that office.

Mr. Bell, of the Thirty-ninth district, nominated the Hon. Roland Ellis of the Twenty-second district. The nomination was seconded by several.

There being no other name presented for this office, the call of the roll was proceeded with, resulting in the election of the Hon. Roland Ellis, he having received forty-four votes, the entire vote of the Senate. The President declared him duly elected President pro tem.

The next business was the election of a Doorkeeper.

Mr. Herndon, of the Forty-third district, nominated Mr. R. E. Wilson. This nomination was seconded by several.

There being no other nominations, the President ordered the roll call for the election.

It appeared, upon casting up the vote, that Mr. Wilson had received forty-four votes, the entire vote cast.
The President declared Mr. Wilson duly elected Doorkeeper.

The next business in order was the election of a messenger of the Senate.

Mr. Chappell, of the Twenty-fourth district, placed in nomination Mr. Flynn Harget.

Mr. Wilcox, of the Fifteenth district, placed in nomination Mr. Dan Paulk.

Mr. Harget having received a majority of the votes cast was duly elected messenger.

Mr. Swift, of the Thirtieth district, moved that a committee of three be appointed to select a Chaplain for the Senate. The President appointed on that committee Messrs. Swift of the Thirtieth, Allen of the Twentieth, Holder of the Thirty-third. The committee recommended the name of Rev. J. W G. Watkins, and he was unanimously elected Chaplain.

The following resolutions were read and adopted:

By. Mr. Boynton—

Resolved, That the Secretary notify the House, that the Senate is organized and ready to proceed to business.

Also, by Mr. Boynton—

Resolved, That a committee of three from the Senate and five from the House be appointed to notify the Governor that the General Assembly is organized and ready to proceed to business.
The committee on part of the Senate are Messrs. Chapppell, Bell and Spinks.

By Mr. Boynton—

Resolved, That the rules of the last Senate be adopted until the Committee on Rules reports new ones.

Also, by Mr. Boyton—

Resolved, That the President of the Senate be authorized to appoint the usual number of gallery keepers and pages, and that the Secretary appoint the porters.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

I am instructed by the House of Representatives to inform the Senate, that the House has organized by electing the following officers, and is now ready to proceed with the duties of the session.

For Speaker, Hon Jno. D. Little.
“Speaker Pro-tem, Hon. N. O. Morris.
“Messenger, Hon. F M. Durham.

The following joint resolution was read and adopted.

By Mr. Allen, Twentieth district:

Resolved That a Joint Committee of two from the Senate and three from House be appointed to arrange for the inaugural ceremonies of the Governor.
The committee on the part of the Senate are Senators Allen of Twentieth district and Hardaway of Thirty-sixth district.

The following privilege resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Allen—

A resolution extending the privileges of the floor of the Senate to Capt. A. B. Scott of thirteenth U. S. I.

The following resolution was read and upon motion tabled:

By Mr. Tatum—

A resolution appointing a committee to investigate and report to the House and Senate the number of clerks employed by the Clerk of the House and Secretary of Senate.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following joint resolution of the Senate, to wit:

A resolution providing for appointment of a Joint Committee of three from the Senate and five from the House to notify the Governor of the organization of the General Assembly, and has appointed on said committee on part of the House Messrs. Quillian, Bennett, Hawes, Lane of Sumter, Smith of Hancock.

The House has also adopted the following joint reso-
olution of the House in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution to convene the Senate and House in joint session on Thursday, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of opening up the returns from the State election and declaring the result.

The following joint House resolution was read and concurred in:

By Mr. Copeland—

Resolved that the Senate and House meet in joint session on Thursday, October 25th, at 11 o'clock to open the election returns and declare the result for Governor and other State officials.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Ellis—

Resolved, That the President of the Senate be authorized to appoint a standing committee of the Senate to be composed of one senator from each congressional district to be known as the Committee upon Congressional Apportionment.

Leave of absence was granted Senator Cobb on account of sickness in family

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:


Those absent were Messrs.—Cobb.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Chappell, chairman on the part of the Senate of the Joint Committee to notify the Governor that the General Assembly has organized and is ready to proceed with the business of the session, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Joint Committee of the Senate and the House has waited on the Governor and informed him of the organization of the General Assembly, and the Governor requests the Committee to notify the Senate and the House that he would make a communication to them in writing.

Respectfully submitted.

THOMAS J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

The following communication was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through Mr. Warren, his Secretary, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing, with accompanying documents.

The following message was read from the Governor:
MESSAGE.

STATE OF GEORGIA,
EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 24, 1900.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

It is a source of much gratification to me that I am able to congratulate the Representatives of the people on the greatly improved condition of the State since the adjournment of the last General Assembly. No storms, floods or pestilence have visited our shores. A kind Providence has blessed the husbandman with fairly good crops, the price of our great staple, cotton, upon which our prosperity so largely depends, has almost doubled, our farmers have turned more than ever before to a diversified agriculture, the last harvest yielded twice as much wheat as has ever been produced in any other year for the last forty, thus enabling them to keep at home large sums of money which have heretofore gone to the northwest for breadstuffs. Lawlessness and crime, always concomitants of hard times, have largely decreased and criminals are being tried and punished by the tribunals established by law and not by the mob. The reaction after the fearful business depression of about seven years duration which resulted in a ruinous shrinkage in values, has set in and values are being restored. The tax digests show an increase of taxable wealth in the State of $19,203,542.00 and this increase together with the most rigid economy in all the departments of the State government has enabled us to reduce taxation a little
over a dollar a thousand. Manufactories, especially of cotton goods, are springing up in almost every part of the State, affording a home market for our products and giving employment to our idle population. These factories, too, are built and operated almost entirely with home capital, the savings of our own people since the close of the most destructive war of modern times. All things considered, while there is abundant room for further improvement and while we may reasonably expect a more rapid development of our resources and a more marked improvement in the condition of our people, Georgia and her people are in a better condition than at any time in the last forty years, and it is confidently believed that we are now entering an era of prosperity that will confirm our right to the proud appellation of "Empire State of the South."

FINANCES AND TAXATION.

A full and clear statement of the financial condition of the State will be found in the exhaustive reports of the Comptroller General and the Treasurer. The credit of no State in the Union, nor, indeed, that of the general government, is better than that of Georgia. From these reports it will be seen that the total receipts at the treasury for the fiscal year have been $3,542,069, and the disbursements $3,664,700. From the report of the Treasurer it will be seen that there is in the treasury $332,000 derived from the sale of public property, which can, under the Constitution, be applied to no purpose other than the payment of the bonded debt. The sources from which this money has found its way into the treasury were:
By some strange oversight, these amounts, while the Constitution expressly provides that they shall be applied only to the payment of the bonded debt, were not credited to that account as they were paid into the treasury, and the omission was not discovered until some eight months ago, when the treasurer discovered it, and at once credited them to the proper account. The State has no bonded debt due till 1915, except that which is provided for by the sinking fund. Hence, the question arises, what shall be done with this money? It has been suggested that the Constitution should be so amended as to authorize the suspension of the collection of the sinking fund temporarily, or that this money be applied to the payment of the interest on the bonded debt. Other suggestions have been made as to its disposition. I submit the facts to the General Assembly that it may in its wisdom give direction to the application of the fund. The amount above named will on the first of November be augmented by the payment into the treasury of a hundred thousand dollars, the second installment of the purchase money of the Northeastern railroad.

All specific appropriations have been sufficient to meet the demands upon them except the printing fund, which has been exhausted and a deficiency appropriation of seven thousand dollars will be necessary to pay the public printer.
for work done and to be done before the close of the year. I am advised that for several years past this appropriation has been insufficient owing to the greatly increased amount of work required for some of the departments. I respectfully suggest that the appropriate committees carefully inquire into the amount of printing necessary and its probable cost, and that a sufficient amount be appropriated to pay for the work as it is done without requiring the public printer to carry over for months unpaid balances.

Owing to the infrequent necessity of calling out the military to suppress mobs and to aid the civil authorities in enforcing the law, and by the closest economy in the expenditure of the military fund, the appropriation of $20,000 made by the last General Assembly has not been exhausted, but after paying all other legitimate charges against it and in addition thereto, a bounty of $150.00 to each company in the State to aid it in paying armory rent, etc., there will probably be at the end of the year an unexpended balance of about seven thousand dollars. Still it is always wise to make this appropriation ample, for we cannot foresee the demands that may be made upon it in aid of the civil authorities in the enforcement of the law, and whatever amount is not necessary remains into the treasury.

By the most rigid economy on the part of the Keeper of Public Buildings and Grounds in its expenditure, the public building fund of $17,500 has been made to meet the numerous demands upon it and there are no unpaid claims chargeable to it, but the appropriation was too small, being $2,500 less than ever before. If any considerable repairs are to be made on the public buildings, and some are necessary, it should be restored to the old figure of $20,000.
As stated in another part of this communication the rate of taxation has been reduced a little over a dollar a thousand, but we should not cease our efforts to reduce it still lower. This can only be done by limiting all appropriations to the smallest amount possible for the proper support of the object and institution for which the appropriation is made. I do not advise niggardly appropriations, for niggardliness is not economy; but not a dollar should be taken by the tax-gatherer from the people just emerging from one of the longest and most disastrous business depressions in the history of the country, which is not absolutely necessary to the preservation of the honor and credit of the State and the support of her institutions. Many demands will be made upon you for money for many purposes. While no one of these demands would perhaps be in itself onerous, all of them when aggregated would be exceeding burdensome to the tax-payers. Hence the importance of the most careful scrutiny of every measure requiring an appropriation of money.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

All the institutions supported wholly or partly by the State are in good condition and reflect credit upon those into whose hands their management has been entrusted. Our greatest and most expensive charity, the State Sanitarium, is well managed and is caring well for the 2,551 unfortunates who have been committed to its keeping. But unfortunately its capacity is not sufficient to accommodate all who, under the laws of the State and of humanity, are entitled to its benefits. There are to-day a hundred and
fifty lunatics confined in the common jails of the State because there is no room for them in the sanitarium. This should not be. These victims of the saddest of all human calamities must be provided for by an enlargement of the buildings so as to afford them accommodation. This will require an appropriation of money, which we must make, but in making it and in the erection and furnishing of the necessary new buildings due regard should be had not only to the necessities of the patients but to the ability of the tax payers to pay taxes.

In this connection it is proper that I call the attention of the General Assembly to a recommendation made to me by the Board of Trustee of the Sanitarium concerning the bond of the treasurer. The board say—"in view of the fact that the appropriations made annually for support and maintenance have largely increased since the passage of the above law (the act fixing the amount of the bond at $20,000.00) thus placing in the hands of the treasurer large monthly balances, the trustees deem it wise to increase the bond, and have fixed the same at forty thousand dollars, and would ask that in your annual message you recommend that a law be passed increasing the bond of the treasurer of the State Sanitarium to forty thousand dollars."

In compliance with the above recommendation of the board I respectfully recommend that the law be amended as suggested by the board charged with the management of the institution.

The schools for the deaf and dumb and for the blind are well and economically managed and are accomplishing the objects for which they were established in a manner en-
tirely satisfactory. So far as I am advised no extraordinary appropriation will be asked for either of these institutions.

The Girls School at Milledgeville, the State Normal at Athens, the North Georgia Agricultural College at Dahlonega, and the Industrial College for Colored Youth near Savannah, are all doing splendid work and are excellently managed, while the School of Technology is giving to our young men that thorough literary and technical training which fits them for successfully managing the numerous industrial enterprises which are springing up all over the State. I do not believe there is anywhere an institution which is doing better or more valuable work than this school.

Our venerable University, the pride of our State, is enjoying a degree of prosperity unequalled in its history and doing a work of incalculable value to those who must soon succeed us in maintaining the honor and glory and dignity of Georgia. This nursery of the young manhood of our State, like the State Sanitarium, is no longer adequate to the demands upon it. There must be more room, but in providing it the same rigid economy necessary in providing for the wants of the other objects for which the State must provide, should be observed. Its actual necessities should be recognized, but not a dollar should be needlessly expended.

TAX REFORM.

Recognizing the necessity for such reform in our taxing laws as would uncover and subject to taxation much prop-
erty which has in the past escaped the tax gatherer and equalize the burthen of taxation on all classes of property, the General Assembly, at its session of 1898, appointed a joint committee of the two houses to prepare and report a bill at the next session to accomplish these results. The committee met during the recess, and, after much investigation and labor reported at the last session a bill which, after much discussion, was laid on the table for want of time for final consideration and action, and a resolution was adopted instructing the Governor to transmit it to your honorable bodies for further consideration and final disposition. That bill is herewith returned to the House of Representatives in which it was pending.

That there is urgent necessity for some enactment to secure a more equal distribution of the burthens of taxation and to enable the taxing officers to reach hidden property is apparent without argument to all who have given the subject consideration.

I therefore earnestly advise the representatives of the people in this General Assembly to prosecute the work begun by their predecessors, enact some law which will accomplish the desired end and compel the tax dodger to bear his just share of the burthens of government.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND.

I regret to have again to call the attention of the General Assembly to the unsatisfactory condition of the public school fund. The design of our school laws was that the taxes collected in any given year should be applied to the support of the schools during the next year. But owing
to the fact that the fund provided by the General Assembly for the support of the schools has for a number of years past been inadequate to pay for the work done, it has been necessary to apply a part of the money raised for the support of the schools for one year, to the payment of teachers for work done the year before, or let them go unpaid. This policy has been pursued from year to year, until at the beginning of the year 1901, if it is still pursued, the amount of school fund in the treasury will not be sufficient to pay teachers for one month's work. There are now, or will be at the end of the present year, the earnings of three months' work due the teachers, which must be paid, if paid at all, out of the taxes of this year which ought to go to the payment of teachers next year. This will amount to $840,000. There has been advanced out of the general fund under authority of the act of December 8, 1897, $400,000, which must under the law be repaid into the general fund out of the school fund now being collected. These two liabilities of the school fund will amount to $1,240,000, which, when taken out of the school fund of $1,440,000, which ought to go to the payment of teachers next year, will leave only $200,000, not enough to pay them for one month's work.

I know of but two ways of remedying this evil. One is to provide means to pay what is now due the teachers for work already done, and let the taxes collected this year go to the payment of teachers next year as the law contemplates; and the other is to suspend the schools for a half year, or until the school fund supplemented by an advance of $400,000 from the general fund, can catch up with the demands upon it. But it is of great importance that some
remedy be applied. It is due the teachers. They should not be required to work on a credit and be driven to the necessity of discounting their claims to curbstone brokers at ruinous rates, as many now have to do. The custom, which has prevailed for several years past, of resorting to all possible temporary expedients to secure means to run the schools, has been a source of much annoyance to the teachers, and as well to the Governor and the State School Commissioner, who have been censured for the nonpayment of teachers who cannot understand why it is that when the legislature has said they shall be paid monthly it is not done. They do not know that when the law was enacted declaring that monthly payments should be made the necessary means were not provided for that purpose.

After much investigation and study of the question, I have come to the conclusion that the best interests of the taxpayers and of the schools demand a radical change in the mode of providing means to support our public schools. It will be found upon investigation, I think, that Georgia pays a larger percentage of her total revenue to the support of her common schools than any other State in the Union, while local communities, with the exception of our cities and some of the larger towns, contribute nothing to this purpose. Counties, with two or three exceptions, and most of the towns, pay nothing, but look to the State for everything. This fosters a spirit of paternalism utterly repugnant to our theory of government and destructive of the self-reliance and individuality of the citizen. In New England, the cradle of the common school, where they have reached their greatest perfection, the mudsill of the
system is local taxation supplemented by State aid. We should profit by the experience of these older States and amend our system so as to conform to that which experience has demonstrated to be best. Under the present law counties may impose upon themselves taxes to aid in the support of schools, but they do not do it because the law is not compulsory but merely permissive. It is not right for the State to bear all of this burden, neither is it expedient. The law should require a part of it to be borne by the counties. This would not only be more equitable and just to the taxpayers, but it would be to the best interest of the schools and the teachers, who are the chief sufferers under the present unsatisfactory system. Under the proposed change patrons would feel more responsibility for and take more interest in their schools and in the selection of teachers, the standard of scholarship in our country schools would be elevated and the results would be so satisfactory to both patrons and teachers, that the amount of local taxation for the support of schools would be increased from year to year, the school term would be lengthened, teachers would be better paid and the taxpayers would be better satisfied with the burden put upon them.

I therefore recommend that the law be so amended as to fix the State school fund at one million dollars per annum, to be distributed among the counties as now provided by law, but that the amount apportioned to no county shall be available until that county shall have raised by taxation upon the taxable property within its own borders, an amount not less than forty per cent. of its share of the State school fund. This would raise for the first year a
school fund about as large as we now have, which would be increased by the counties from year to year as the people realize the advantages of the system.

In dismissing this subject I desire to call the attention of the General Assembly to the exhaustive report of the State School Commissioner, who fully agrees with me on the subject of local taxation to aid in the support of schools.

PENSIONS.

The aggregate amount of money paid out during the year to pensioners of all classes has been $678,205, and there are on file, approved for payment next year, 973 new applications. From this must be deducted the number of pensioners who have died during the year. This is not yet known, but it will probably be about 500, which will, when deducted from the number of new applications, leave a net addition to the rolls of about 475.

By the adoption of the amendment granting pensions to all widows of deceased Confederate soldiers who from blindness and poverty, old age and poverty, or infirmity and poverty, are unable to support themselves, a new class of pensioners has been created, for the payment of whom a large amount of money will be required—how large it is impossible to say with any degree of accuracy for want of information as to the number of these widows in the State, but it is probable that there are not less than two thousand. If pensions are granted them at the same rate as to the widows now on the rolls, it is probable that in a year or two the amount necessary to meet the pension roll will approximate a million dollars.
In this connection it is perhaps not amiss for me to refer to the dangerous and growing practice of granting by special legislative enactment pensions to claimants whose record will not allow them to come in under the general law. Our pension laws are liberal, and most applicants whose military service entitle them in equity and justice to pensions can easily make the necessary proofs and get on the pension roll without these special acts for their benefit, the constitutionality of which is doubtful, while if the practice of legislating applicants on the roll is kept up many unearned pensions will be paid to importunate and unscrupulous applicants. The names of none such should go on the pension roll. It should be a roll of honor.

In this connection I desire to say that in my opinion the time has come when the State should provide a home for those old, decrepit and worn-out Confederate soldiers who are homeless, friendless and unable to work. There are not many of this class, but there are some, men who have no relations to care for them and who in their old age and decrepitude are bowed down with sorrow and humiliation because they have no place to lay their hoary heads. It is the duty of the State to provide for these old heroes a home for the few remaining years they have to live. I am advised that the grounds and the building erected thereon a few years ago for a soldiers' home and tendered to the State by patriotic citizens, but declined by the legislature, is still available. I advise that if again tendered free from incumbrance, it be accepted, and that it be placed in the hands of a small board of trustees, men of high character, whose duty shall be to see to it that none
but ex-Confederate soldiers who can establish a good record as soldiers, be admitted into it. The pensions allowed by law to such as are admitted to the home should be diverted to the support of the home. This amount, supplemented by a small appropriation from the treasury, will support the home. This little burthen would have to be borne for only a short time, for none should be admitted to the home but men who actually fought the battles of the Confederacy, and all such are now old men and will, in the course of nature, pass off the stage of action in a few years.

Since the adoption of the amendment of the constitution, authorizing pensions to indigent widows of deceased Confederate soldiers, by the people, the work in the pension office will be greatly increased if legislation is enacted to carry out the provisions of the amendment. So great will be the increase, that it may be impossible for one man to do all the work in the pension office. I advise that a special committee be appointed to investigate the matter and report what assistance, if any, is required in the pension office, and that provision be made for such clerical help as the committee may deem necessary to a proper discharge of the duties of the office.

THE MILITARY

Under authority of an act of the last General Assembly all of the volunteer military organizations of the State were reorganized on the first day of February last, and it is gratifying to be able to say that they are all now, with scarcely an exception, in fairly good effective condition. There exists among the troops, officers and men alike, that
generous rivalry which contributes so much to the efficiency and usefulness of military organizations, and it is confidently believed that within another year but few States in the Union will have a better or more thoroughly organized and equipped militia, notwithstanding the utter demoralization and disorganization that existed at the close of the Spanish-American war, when there was not a thoroughly armed, equipped and efficient company in the State. To accomplish this change in the short space of eight months has been a work of great and continuous labor, and the Acting Adjutant-General and the Inspector-General are entitled to the highest commendation for the thoroughness and efficiency of their work.

As soon as this reorganization was effected steps were taken to fully arm, equip and uniform the troops. Uniforms were worn out, equipment was lost, and about half the arms of the State had been carried away by the troops organized for the war with Spain. All the troops are now armed and equipped and nearly all of the companies have been supplied with new uniforms and each regiment of infantry with a splendid silk flag with the coat of arms of the State embroidered on it.

We have been enabled to accomplish these results by the use of a part of the money refunded by the general government on account of the State’s expenditures in organizing the troops for the Spanish war, supplemented by our share of the annual appropriation of $400,000 made by Congress to aid in arming, equipping and clothing the troops of the several States.
Fortunately the necessity for calling out the military to aid the civil authorities in the maintenance of order and the enforcement of the laws has been much less frequent during the present year than during the last; but in every instance in which it has been necessary the troops have responded with an alacrity, and acted when on duty with such firmness and conservatism and discretion as to impress all with the conviction that they know their duty, and will at all times do it.

It is with pride in the military of the State that I point to the fact, that while they have always done their duty promptly and effectively and have quickly restored order in every instance in which it has been necessary to call them into service, not a drop of blood has ever been shed by them and no violence has ever been done to any person of either race after the troops have arrived on the scene. As stated in another part of this message, there will be at the end of this year an unexpended balance of about seven thousand dollars of the appropriation made by the last General Assembly for the support of the State troops for the present year; and there will also be, upon final settlement with the general government, a balance of the military appropriation of 1898, temporarily diverted, of perhaps twelve thousand dollars more still available for the same purpose. These two sums it is believed will be sufficient to support the military of the State for the next year without any additional appropriation. I therefore recommend that no appropriation be made for the military for the year 1901, but that twenty thousand dollars be appropriated for the year 1902.
CHANGE OF VENUE.

In this connection I desire to call the attention of the General Assembly to what seems to me, in view of recent occurrences, to be a necessary amendment to the law providing for the trial and punishment of criminals. Under the law as it now stands "all criminal cases shall be tried in the county where the crime was committed except cases in the superior court where the judge is satisfied that an impartial jury cannot be obtained in such county. When he becomes thus satisfied he may change the venue for the trial." Thus it is clear that the judge of the superior court alone can order a change of venue and he only when he "is satisfied that an impartial jury cannot be obtained" in the county in which the crime was committed.

Two instances have occurred in the recent past in which the judges of the superior court have found it necessary to send negroes who have assaulted white women to Fulton county jail to protect them against the mob until they could be tried, and then when the courts had set and the grand juries had returned true bills, to call on me to return the prisoner for trial to the counties in which the crimes had been committed, under a strong military guard to prevent lynching. In both cases I have been satisfied that such a course was necessary and have complied with the request of the judges, but at an expense to the State of about two hundred and fifty dollars in each case, when by a mere change of venue all the ends of justice could have been attained without cost to the State. Other such cases are likely to occur at any time when the State will be called upon to furnish military guards and foot the bills.
I therefore recommend that an amendment of the Constitution be submitted to the people to authorize the Governor by executive order to change the venue in all criminal cases when in his judgment or that of the judge of the superior court of the county in which the crime is alleged to have been committed, it is necessary to protect the prisoner from violence and secure the orderly enforcement of the law.

EXPENSE OF ORGANIZING TROOPS FOR THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

For the prosecution of the war with Spain, Georgia was called upon to furnish three regiments of infantry and two light batteries, which were quickly raised and organized. The total expense incurred by the State in the organization, subsistence, equipment and transportation of these troops was $30,118.07. It was provided in the Act of Congress of the 8th day of July, 1898, that money thus expended should upon presentation of proper vouchers, be refunded to the State. My predecessor in office when the call was made on the State for these troops, no other fund being available, drew on the fund appropriated for the support of the State troops for the year 1898, for the payment of such expenses incurred in their organization as demanded immediate payment. When I came into office there were still unpaid claims of this character against the State amounting to about $19,000, and I pursued the same course and continued to draw on the same fund to meet these claims until all were paid, no other provision having been made for their payment. But to be enabled to meet the emer-
gency and pay them, we sent the vouchers, as the claims against the State were paid off, to Washington, not all at one time for that was impossible because the fund was insufficient, but in installments, and when one installment was paid off by the United States government we applied the money thus obtained to the payment of other claims against us, till all which had been filed with proper vouchers, were paid.

The process of adjusting the claims against the State and those of the State against the general government and getting them in shape for payment, has been necessarily slow and tedious, owing to the fact that recruiting and other officers contracting the debts, often took imperfect vouchers and sometimes no vouchers at all. To perfect them and get them in shape acceptable to the authorities at Washington, has required much time and patience, but it is believed that most of them are now in proper shape and that the State will lose, because of improper vouchers, only a few hundred dollars at most.

To Col. Wm. G. Obear, who during the progress of the war with Spain, had, as Acting Adjutant General, charge of all matters connected with the organization and equipment of troops for the United States service, and who by my direction when I appointed him Inspector-General, retained control, because of his familiarity with the subject, of all matters pertaining to the unadjusted claims against the State and all claims of the State against the United States government, I am greatly indebted for the careful, painstaking and accurate manner in which he has discharged these duties; and I recommend that in recogni-
tion of his valuable services in this behalf, and in organizing the troops for the Spanish war and in reorganizing the State troops since, I be authorized by the General Assembly to promote him to the rank of Brigadier General.

PRISON SYSTEM.

But little over eighteen months have passed since the new prison system was put into practical operation, but that has been sufficient to establish the fact that it is a very great improvement on the system superseded by it.

In my last annual message it was suggested that while upon the whole it would prove to be the best system we had ever had, it would be remarkable if experience did not develop defects in it which would require correction by amendment. Two of the main features of the law have fully met the expectations of its friends: that which puts the undivided control of all State convicts in the hands of the agents of the State, and not in the hands of the agents of the lessees, and that which places female convicts and infirm males and all boys under fifteen years old on a farm separate and apart from the able-bodied men. The farm has proved a decided success in every way, and I believe will prove to be the solution of the convict question.

But the law does not meet the demands of the situation as to misdemeanor convicts and county chaingangs. This is not surprising, for it was framed with special reference to the State and not the county convicts, the State penitentiary and not the county chaingangs. The Commission was given complete, direct control of all State convicts,
but only a vague general supervisory control of the misdemeanor convicts, for whose security and humane treatment county authorities were made responsible. This feature of the law has not been satisfactory, and most of the complaints of maladministration of the law and maltreatment of convicts that have reached me have come from these misdemeanor camps. I cannot present the objections to the provisions of the present law, so far as it relates to misdemeanor convicts, more forcibly than in the language of the Commission, who say:

"There are now in operation in the state three different kinds of chaingangs, to wit:

"1st. Organized under and in conformity with the law, and engaged upon public works.

"2d. Organized under color of the law, and engaged in work for private individuals.

"3d. Organized contrary to law, and engaged in work for private individuals."

The first, in the opinion of the Commission, are the only ones contemplated by law, and which have any legal status or should be allowed to exist.

Section 1039 of the Code, Vol. III, provides: "Every crime declared to be a misdemeanor is punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars; imprisonment not to exceed six months; to work in the chaingang on the public works, or on such other works as the county authorities may employ the chaingang, not to exceed twelve months, and any one or more of these punishments may be ordered in the discretion of the Judge: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the giving the
control of convicts to private persons, or their employment by the county authorities in such mechanical pursuits as will bring the products of their labor into competition with the products of free labor."

"Construing this section with section 1137 to 1149 inclusive, it would appear that no other employment of the chaingang than on public works was originally intended by the legislature; but it would seem by the section first referred to, that where a county has a legally organized chaingang, with superintendents and guards hired by the county authorities, in charge thereof, such authorities may engage the chaingang legally on other works than public works, but to labor for a private individual whose employees are made superintendent and guards, the wages of whom are paid by the individual and not by the county authorities out of the public funds, and in which the county has no interest, except perhaps to hire to this individual its misdemeanor convicts, is, while apparently under color of law, a mere evasion.

"A large majority if not all the chaingangs, not employed on public works, except the third class mentioned, are so organized, and many of them do not even employ the convicts of the county where they are located, but depend for their labor upon convicts from other counties, who are not hired by the county authorities, but by the individual for whose benefit the chaingang was so organized.

"Those embraced in the third class have not even color of law to support them, but are directly in conflict with that provision of the law which forbids 'the giving the control of convicts to private persons.' They are organ-
ized without the order of any county authority, and are under the control of none, and make no report to any official, have only been discovered by this commission accidentally.

"In giving this commission general supervision of the misdemeanor convicts of the State," the Act of 1897 aimed to establish a uniform standard of punishment and treatment thereof, but the authority conferred in the exercise of such supervision is too limited to be effective. As reported a year ago, the commission in obedience to said Act, advised with the county authorities 'in making and altering rules for the government, control and management of said convicts,' and the rules so formulated by the commission were acquiesced in without dissent, but so infrequent is the inspection required by law, that the rules can be violated without detection, unless the county authorities, who are directly responsible for the control and management of these gangs exercise the most constant vigilance, and this is especially true in those gangs organized for private individuals. The counties having no financial interest in such chaingangs, the temptation to the authorities is great, to shift the responsibility of the management from their own, to the willing shoulders of the private contractor.

"As long as the law is unchanged, it is possible to have in the State as many chaingangs as there are counties, more even, for at present there are several in some counties, each with a different standard, and for the punishment and treatment of misdemeanor convicts who are amenable to the same law and entitled to the same treatment, to differ as often and as widely as the temperament and vigilance of county authorities differ from each other."
"Under such a system abuses are more likely to occur, and they do occur in the best regulated and most wisely governed penal institutions, than under a system which provides for uniformity, and under which the responsibility for management and control is less divided."

Fully concurring with the commission in its views on this question and believing from personal observation that it will not be possible under a divided authority and a divided responsibility to correct abuses which are known to have existed in some of the camps, I earnestly recommend that the law be so amended as to take the control of all misdemeanor convicts out of the hands of county authorities and place it in the hands of the Prison Commission with the same powers and duties they now have as to felony convicts. Each county desiring to employ a chain-gang on public works should be permitted to do so, using its own misdemeanants for this purpose and such other reasonable number as the commission may see cause to hire to it, but even in these cases all wardens, physicians, guards and whipping-bosses should be employed and paid by the commission and not by any county authority.

All other convicts not so used, should be disposed of by the commission under contracts, just as felony convicts are now disposed of, returning to the counties in which they were convicted the net hire, to be applied to the payment of costs of conviction as now provided by law.

The proposed change in the law would increase the work in the office of the Prison Commission and require a little more, but not necessarily much more money than is now required. An additional warden or wardens should
be employed to visit frequently and inspect the camps and see that the law and the rules prescribed by the commission are faithfully carried out. The clerical work in the office would be necessarily increased, but it is believed that one man such as the present able and efficient secretary could, with the assistance of a stenographer at a cost of six hundred dollars a year, be able to do all the work of the office not done by the commissioners themselves.

In this connection I deem it my duty, in justice to the Secretary of the Commission, and in view of the magnitude and importance of the work done by him, to advise that the law be so amended as to allow him a salary of eighteen hundred dollars instead of twelve hundred dollars per annum, as now provided. If the proposed change in the law placing misdemeanor convicts on the same footing as felony convicts is made, this increase of expense will cost the State nothing, since all expenses incurred in the management of the misdemeanor convicts would be paid out of the hire of this class, and even then I believe, and the Commission believes, that each county would realize more, the net profit after paying all expenses being returned to it, out of its misdemeanants than it does now, and the court officers who are interested in the matter would not lose but gain by the change.

Thus every consideration, the safekeeping of the prisoners, economy in working them, the interest of the court officers, who are interested in the money derived from their hire, and far above all of these considerations, humanity and the good name of the State, demand the changes in the law above suggested.
BALLOT REFORM.

An experience of more than thirty years since the enfran-
chisement of the emancipated slaves of the South has dem-
onstrated the necessity for a qualified suffrage. Universal
"manhood suffrage" is based on the idea that the right
to participate in the government of the State is an inherent
right without regard to the virtue, intelligence or patriotism of
the voter. This is not true, nor was it so regarded before
the era of the carpet-bagger. In the earlier and better
days of the republic, qualifications to vote, as well as to
hold office, were prescribed in all the States, Georgia in-
cluded. Indeed, from the formation of the Federal gov-
ernment down to this time, in some of the older States an
educational or a property qualification, or both, has been
prescribed. No man who is capable of wielding the ballot
honestly and intelligently, and in the interest of himself
and his fellow citizens, should be deprived of it. On the
other hand, no man who, through ignorance or vicious-
ness, is incapable of so wielding it, should be thus armed.
In a land of free schools and equal chances to all, the ballot
should be held out as a prize to be won only as a reward
for virtue, intelligence and good citizenship. The confer-
ing of it indiscriminately upon the Southern negroes, just
emerged from a state of slavery in which their ancestors
had been held for many generations, was the greatest crime
ever perpetrated against our system of government and
against the negro himself. They had had no oppor-
tunity of learning the responsibilities of citizenship, and
had not the remotest idea of the sanctity of the ballot,
and most of them soon learned to regard it as an article of merchandise, instead of a great weapon of defense with which to preserve their liberties and protect them in their enjoyment; and now, after the lapse of more than thirty years, the evil still exists and is no longer tolerable. A remedy must be applied. The safety of the State and the best interests of both races demand it.

It will not do to rely on temporary expedients. We must strike at the root of the evil. The white primary has accomplished good, but it cannot be relied on as a permanent cure for the evil of vote buying and vote selling. Disappointed in its results, ambitious men will, relying on an unrestricted ballot and the purchasable vote, inaugurate independent candidacies, and the purchasable vote will again become a balance of power to control elections. Already we have seen in the recent elections these tendencies, and it will not be long till the white primary will, as temporary expedients always do, cease to be a remedy for the evil.

I therefore, in the interest of good government and in the interest of the negro race, recommend that an amendment of the Constitution be submitted to the people providing for a qualified suffrage based on an educational or a property qualification, or both. A man who has by integrity and frugality acquired a little home, though it be worth only $100.00, and is a tax payer, should be allowed to vote, whether he can read and write or not; but he who has for the last thirty years had the opportunities of free schools and cannot read and write, and who has had an equal chance for the acquisition of property, and yet has
through indolence or profligacy or vice failed to become a tax payer, contributing something to the support of his State, should have no voice in making its laws.

CITY COURTS.

In view of the large number of acts passed within recent years purporting to establish city courts with direct writs of error to the supreme court, the inquiry is suggested whether there is not danger of carrying legislation on this line beyond constitutional limits—if, indeed, this has not already been done.

While it may be within the power of the General Assembly to arbitrarily declare that a mere village or small town shall, from and after the passage of a particular act, be "a city," this certainly does not make the same a real city, as the term is commonly used and understood among our people; and if this sort of a legislative declaration is made with reference to a particular village or town for the sole purpose of laying the foundation for establishing in the newly-created and so-called city a court whose judgments may be directly reviewed by the supreme court, the constitutionality of the measure may, as to this matter, well be questioned. Paragraph 5 of section 2, article 6 of the Constitution (Civil Code, section 5836) declares: "The Supreme Court shall have no original jurisdiction, but shall be a court alone for the trial and correction of errors from the superior courts, and from the city courts of Atlanta and Savannah, and such other like courts as may be hereafter established in other cities. Our present Constitution was ratified by the people December 5, 1877."
At that time, Atlanta and Savannah were the two largest cities in the State, and each had many thousands of inhabitants. In each was a city court with broad jurisdiction and large powers. It cannot be doubted that the framers of the Constitution, in limiting the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court to the correction of errors committed by the superior courts, by the two city courts mentioned, and by "such other like courts" as might be established, meant that the phrase just quoted should apply to courts of a class having similar jurisdictions and powers with those already established in Atlanta and Savannah. It also seems clear that in declaring that these "other like courts" must, in order to come within the provisions of this paragraph, be "established in other cities," it was contemplated that they should be established in like cities, i.e., real cities, at least approximating in population and general characteristics the two existing cities specially named. In other words, the makers of the Constitution must have had in mind cities whose size, importance, wealth, business and litigation would render expedient or necessary the establishment therein of courts of like dignity and authority with the superior courts, save only as to matters over which the jurisdiction of the latter was by the fundamental law made exclusive.

It cannot be fairly supposed that in using the language above quoted it was believed that the General Assembly would ever attempt to so stretch its obvious meaning as to enact that a small town should immediately become a city, and, as such, be entitled to a constitutional city court.

It is respectfully suggested that the time has come to
call a halt in legislation tending in this direction, for it is surely the duty of the law-making power to conform not only to the letter, but to the spirit of the Constitution. In view of the vast burden of labor now being imposed upon the Supreme Court in requiring it to review the judgments of twenty-four superior and thirty-four city courts, this matter is worthy of your most serious consideration.

If any of the "city courts" already established are not, under the Constitution, courts whose judgments are directly reviewable by the Supreme Court, it is to be presumed that this tribunal will so adjudge whenever, in a given instance, the question is properly presented for decision. In such an event, parties litigant who, upon the faith that the General Assembly has not undertaken to exceed its constitutional powers, seek to avail themselves of a writ of error to the Supreme Court in order to secure their rights, will be remediiless and must unjustly suffer, simply because they had been misled by unfortunate legislation as to the remedies they should pursue in order to have the merits of their grievances passed upon by the Supreme Court.

In this connection it is deemed proper to call attention to the growing practice of carrying cases to the Supreme Court on pauper affidavits. Reference to this subject is not made with a view to depriving of their constitutional right to thus have their cases passed upon by the highest court in the State those who are really unable to pay costs, but for the purpose of recommending legislation which will effectually prevent abuses by those who can pay costs of the humane provision of our Constitution relating to this matter.
About one-third of all the bills of exceptions to the Supreme Court are now sued out *in forma pauperis*, and the executive has perfectly trustworthy information that in a very large number of cases the records plainly show that pauper affidavits were made by persons who could not have conscientiously sworn that they were unable from poverty to pay costs. Beyond a doubt, swearing has in this regard become reckless, and it is obvious that the evil is too common and wide-spread to be cured by occasional prosecutions for perjury.

The fund arising from the costs due in the Supreme Court belongs to the State, and the costs accruing in the lower courts are for the compensation of the officers thereof and witnesses. Surely no person able to bear the burden of litigation should be allowed by false swearing to cast the same upon the public, or upon officials and others who are in a large number of instances but poorly remunerated at best.

I, therefore, recommend the passage of an act which will, independently of instituting criminal proceedings, secure the utmost good faith in the making of pauper oaths. Such an act should be so framed as to fully protect those who are really poor, and at the same time prevent perjurers from litigating in the Supreme Court at the expense of the State, and in the trial courts at the expense of their fellow citizens.
If I am correctly informed, Georgia is the only State of the original thirteen which has taken no steps toward the preservation of its colonial and revolutionary records. Every one of the original States north of the Potomac has long since compiled and published its colonial and revolutionary documents and thus preserved its early history. Virginia, impoverished and battle-blasted, has found means to gather up and publish the records of her colonial and revolutionary days, and North Carolina has recently gotten out ten large and handsome volumes of her archives, thus preserving the history and the records of the achievements of her sons.

It is a reproach to Georgia that she has been a laggard in this patriotic work. There is nothing in her history from the landing of the Anne at Yamacraw bluff down to this day, of which her sons ought to be ashamed, but much of which they may be justly proud. During the last three years of the revolutionary struggle she suffered more and her patriotic sons and daughters made greater sacrifices for freedom and independence than did the people of any other State, and much of the evidence of this fact is to be found in the unpublished papers crumbling into decay in the archive rooms of her own capital. Her capital having been four times removed and once sacked by a hostile army, much of this material for the historian has been already lost and soon all of it will be gone unless some steps be taken to preserve it.
The same may be said of the records—what few are in existence—of that other period, no less important to our posterity, the war between the States. When an invading army occupied our capital in 1864 and pitched their tents on the State House square, its soldiers kindled the fires under their cooking pots with the priceless records of that eventful period; but some of them are still in existence here and others may be found in the storage rooms of the war office in Washington. These records, too, ought to be gathered up, printed and preserved. Georgia has, while foremost in every other good work, always been too indifferent as to her own history and the achievements of her sons. Recently, however, two organizations of the patriotic women of our State, the Daughters of the American Revolution and the Daughters of the Confederacy, have been diligent in their effort to rescue from oblivion the history and fading traditions of the revolution and of the war of secession. It will be a reproach to us and an irreparable loss to our posterity if we do not second them in this patriotic work.

I therefore earnestly recommend that the Governor be authorized to employ at an annual salary of not exceeding $2,000, some fit and proper person to compile and superintend the publication of all unpublished manuscripts, books and papers, yet available bearing on her colonial and revolutionary period and on her part in the war of secession, including all muster rolls of military organizations engaged in any of the wars in which Georgians have taken part, and that the same be printed by the State printer and paid for as other State printing.
NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

Under the provisions of the act of December 21, 1897, the Governor was authorized and empowered to offer for sale the Northeastern railroad which had become the property of the State by reason of its default in the payment of the interest on its bonds endorsed by the State.

It was provided in the said act that the minimum price at which the road should be sold should be $287,000, the amount of its liabilities paid by the State. Terms on which it might be sold were also prescribed in the act, but power was vested in the Governor to change these terms "if in his discretion the same may be done without injury to interests of the State."

In September, 1899, believing it to be to the best interest of the State to sell the road and believing that to be an opportune time to offer it for sale, I advertised in the manner prescribed by law for sealed bids for its purchase, to be opened at four o'clock p. m. on the 31st of October last. In the exercise of the discretion given me in the Act providing for the sale, I changed the terms of the sale so as to require a cash payment of a hundred thousand dollars instead of fifty thousand as provided in the act, and a second payment of a hundred thousand dollars in twelve months, and balance November 1st, 1914, two months before the bonds of the State issued to pay off the endorsed bonds of the company on which it defaulted, are due.

In response to my advertisements two bids were received, the one by A. H. Hodgson and associates, of $291,551, and the other by J. W. English, his associates and assigns,
of $307,000. The bid of Mr. English being the highest and best and being $20,000 more than the upset price named in the act, was accepted. Mr. English subsequently transferred his bid to the Southern Railway Company, which at once, in compliance with the terms of the sale, paid into the treasury one hundred thousand dollars in cash, and stands bound to the State to pay another hundred thousand dollars on the first day of November, 1900, and the balance of a hundred and seven thousand dollars on the first day of November, 1914, paying interest semi-annually at the rate of three and one-half per cent. per annum on both deferred payments.

The net earnings of the road under the excellent management of the State's agent, Mr. R. K. Reaves, from the beginning of the present administration to the date of the sale, a period of twelve months, were $12,109.28, all of which has been collected and paid into the treasury. There are in addition to this about $700 of uncollected bills due the road but they are, I fear, worthless and at best but little will be realized out of them.

It is a source of congratulation that the State has not only not lost anything on account of her endorsement of the bonds of this road, but has actually, by reason of this favorable sale, made a profit of twenty thousand dollars, exclusive of the $12,109.00 net earnings paid into the treasury.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

The experiences of the last two years have demonstrated the necessity for a State board of health, or at least a State health officer, to advise with local authorities in handling
contagious and infectious diseases. For the last two winters smallpox has prevailed largely in many of the counties of the State. Always when a suspicious disease has made its appearance in a community, the Governor has been called on to send an expert to diagnose the disease and aid local physicians in controlling it and preventing its spread. There being no State board of health nor State health officer, I have on three separate occasions called on the Surgeon-General of the United States Marine Hospital Service, who detailed an officer from his professional force to aid me. These gentlemen all did excellent service, but there were times when it was impossible to secure assistance from this source, rendering it impossible for me to respond to the calls of ordinaries and other local authorities. It is, moreover, not in keeping with the dignity of our State to call upon the general government to do for us that which we can do for ourselves.

I call the attention of the General Assembly to the matter, hoping it may receive at their hands that consideration which the importance of the subject demands.

CHILD LABOR AND BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.

In my last message to the General Assembly I called attention to the demand of our wage-earners throughout the State for a Bureau of Labor Statistics, and some wholesome legislation on the subject of child labor.

A Bureau of Statistics could be established in connection with the Department of Agriculture and under the supervision of the Commissioner, in which statistics, valuable not
only to our artisans and wage-earners but to the general public, could be compiled and published at a comparatively small cost. Our fellow-citizens who are interested in such statistics are entitled to this reasonable demand.

The subject of child labor is more difficult to handle. A law or regulation which would fit one case might not fit another. There are cases in which, in order to provide the means of support for the family, it seems necessary for the children in the family to work even at a tender age, but there are, on the other hand, many families the heads of which live in idleness, and sometimes in dissipation, and rely on the labor of the children for support. While these evils cannot be entirely eradicated from our labor system by legislation, laws may be enacted to minimize them, and it is as much our duty to make the effort as it is to legislate for the prevention of other crimes, for both these evils sometimes rise to the magnitude of crimes.

CONCLUSION.

Many subjects other than those I have mentioned will come up for your consideration, and it may become my duty to call your special attention to some of them as the session progresses. That you will consider all of them wisely and well and with an eye single to the best interest of all the people of our State, I feel well assured.

A. D. CANDLER.
CLEMENCY.

The following list contains the names of persons to whom Executive Clemency has been extended since my last annual message to the General Assembly, together with reasons for action in each case. All pardons and commutations herein granted were recommended by the Prison Commission:

Lydia Lavender—Convicted of larceny from the person, March term, 1899, of the City Criminal Court of Atlanta. Sentence, 12 months in jail. Seriously ill with rheumatism and other diseases. Pardon recommended by the Judge, Solicitor and Court officials. Granted October 13, 1899.


James Ward—Gaming. Convicted at the April term 1898 of the County Court of Walton county. Sentenced to pay a fine of $200 or 12 months in the chaingang. Was confined in jail for several months prior to his conviction and served out most of his sentence. Recommended by County Commissioners and other county officials.

Gus King—Assault and Battery. September term 1899 of the City Court of Griffin and sentenced to six months in the chaingang. Offense consisted of riding his bicycle against a child. Is represented to be a boy of frail constitution, with hereditary consumption. Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted Oct. 30, 1899.

John Vaughn—Burglary. February term 1892 of the Superior Court of Catoosa county and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. Recommended by the Judge, Solicitor, jury and many other good citizens of Catoosa county. Granted Nov. 8, 1899.

John Morel—Simple larceny. April term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Worth county. Sentenced to 2 years in the penitentiary.
Afflicted with a complication of diseases which rendered him a mental and physical wreck. The Judge who sentenced him appeared in person and urged clemency. Sentence commuted to fine of $100, including cost or 12 months on the chain gang. Granted Nov. 8th, 1899.

Albert Jones—Stealing a ride on a railroad train. Spring term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Taliaferro county. Sentenced to fine of $20, or 12 months on the chain gang. It appears from affidavits that the Judge in reducing the sentence to writing male it twelve months, when he intended to make it six months. Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted Nov. 18th, 1899.

Chas. S. Ivie—Abandoning his child. Spring term 1899 of the Superior Court of Jackson county. Sentenced to fine of $75, or 12 months on the chain gang. Was only technically guilty and had served out a portion of his term. The Judge, Solicitor and jury urged his pardon. Granted Nov. 18th, 1899.

Asbury Pucket—Simple larceny. Convicted at the January term 1899, of the Superior Court of Paulding county. Sentenced to pay cost of prosecution or 12 months on the chain gang. Defendant was only technically guilty and had nearly served out his sentence. Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted Nov. 24, 1899.

Boaz Langley—Manufacturing liquor illegally. Sept. term 1899 of the Superior Court of Clayton county. Sentenced to 12 months on the chain gang. Defendant was only an employe of the man that owned the distillery and was previously convicted in the Federal Court for the same offense, and served a term of three months in jail. Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor who tried him and many good citizens of Clayton county. Granted Nov. 24th, 1899.

Guy Owens—Fornication. June term 1899 of the City Court of Spalding county. Sentenced to 9 months on the chain gang. Defendant was only a boy 17 years old, and had served out seven months of his sentence. Recommended by the Judge, Solicitor and prosecutor. Granted Dec. 9, 1899.

Evans Walker—Attempting to wreck a railroad train. Fall term 1894 of the Superior Court of Hall county. Sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary. Was only 17 years of age when the crime was committed, and under the influence of older and more depraved men. Served about half of his sentence. Recommended by the Solicitor, some of the county officials and many good citizens. Granted Dec. 14, 1900.
J. D. Williams—Assault and battery. Sept. term 1897 of the Superior Court of Pike county and sentenced to a fine of fifty dollars, or 12 months on the chain-gang. The Judge who tried him states that since the trial facts have come to his knowledge leading him to believe the defendant not guilty, and recommends his pardon. Granted Dec. 14th, 1899.

Seymour Long—Voluntary manslaughter. April term 1898 of the Superior Court of Miller county and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He was not the principal, but only an accessory. In the difficulty he was shot through the left breast, and is now suffering with heart trouble. Recommended by the Judge and jury who tried him, the county officials and many good citizens of the county. Sentence commuted to two years in the penitentiary. Granted Dec. 15, 1899.

W. R. Futch—Embezzlement. Fall term 1898 of the Superior Court of Berrien county. Sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. Old and badly afflicted with rheumatism. Recommended by the Judge, county officials and many good citizens. Granted Dec. 15, 1899.

L. L. Sanders—Simple larceny. Spring term 1898 of the Superior Court of Walton county. Sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. He pleaded guilty and restored the stolen property. Has since lost one eye and broken down in health. Recommended by county officials, the grand jury and many good citizens. Granted Dec. 20, 1899.

G. R. Harris—Voluntary manslaughter. Spring term 1899 of the Superior Court of Colquit county. Sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Was only 16 years of age when the crime was committed, and was only aiding and abetting his father, who was the actual perpetrator of the crime. His father was convicted and sentenced to hang, but took his own life while in jail. Recommended by the Judge and jury and over five hundred citizens of Colquitt county. Granted December 31, 1899.

Jack Tyson—Murder. Convicted at the Spring term 1887 of the Superior Court of Terrell county and sentenced to life imprisonment. Has served 12 years of his sentence. Recommended by the Grand Jury that indicted him, the jury that tried him, and many good citizens of Terrel county. The Judge that sentenced him is dead and the Solicitor has moved from the State. Granted Dec. 22, 1899.
I. A. Hodges—Voluntary manslaughter. Convicted at the Nov.
term 1897 of the Superior Court of Lowndes county and sentenced
to five years in the penitentiary. For more than two years prior to
the killing deceased had circulated slanderous reports about defend­
ant’s wife, which was the real cause of the difficulty, but was not
admissible as evidence before the jury. Recommended by a major­
ity of the Grand Jury which indicted him, the jury that convicted
him, and several hundred of the best citizens of Lowndes county,
including county officials. Granted Dec. 20, 1899.

James F. Martin—Burglary. Spring term 1893 of the Superior
Court of Burke county and sentenced to 10 years in the penitenti­
ary. The Judge who sentenced him says that he has been suffi­
ciently punished and urges his pardon. All the Representatives
from Burke county, one of them a member of the jury that con­
victed him, urge this clemency. Granted Dec. 22, 1899.

John Little—Burglary. Convicted at the May term 1899 of the
Superior Court of Fulton county and sentenced to 12 months in the
penitentiary. Evidence entirely circumstantial and defendant had
already served seven months of his sentence. Granted Dec. 22,
1899.

Israel Thompson—Selling liquor without license and receiving
stolen goods. March term 1899 of the Superior Court of Clayton
county. Sentenced to 12 months in the chaingang in each case.
Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor who tried him; the
county officers and many good citizens of Clayton county. Granted
January 2, 1900.

Willis McIntosh—Unlawfully manufacturing and selling whiskey.
March term 1899 of the Superior Court of Clayton county. Sen­
tenced to 12 months in the chaingang in each case. Had served
out half of his sentence and pardon recommended by the Judge and
Solicitor; the county officials and many good citizens of Clayton

May Taylor—Selling whiskey without license. Nov. term 1899
of the County Court of Troup county, and sentenced to nine months
on the chaingang. Physician certified that he was suffering with
constitutional heart trouble and that further confinement would en­
danger his life. Recommended by the Judge, the Solicitor, the
trial jury and many good citizens. Granted commutation to fine of
Fannie Drinks—Murder. Convicted at the Spring term, 1893, of the Superior Court of Lowndes county and sentenced to life imprisonment. Evidence entirely circumstantial and the Judge who sentenced her strongly urges her pardon. Since confinement one of her arms has been amputated on account of specific blood poisoning. Granted Jan. 3, 1900.

Lee Watkins—Selling whiskey illegally; four cases. Sentenced to fine of $100, or 12 months in the chain gang in each case. Is a confirmed cripple and has already served more than three years of sentence. Recommended by county officials. Granted Jan. 9, 1900.

Joseph W Eaton—Voluntary manslaughter. Convicted at the Spring term, 1895, of the Superior Court of Cobb county and sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary. Deceased seems to have been the aggressor, and there is doubt as to any criminal intent on the part of the defendant. Previous good character. Granted January 10th, 1900.

Andrew T. Woodall—Selling whisky without license. Convicted at the March term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Banks county. Sentenced to 12 months in the chain gang. Good character shown before and since conviction, and served out most of his sentence. Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor who tried him, and many good citizens of Banks county. Granted January 23, 1900.

W S. Moore—Larceny. Spring term, 1897, of the Superior Court of Cherokee county, and sentenced to 12 years in the penitentiary. New evidence recently discovered shows alleviating circumstances. His pardon is recommended by a large number of citizens and the Judge and Solicitor who tried him. Granted January 20, 1900.

Mamie Pearce—Fornication. October term, 1899, of the City Court of Columbus, and sentenced to 6 months in jail. Served 5 months in jail, and shown to be badly diseased, and further confinement might endanger her life. Recommended by County Commissioners, the Judge and Solicitor and other officials. Granted January 20, 1900.

Hayes Bostick—Simple larceny. Convicted July term, 1899, of the County Court of Houston county and sentenced to 10 months in the chain gang. After serving 5 months of the sentence defendant became badly afflicted and was unable to work. Recommended by County Commissioners, the Judge, Solicitor and Sheriff. Granted January 20, 1900.
Tom Martin—Assault to murder. January term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Fulton county. Sentenced to 5 years in the penitentiary. Previous good character. Recommended by the Judge, the Solicitor and many good citizens. Granted January 26, 1900.

Henry Smith—Murder. Convicted at the Fall term, 1880, of the Superior Court of Clayton county and sentenced to life imprisonment. The defendant acted under considerable provocation, and the evidence tends to show that he was only guilty of voluntary manslaughter. Has already served out the extreme penalty for that offense. Recommended by the Judge, the acting Solicitor-General, eleven of the trial jury, the county officials and many good citizens. Granted February 2, 1900.

John Fuller—Assault. June term, 1899, of the City Court of Clarksville. Sentenced to 12 months on the chain gang. Defendant only technically guilty and has served eight months of his sentence. Recommended by the Prosecutor, the Judge, the Solicitor and many good citizens of Habersham County. Granted February 2, 1900.

Tony Singleton—Assault to murder. Convicted November term, 1894, of the Superior Court of Mitchell county, and sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. The Solicitor-General who prosecuted him, now a Judge of the Superior Court, strongly urges his pardon, stating that in his opinion it was only a case of unlawfully shooting at another, and he has already served out the extreme penalty for this offense. Recommended by the Judge, the trial jury and many good citizens. Granted February 2, 1900.

Tom Durton—Burglary. Spring term, 1896, of the Superior Court of Bibb county. Sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Defendant has recently developed a case of galloping consumption, and the camp physician states that he can only live a short time. Granted February 14, 1900.

Gabe Wimberly—Misdemeanor in two cases. Convicted in 1899 in County Court of Houston county and sentenced to $30 fine or eight months in one case, and $20 fine or four months in the other. When convicted he was unable to pay the fines and was sent to the chain gang. He now desires to pay the fines and be released. Recommended by the Judge and Solicitor, the county officials and many good citizens. Granted February 14, 1900.
Charlie Fortson—Burglary. Convicted at the Fall term, 1895, of the Superior Court of Harris county, and sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. Developed consumption since incarceration and has served out most of his term. Granted Feb. 16, 1900.

Tom Brown—Assault to murder. Fall term, 1896, of the Superior Court of Newton county. Sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. Developed a case of consumption since his incarceration and has served out all but about three months of his sentence. Granted Feb. 16, 1900.

Henry Clark—Larceny from the house, in two cases. Fall term, 1894, of the Superior Court of Sumter county and sentenced to eight and two years in the penitentiary, respectively. Since incarceration he has lost one arm and developed a case of consumption. Has served out about six years of his sentence. Granted Feb. 16, 1900.

J. H. Ryan—Simple larceny. July term, 1899, of the City Court of Valdosta, and sentenced to fine of forty dollars or twelve months on the chaingang. He found some money which he attempted to appropriate to his own use, but which was afterwards restored to the owner. He has already served eight months of sentence and his pardon is urged by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted March 6th, 1900.

W. J. Brown—Shooting at another. October term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Emanuel county, and sentenced to pay a fine of $100, or twelve months in the chaingang. Defendant acted under considerable provocation and served about half his term. Pardon recommended by the Judge and county officials and many good citizens. Granted March 16, 1900.

George W. Sims—Horse stealing. August term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Milton county, and sentenced to fine of $500, or twelve months on the chaingang. He is represented to be a man of very weak mind, and his pardon is urged by the Judge, Solicitor, grand jury and many good citizens. Granted March 16, 1900.

Will Webb—Forgery. Convicted September term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Newton county and sentenced to three months in the chaingang and $200 fine, and in default of payment of fine, nine months in the chaingang additional. Was in jail five months prior to conviction and has served six months of his sentence, making eleven months imprisonment. Money which he obtained by the
forgery has been refunded. Pardon recommended by the Prosecutor, the Judge and many law abiding-citizens. Granted March 15th, 1900.

Richard F. Ross—Murder. Convicted at the February term, 1895, of the Superior Court of Monroe county and sentenced to life imprisonment. While the evidence warranted the verdict, it is thought by many that a verdict for manslaughter would have been proper. Pardon recommended by the Judge, Solicitor-General, associate counsel for the State, the grand jury, traverse jury, every county officer of Monroe county, seventeen justices of the peace, the Representatives in the General Assembly, the Mayor and Council of Forsyth and eight members of the bar. Granted March 19th, 1900.

Charles McGhee—Riot. Convicted at the October term, 1899, of the Criminal Court of Atlanta and sentenced to 12 months in the chain gang. The county physician appeared in person and stated that defendant was in the last stages of consumption and could not possibly recover. Granted March 28th, 1900.

John Howell—Simple larceny. November term, 1899, of the County Court of Hancock; sentenced to twelve months in the chain gang. Was convicted of stealing a log chain, and the prosecutor now comes forward and says his chain has been found and defendant did not steal it, and asks that he be pardoned. Pardon also urged by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted April 19th, 1900.

Green Castleberry—Simple larceny. Convicted at the October term, 1893, of the Superior Court of Crawford county, and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. Since incarceration he has developed a case of heart disease. Pardon recommended by the Judge and many good citizens of Crawford county. Granted April 19th, 1900.

R. A. Griffies—Illegal sale of whisky. Convicted January term, 1900, of the Superior Court of Hall county, and sentenced to three months in jail. Pardon urged by the Judge and Solicitor and many of the county officers of Hall county on account of his old age and feeble condition. Granted April 19th, 1900.

Sandy Morrison, Jr.—Illegal sale of whiskey. Convicted at the May term, 1899, of the City Court of Elberton, in two cases, and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 or twelve months in each case. Previous good character, and this seems to have been his first and only offense. Pardon urged by all the white land owners in the commu-
nity where crime committed, and by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted May 1, 1900.

Joe Ebberhart—Using obscene language in the presence of a female, and using opprobrious words to another. Convicted at the January term, 1900, of the Superior Court of Hall county, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs or three months in the chain-gang, and a fine of $40 and costs or eight months in the chain-gang, respectively. Was previously convicted and punished in the municipal court of Elberton for the same offenses, and has served three months in the chain-gang. Since incarceration in the chain-gang he has received a severe accident, which may permanently injure him. Granted May 2d, 1900.

Patrick Kearney—Murder. Convicted at the February term, 1897, of the Superior Court of Chatham county, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Defendant claimed that killing was accidental, which seems to be sustained by the weight of evidence. Previous good character. Granted May 5, 1900.

James Mordecai—Burglary. Convicted at the Spring term 1900 of the Superior Court of Chatham county and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Defendant only 14 years of age, and arrangements for him to be sent to a reformatory in New York were made, where he was to be kept for a term of five years. Granted May 25, 1900.

James T. Curtis—Illegal sale of whiskey. Convicted at the March term 1900 of the City Court of Washington and sentenced to six months in the chain-gang. The Judge who sentenced him urges his pardon stating that he was satisfied defendant was under the influence and control of an elder brother when the crime was committed. Granted May 25, 1900.

John Murphy—Burglary. Convicted at the April term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Warren county and sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. Defendant, who was only fourteen years of age, entered a dwelling house with two other boys older than himself, and all he took from the house was an old hat. The Judge, Solicitor and prosecutor urge his pardon. Granted May 30, 1900.

Frye Turner—Robbery. Convicted at the Spring term, 1896, of the Superior Court of Floyd county and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He was convicted on the uncorroborated evidence
of one witness, who was afterwards shown to be a thief, being then engaged in systematically robbing his employer. Granted May 30, 1900.

Cynthia Roper—Fornication. January term, 1900, of the County Court of Baldwin county and sentenced to 12 months on the chain-gang. After serving about four months in the chain-gang, it was learned that she was in an advanced state of pregnancy. Pardon recommended by the Judge who sentenced her, the County Commissioners and other county officials. Granted May 30, 1900.

R. O. Shinn—Subornation of perjury. Convicted at the Spring term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Fulton county, and sentenced to the penitentiary for 18 months. Camp physician in charge and another competent physician certify that since his incarceration his health has become greatly impaired—being afflicted with an incurable disease, and that longer confinement will cause his death in a short period of time. Granted June 5, 1900.

W. S. Moore—Illegal sale of whiskey. Spring term, 1894, of the Superior Court of Cobb county, and sentenced to 12 months. After serving 7 months of the sentence he escaped, and was afterwards convicted of a felony and sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary. On January 20, 1900, he was pardoned of the felony, and subsequently arrested to serve out the balance of the chain-gang offense. It is shown that since his escape he has been a law-abiding, useful citizen, and his pardon is recommended by the Judge, Solicitor and many good citizens. Granted June 6, 1900.

Ben H. Williams—Voluntary manslaughter. Convicted at the April term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Charlton county and sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary. It is thought that a verdict of not guilty would have been authorized by the evidence. Previous good character. Strong petitions from both Wayne and Charlton counties in his behalf. Sentence commuted to 5 years in the penitentiary. Granted June 21, 1900.

Lige Young—Arson. Convicted at the February term, 1884, of the Superior Court of Walker county and sentenced to life imprisonment. His offense consisted in setting fire to the jail for the purpose of making his escape; and under the recent ruling of the Supreme Court this does not constitute the offense of arson. He has already served more than 20 years, counting his time for good behavior. Granted June 25, 1900.
Warren Witcher—Arson. Convicted February term, 1894, of the
Superior Court of Glasscock county and sentenced to 20 years in
the penitentiary. Evidence entirely circumstantial. Pardon re­
commended by the Judge, Solicitor, the Grand Jury and several
hundred citizens. Granted June 25, 1900.

George Taylor—Assault to murder. Convicted at the April term,
1897, of the Superior Court of Richmond county and sentenced to
four years in the penitentiary. Defendant was but 19 years of age
when the crime was committed. Counting the time he served in
jail before trial and commutation for good behavior, his term of 4
years will expire during the present month. Recommended by
county officials, city officials and many good citizens. Previous good
character. Granted June 25, 1900.

Frank Foutz—Larceny from the house. Convicted at the October
term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Gilmer county, and sentenced
to two years in the penitentiary. Property stolen was restored to
the owner. Has served all but one month of his term and pardon
urged by the Judge, Solicitor, the Prosecutor and many citizens.
Granted July 6, 1900.

George Singleton—Burglary. Convicted at the fall term, 1878, of
the Superior Court of Chatham county, in two cases, and sentenced
to 13 and 17 years in the penitentiary, respectively. Has served 23
years of his sentence and has made an exemplary convict. Granted
July 6, 1900.

Y. C. Wilburn—Opprobrious words. April term, 1900, of the
county Court of Walton county. Sentenced to pay a fine of $1.00­
and costs, or three months in the chaingang. Defendant prior and
subsequent to trial was in jail nearly four months. Physician cer­
tifies that his health is so bad he cannot be placed in the chaingang
without danger. Granted July 18, 1900.

Ed Harris—Arson. Convicted at the Spring term, 1900, of the
Superior Court of Hall county and sentenced to life imprisonment.
Considerable doubt of his guilt, as the principal was acquit­ted on
practically the same evidence. Pardon urged by the Judge, the
Solicitor and many good citizens of Hall county. Granted July 21,
1900.

John T. Davidson—Burglary. April term, 1898, of the Superior
Court of Ware county; sentence to five years in the penitentiary.
Was only 16 years of age when the crime was committed, and was
under the control and influence of a much older person. Recommended by many good citizens, including the Judge who tried him. Granted August 10, 1900.

Gus Watson—Stealing a ride on a railroad train. May term, 1900, of the City Court of Rome and sentenced to pay a fine of $25 or three months in the chaingang. Previous good character and served two-thirds of his sentence. He was out of money and work and attempting to beat his way to a point where he could get work. Recommended by the Judge before whom he was convicted. Granted August 10, 1900.

Jack Blackshear—Involuntary manslaughter. Fall term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Laurens county; sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Previous good character and exemplary conduct since conviction. A verdict of not guilty would have been authorized by the evidence, as considerable provocation was shown. Granted August 10, 1900.

Phil Johnson—Arson. Convicted at the Spring term, 1890, of the Superior Court of Sumter county and sentenced to 15 years in the penitentiary. Was convicted entirely on circumstantial evidence, one of the strongest links of which has been destroyed by newly discovered evidence. Pardon urged by the Judge, Solicitor, the jurors and many good citizens. Granted August 10, 1900.

James Andrew Hall—Horse stealing. Convicted at the Spring term, 1872, of the Superior Court of Muscogee county and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. After serving nine years of his sentence he escaped and remained out of prison nineteen years. Since his escape he has married and now has a wife and child, and has lived an upright life. He was recaptured in January, 1900. Granted August 10th, 1900.

Henry D. Twitty—Forgery. Convicted at the Spring term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Chatham county and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. It appears that the forgery was committed in the conduct of his employer's business, and that he received no benefit from the forgery. He has already served two years. Previous good character. Many hundred of the best citizens and business men who have known him for years recommend his pardon. Granted August 10th, 1900.

U. L. Nelms—Assault and battery. Convicted at the October term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Whitfield county and sentenced
to twelve months in the chaingang. He is represented to be old and feeble, with a family in destitute circumstances dependent upon him. Pardon urged by the Judge, Solicitor and many citizens. Granted August 10th, 1900.

Harvey Merritt—Larceny. Convicted at the January term, 1900 of the City Criminal Court of Atlanta and sentenced to twelve months on the chaingang. Served seven months of his sentence and pardon strongly urged by the Judge who sentenced him. Granted August 2, 1900.

Dennis Harris—False swearing. August term, 1897, of the Superior Court of DeKalb county and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. Served more than three years of his sentence. Pardon urged by the Judge, Solicitor and many good citizens, including county officials. Granted Sept. 7th, 1900.

John B. Sykes—Perjury. Convicted at the April term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Tatnall county, and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. Convicted on the evidence of only one witness with slight corroborating circumstances, and that witness is now under indictment for sheep stealing. Previous good character. Pardon urged by many of the best citizens, including county officials, nine members of the trial jury and thirteen members of the grand jury. Granted Sept. 8, 1900.

James Gibbs—Murder. Convicted at the September term, 1896, of the Superior Court of Morgan county, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Defendant was a man of good character, while the deceased is represented to have been a man of bad and violent character. Defendant was attacked, and retreated more than two hundred yards before the fatal shot was fired, and acted under great provocation, which apparently relieved him of any malice. Pardon recommended by the jury, the Judge and Solicitor, and many good citizens of Morgan county. Granted Sept. 8, 1900.

Ed Nesbit—Selling whiskey illegally. Convicted at the February term, 1900, of the Superior Court of Green county, and sentenced to eleven months in the chaingang. Served six months and health very much impaired. Pardon recommended by the Judge and Solicitor, and other officials and citizens of Green county. Granted Sept. 12th, 1900.
COMMUTATIONS.

Chester Scott—Murder. Convicted in the Superior Court of Floyd county at the March term, 1892, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Defendant and one Will Morrow were concealed in a house together, and an effort was made by the sheriff and his posse to arrest Will Morrow. While Scott was escaping by way of the front door, the killing was done by Morrow, who was making his escape through the back door. Scott had no hand in the killing. Recommended by the foreman and eight grand jurors, by several of the trial jury, by several of the sheriff's posse, by members of the legislature from Floyd and Gordon counties, and by many prominent citizens. Sentence commuted to twenty years. Granted Oct. 20, 1899.

Clarence McElroy—Murder. Convicted at the May term, 1891, of the Superior Court of Muscogee county, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Evidence entirely circumstantial, and there is considerable doubt of his guilt. His conduct has been unusually exemplary since his imprisonment, and commutation is strongly urged by every official who has come in contact with him, many of the best citizens and officials of Muscogee county, including the Judge who sentenced him. Commutation to twelve years. Granted Nov. 2d, 1899.

James Owens—Illegal sale of whiskey. Convicted at the April term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Rockdale county, and sentenced to nine months on the chaingang. As Rockdale has no chaingang he was kept in jail three months before he was placed on the chaingang in Fulton county, and as this was no fault of his, it should be considered a part of his sentence. Commuted to six months in the chaingang. Granted Nov. 18th, 1899.

Susie Wilcox—Larceny from the person. Convicted at the Fall term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Glynn county, and sentenced to a fine of $150 or twelve months on the chaingang, or six months in jail. Served four months on the chaingang, and her health becoming impaired, she was placed in jail, where she has served two months. Badly diseased. Commuted to present service, Nov. 18th, 1899.

Andrew Park—Murder. Convicted at the Fall term, 1899, of the
Superior Court of Madison county, and sentenced to death. Since his conviction newly discovered evidence has been submitted to the trial jury and they recommend that his sentence be commuted to life imprisonment. He is shown to have been a man of good character, and facts have developed since the trial which tend to discredit the State's witnesses. Commutation to life imprisonment granted Nov. 18th, 1899.

Bob and Laura Mitchell—Murder. Convicted at the Fall term, 1886, of the Superior Court of Calhoun county, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Evidence entirely circumstantial. Defendants were only 14 and 15 years of age, respectively, when the crime was committed. Recommended by the joint committee of pardons from the General Assembly of 1896, by the grand jury of Calhoun county, the Solicitor-General and many good citizens. Commutation of sentences to 20 years. Granted Nov. 18, 1899.

E. W. Hayes—Simple larceny. Convicted at the July term, 1899, of the City Court of Waycross, and sentenced to 12 months in the chain gang. Another was under suspicion and about to be arrested for the crime, when the defendant came forward and admitted the crime, plead guilty in the Court and restored the stolen money. Was only 19 years of age and of previous good character. Commutation to present service and fine of $100. granted Nov. 24, 1899.

John McElroy—Murder. Convicted at the Fall term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Thomas county, and sentenced to death. Witnesses have been procured since the trial who testify that deceased had threatened defendant's life, and other mitigating circumstances connected with the crime. Recommended by the Judge, the prosecutor, the trial jury and the county officials. Sentence commuted to life imprisonment Dec. 19th, 1899.

W. T. Channell—Murder. Convicted at the April term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Montgomery county and sentenced to death. Defendant killed deceased on account of improper relations with his wife, which he had strong reasons to believe existed. Was a man of previous good character. Commutation to life imprisonment granted January 3d, 1900.

Sam Freeman—Murder. Convicted at the Fall term, 1899, of the Superior court of Screven county and sentenced to death. Defendant claimed that the killing was accidental, and the Judge who tried him appeared in person and stated that there appeared to be no motive for the killing, and urged that his sentence be
A large number of the best citizens, including county officials of Screven county, recommended a commutation of his sentence. Sentence commuted to life imprisonment, Jan. 3, 1900.

Sam Rexinger—Gaming in two cases. Spring term 1899 of the Superior Court of Clarke county and sentenced to fines aggregating $540.00, or 12 months in the chaingang in each case. Defendant is an old man, sixty-five years of age and unable to do hard manual labor. Sentence commuted to fine of $100.00 or further service of five months in the chaingang. Granted January 8, 1900.

John May—Murder. Convicted at the .... term, 1893, of the Superior Court of Telfair county and sentenced to life imprisonment. Evidence very conflicting and there is doubt of his guilt. Recommended by the Judge, ten members of the jury, a large number of good citizens. Sentence commuted to ten years in the penitentiary, Jan. 20, 1900.

Ralph Canfield—Murder. Convicted at the May term, 1881, of the Superior Court of Richmond county and sentenced to life imprisonment. Killing seems to have been done through fear and not in a spirit of revenge. Recommended by the Judge, Solicitor, a portion of the grand and trial juries, county officials and many citizens. Sentence commuted to 19 years actual service, Jan. 20, 1900.

Garfield Brown—Receiving stolen goods. Fall term, 1899, of the County Court of Troup county. Sentenced to 12 month in the chaingang. Other defendants implicated in the same crime were allowed to pay fines, Recommended by the Judge, Solicitor, Solicitor-General, the prosecutor and many good citizens. Commuted to a fine of $50. Feb. 2, 1900.

Tom Atkins—Adultery and fornication. September term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Cherokee county, and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 in one case and $50 in the other. Defendant asked to be released from custody upon the payment of a fine of $100, which is recommended by the Solicitor who prosecuted him. Commutation granted Feb. 8, 1900.

N. T. Barwick—Illegal sale of whisky in three cases. Convicted at the April term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Emanuel county and sentenced to 8 months in the chaingang in each, in default of a fine of $500—aggregating 24 months, or $1,500. Has already served one term of 8 months and nearly half of another term. Is sixty years of age and unable to do manual labor. Commutation
of sentence to fine of $500 recommended by the Judge and Solicitor and many good citizens. Granted Feb. 9th, 1900.

John Lewis Johnson—Simple larceny. November term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Meriwether county and sentenced to 12 months on the chaining. Before the trial he was confined in the county jail 103 days; the property stolen was worth less than $10, and the evidence circumstantial. Recommended by the Judge, the Prosecutor, county officers and many good citizens. Commuted to fine of $25 March 6, 1900.

Fred Perry—Murder. Convicted November term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Wilkes county and sentenced to death. Was jointly indicted with one Will Taylor for killing a convict guard. They were tried separately. The jury trying Taylor recommended him to life imprisonment, and the jury trying Perry made no recommendation and he was sentenced to death. At the trial Taylor swore that he did the killing, and that Perry had nothing to do with it. Evidence weak and circumstantial. Commutation to life imprisonment recommended by many prominent citizens of Wilkes county. Granted March 7, 1900.

Chas. H Eckels—Assault to murder. Convicted at the September term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Newton county and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. The evidence was entirely circumstantial, and defendant was only a boy when the crime was committed. The jury in rendering their verdict recommended that he be punished as for a misdemeanor, which recommendation was ignored by the Judge. The Pardon Board recommended that the sentence be commuted to fine of $1,000, which was granted March 20th, 1900.

Victor Smith—Trespass. Convicted December term, 1898, of the City Court of Valdosta and sentenced to pay a fine of $35 or twelve months on the chaining. Defendant was a minor, and at the command of his father went upon the enclosed lands of another, who claimed a legal right to the control of the premises. Having served about three weeks in the chaining, he now desires to pay his fine. Granted April 13, 1900.

S. B. Callaway—Perjury. Convicted at the October term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Fulton county and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. Evidence circumstantial and barely sufficient. Defendant was a man of previous good character, while the prosecutor was of bad character. Commutation of sentence to six months recommended by the Judge and Solicitor. Granted April 13th, 1900.
Richard Knuckles—Assault and battery. January term, 1900, of the Superior Court of Fulton county and sentenced to twelve months in the chaingang. Has already served about three months of his sentence, and the Judge who tried him recommends that his sentence be commuted to fine of $25.00. Granted May 1, 1900.

Jim Johnson—Assault and battery. Convicted at the February term, 1900, of the Superior Court of DeKalb county and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 or twelve months in the chaingang. He has already served about three months in the chaingang, and the Judge and Solicitor recommend a commutation to fine of fifty dollars. Granted May 1, 1900.

Dock Barron—Voluntary manslaughter. Convicted at the November term, 1894, of the Superior Court of Macon county and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. The killing was done under considerable provocation as the deceased was preparing to get a weapon with the evident purpose of attacking the defendant. He has already served about six years, and this commutation is recommended by the Judge, Solicitor, the jury that tried him, and many good citizens. Commutation to six years actual service. Granted July 9, 1900.

J. C. Curles, Parrish Bryant and W. J. Alderman—Assault and battery. Convicted at the Spring term, 1900, of the Superior Court of Colquitt county, and sentenced to fines of $200 or twelve months in the chaingang, each. They were charged with beating a Chinaman. Only the guilt of Curles was thoroughly established. All the county officers, the Judge who tried him, and many good citizens, recommend clemency. The sentence of J. C. Curles commuted to fine of $75 or twelve months and the others to fines of $37.50 or twelve months, each. Granted August 10, 1900.

Bajeen Carver—Voluntary manslaughter. Convicted at the Fall term, 1897, of the Superior Court of Coffee county and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. Evidence was very conflicting and newly discovered evidence makes it a very doubtful case. The Judge who sentenced him writes that he may have given him too long a term in consideration of his youth, and recommends that the sentence be commuted to five years. Granted August 10, 1900.

Henry Chandler—Illegal sale of whiskey. Convicted at the February term, 1900, of the County Court of Hancock county, and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs or ten months in the chaingang. A reputable physician certifies that he is afflicted with
heart disease and that further confinement may result fatally. Recommended by the Judge, Solicitor and many good citizens. Commuted to fine of $20 and costs Sept. 7, 1900.

Elizabeth Puckett—Receiving stolen goods. Convicted at the February term, 1900, of the Superior Court of Paulding county, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. She was tried with two others, for the same offense, and they were sentenced to twelve months on the chaingang, and it is thought that her sentence should be made the same. The Judge and Solicitor recommend commutation to one year. Granted Sept. 8th, 1900.
RESPITES.


Wesley Tiller, Jr.—Murder. Superior Court of Hart county, March term, 1899; sentenced to death. Represented that there are circumstances requiring investigation by the Pardon Board. Respited until Dec. 16, 1899. Granted Dec. 7, 1899.

Sherman Rivers—Murder. Superior Court of Emanuel county, October term, 1899. Sentenced to death. Respited until Jan. 5, 1900, in order to give the Pardon Board ample time in which to investigate the case. Granted Dec. 13, 1899.


Homer Crawford—Murder. Superior Court of Pulaski county, Feb. term, 1900. Sentenced to death. Respited until April 20, 1900, in order to give the Pardon Board ample time to investigate the case. Granted March 29, 1900.

James L. Baker—Murder. Fulton Superior Court, Spring term, 1900. Sentenced to death. Respited until Sept. 21, 1900, in order that the question of his sanity may be determined. Granted Aug. 20, 1900. Second respite granted Sept. 18, until Oct. 26, 1900, in order that the Supreme Court may have sufficient time to pass on the case.
REMOVAL OF DISABILITIES.

Will Franklin, John Sanders and Ben Hammet and Henry Baker—Convicted at the March term, 1898, of the County Court of Pike county of the offense of simple larceny, and sentenced to $20 or four months on the chain gang each. Offense consisted of stealing watermelons. They were minors at the time. Suffered penalty. Officials of Spalding county, where they now live, certify to their good character. Granted Oct. 17th, 1899.

W. E. Saunders, Jr.—Convicted at the Spring term, 1897, of the Superior Court of Fulton county of the crime of larceny from the house, and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. His original sentence was commuted by Governor Atkinson to one year, which term he served out. Was a minor when the crime was committed, and many of the best citizens of Kirkwood, where he now lives, certify to his present good character. Granted Nov. 10th, 1899.

Jack Mann—Convicted at the Spring term, 1879, of the Superior Court of Lee county of simple larceny. Sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. After serving out his sentence he returned to Lee county, where he has since lived for nearly twenty years, and has established for himself a good character. Granted Nov. 18th, 1899.

Lou Pearce—Convicted at the August term, 1894, of the Superior Court of Walton county of simple larceny, and sentenced to pay a fine. Many of the officers of Walton county represent that since the conviction defendant has lived an honest, upright life, and request this clemency. Granted Dec. 14th, 1899.

Frank W. Toombs—Convicted in 1884 in the Superior Court of Mitchell county of simple larceny, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Served out his sentence. His present good character is vouched for by the county officers and many good citizens of Mitchell county, who request this clemency. Granted Jan. 6th, 1900.

Elijah Williams—Convicted in 1884 in the Superior Court of Mitchell county of the crime of larceny after trust and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Served out his sentence. Clemency urged by the county officers and many good citizens. Granted January 9, 1900.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1900.

Prince Lee—Convicted at the — term, 1895, of the Superior Court of Mitchell county of the crime of simple larceny, and sentenced to a fine of $35 or six months on the chaingang. Served his sentence and has since been a good citizen. Clemency granted March 20, 1900.

W. A. Graham—Convicted at the November term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Decatur county of embezzlement and sentenced to a fine of $50, including cost. The Judge who sentenced him urges this clemency, stating that he was only technically guilty, and that he has since repaid the money that was lost. Granted April 19, 1900.

Gilbert D. Greer—Convicted at the October term, 1884, of the Superior Court of Jasper county of assault to murder and sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary. Served out his term and has since been a good citizen, as is testified to by many of the best citizens of Jasper county. Granted May 4, 1900.

J. W. Ford—Convicted at the Fall term, 1884, of the Superior Court of Bibb county of extortion and sentenced to pay a fine. Was only technically guilty. Previous good character, and his present good character is vouched for by many citizens. Granted May 30, 1900.

Aaron Crosby—Convicted at the November term, 1893, of the Superior Court of Mitchell county of simple larceny and sentenced to one year on the chaingang, or fine of $100. He paid the fine, and has since been a good, law-abiding citizen, which is testified to by many good citizens. Granted July 6, 1900.

J. R. Goodwin—Convicted at the Spring term, 1884, of the Superior Court of Clay county of the larceny after trust and sentenced to 2 years in the penitentiary. Served out his sentence and has since been a good citizen, as vouched for by many good citizens. Granted Aug. 10, 1900.

W. F. Brookshire—Convicted at the September term, 1893, of the Superior Court of Cherokee county of the crime of simple larceny, in two cases, and sentenced to six months on the chaingang in each case. Served out his sentence and is now represented by the Solicitor, who prosecuted him, to be living an honest, law-abiding life. Granted Aug. 10, 1900.
Judge Brown—Simple larceny March term, 1896, of the County Court of Oconee county. Sentenced to fine of $10 or six months on the chaingang. Served out his sentence, and has since been a good citizen. Granted August 10, 1900.

Pink Langley and Tom Elliott—Spring term, 1896, of the Superior Court of Gilmer county of simple larceny and sentenced to twelve months on the chaingang. It is shown that since serving out their terms they have lived honest, law-abiding lives and are worthy of the clemency asked for. Granted Sept. 6, 1900.

Robert Clemmons—Simple larceny. Convicted in Walton county in the year 1885, of simple larceny. Executive clemency asked by the county officials and one of the Representatives, who testify to his good character. Granted Sept. 14th, 1900.

N. O. Harrington—Shooting another. September term, 1898, of the Superior Court of Gwinnett county and sentenced as for a misdemeanor. A small fine was imposed, which he promptly paid. Many good citizens of Gwinnett county, including county officials, recommend removal of his disabilities. Granted Sept. 26th, 1900.

Upon motion of Mr. Boynton, one hundred copies of Governor’s message was ordered printed for the use of the Senate.

The hour of 11 o’clock having arrived, the Senate repaired to the hall of the House of Representatives to open the returns and declare the result for the election of Governor and other State officials.

The President took the chair and called the General Assembly to order.

It was moved and seconded that the presiding officer appoint Tellers to open, count and declare the result in the late election for Governor, one from the Senate and two from the House.

The motion prevailed and the President appointed on
the part of the Senate Senator Allen and on the part of
the House, Messrs. Bower and Copeland.

Upon opening, counting and consolidating the vote it
appeared that Hon. Allen D. Candler had received 90,445
votes for Governor, and Hon. Jno. H. Traylor had re-
ceived 23,235 votes. The Hon. Allen D. Candler, having
received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly
elected Governor for the ensuing two years.

The business for which the General Assembly had con-
vened in joint session having been completed, the same
was dissolved by motion of Senator Allen; whereupon, the
Senate returned to its chamber and was called to order by
the President.

Senator Stone was granted leave of absence until Mon-
day on account of important business.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Senate
adjourned until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

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SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Friday, October 26, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment, at 10 o'clock;
was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members an-
swered to their names:
The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. Bell—

A resolution to appoint a standing committee on Public Expenditure.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

The following bill was read the first time:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to provide for and permit the registration of voters in this State for all elections which may occur in the year next succeeding the one in which they may register.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Herndon—

A bill to change the time of holding the fall term of Whitfield superior court.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hardaway—

A bill to amend section 94 of volume 3 of the Code, which prescribes punishment for rape.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Dennard—

A bill to amend the Constitution, so as to provide for the appointment of judges and solicitors by the Governor.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Jarnagin—

A bill to create a Text-Book Commission in this State.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Upon motion, the joint resolution of the House, inviting Senator Bacon to address the General Assembly, was concurred in.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following joint resolution of the Senate, to wit:
A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of two from the Senate and three from the House to arrange for the inauguration of the Governor.

The Speaker has appointed the following committee on the part of the House, to wit:

Messrs. King of Fulton, Davis of Meriwether, O'Connell of Richmond.

The House has also adopted the following joint resolution of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution inviting Hon. A. O. Bacon to address the General Assembly in joint session on November 2, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon, and for other purposes.

Mr. Allen, chairman of the committee on part of the Senate to arrange for the inaugural ceremonies of the Governor, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The joint committee, two from the Senate and three from the House, appointed to confer with his Excellency, the Governor, relative to the inaugural ceremonies, beg leave to report that they have discharged their duties, and that it is the pleasure of his Excellency, as well as of this committee, that the inaugural ceremonies take place in the hall of the House of Representatives at 12 o'clock Saturday, October 27, 1900, in the presence of the joint assembly of the General Assembly.

The members of the Supreme Court and all others of
the State House official are specially invited, and the public at large are cordially invited to attend these ceremonies.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN T. ALLEN,
R. H. HARDAway.

The report was adopted.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Chappell—

Resolved, That when the Senate adjourns to-day it will meet again at 11 o'clock to-morrow.

Privileges of the floor were extended to Hon. Clifford H. Strong, of New York, during his stay in the city.

The invitation of the Valdosta Fair Association was accepted.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Baker—

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate or messenger furnish the senators with a copy of the Rules.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. Boynton—

A resolution providing for a recess of the General Assembly from November 3d to November 6th.

Referred to Messrs. Boynton, Berrong, Sullivan, Carter and Chappell, as a Special Committee.
The following resolution was read and adopted.

By Mr. Tatum—

A resolution requesting the President of the Senate to appoint the Committee on Rules at the earliest practical moment.

The following bill was read first time:

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 4786 of the Civil Code relating to partition proceedings.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Senator Yopp was granted leave of absence until Wednesday on important business.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned.

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Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,
Saturday, October 27, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:
Allen,       Grantland,       Norman,  
Alexander, Greer,         Smiley,  
Baker,       Hardaway,       Smith,  
Bell,        Harrell,        Spinks, 
Berrong,     Hayes,          Stewart, 
Boynton,     Herndon,        Sullivan, 
Bush,        Holder,         Swift,  
Cann,        Hopps,          Tatum,  
Carter,      Jarnigan,       Upchurch, 
Chappell,    Johnson,        Walker,  
Daniel,      Lyndon,         Wilcox, 
Dennard,     McAfee,         Williams, 
Ellis,       Newton,         Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Cobb,        Stone,          Yopp.  
Hamrick,     

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following communication was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Warren, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following Joint Resolution of the House in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:
A resolution that Thursday, November 1, be not counted as a legislative day, and for other purposes.

At 11 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

The following joint House resolution was read:

By Mr. Mitchell—

Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, that the General Assembly adjourn on October 31 at 1 o'clock until November 2 at 1 o'clock, so that the General Assembly may visit the Valdosta Fair, and that the day lost shall not be counted in the fifty days of the session.

The following amendment was adopted: amend by granting leave of absence to all members who wish to visit the fair, and that the day lost be counted as a legislative day.

Mr Herndon moved to non-concur in the resolution as amended, which motion was last.

Mr Baker moved to table the resolution, which motion was lost.

The resolution was concurred in as amended.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Ford, Spinks and Tatum for Monday on account of business.

The invitation of the Atlanta Journal to the Senate to attend the election returns for President was accepted.

Also the invitation of the Waycross Fair Association to visit Waycross was accepted for Thursday, November 8.
The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Bell—

A resolution requesting the State Librarian to furnish the senators with a copy of the Code of 1895.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived for the two Houses to meet in joint session for the purpose of inaugurating the Governor, the Senate in a body repaired to the hall of the House of Representatives.

The President of the Senate took the chair and called the body to order.

The Secretary of the Senate, by direction of the President read the joint resolution under authority of which the two houses had convened.

The presence of the Governor at the door of the Representative Hall was announced by the doorkeeper, who was instructed to admit him and his attendants.

The Governor, Hon. Allen D. Candler, was conducted to the Speaker's desk and introduced by Hon. Clark Howell President of the Senate.

The Governor then proceeded to deliver his Inaugural Address, at the close of which he signified his readiness to take the oath of office, the same being administered by Chief Justice Simmons.

The inaugural ceremonies being over the joint session was dissolved upon motion of Senator Bell.
The Senate then returned to its chamber and was called to order by the President.

Upon motion, the Senate will meet at 12 o'clock m. on Monday next when it adjourns to-day.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Monday, October 29, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 12 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen,
Alexander,
Baker,
Bell,
Berrong,
Boynton,
Bush,
Cann,
Carter,
Chappell,
Daniel,
Dennard,
Ellis,
Ford,

Grantland,
Greer,
Hamrick,
Hardaway,
Harrell,
Hayes,
Herndon,
Holder,
Hopps,
Jarnigan,
Johnon,
Lyndon,
McAfee,
Newton,

Norman,
Smiley,
Smith,
Spinks,
Stewart,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swift,
Tatum,
Upchurch,
Walker,
Wilcox,
Williams,
Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Cobb,
Yopp.
The Journal of Saturday was read and approved.

Mr. Herndon moved that the action of the Senate on the resolution to adjourn and visit the Valdosta State Fair be reconsidered, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Herndon moved to amend the resolution, as follows: Provided, that such absentees shall not receive any per diem for that day. The amendment was lost.

Upon motion the resolution was concurred in as amended and ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following communication was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through Mr. Warren, his Secretary, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing, with an accompanying document.

The following is the Governor’s message concerning the union depot at Atlanta:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit to your honorable bodies copies of the report of a commission, appointed by authority of an act approved on the 20th of December, 1898, to consent in behalf of the State to the erection of a new Union Passenger Station on the State’s property in the city of Atlanta.

When this act was passed, two propositions looking to the erection of a union station on the State’s property were
under discussion. The one, that the several railroads entering the city unite and build with the consent of the State, on the State’s land; and the other that the State build her own depot and rent or lease to the railroads. After much discussion and several meetings of the executive officers of the railroads and the State Railroad Commission, and of the same executive officers and this special committee, the first suggestion was abandoned, as the railroads were unwilling to build at their own expense on the State’s land, unless they could get a long lease. The State’s representatives were unwilling to yield control of her terminals for a period longer than the unexpired lease of her road—about twenty years. Hence but one plan is possible, to wit: for the State to improve and control her own terminal.

It will be seen that this commission unanimously recommend that the General Assembly assent to the proposition agreed to by all the railroads now entering the union station for the erection of a new union passenger station. This proposition is in brief that if the State will erect a new station on its own land on which the present structure now stands, the present lessees of the State’s railroad of which this station is the terminal, will lease this new structure for a period of years, to terminate on the day on which its present lease of the Western & Atlantic Railroad terminates, and will pay to the State in addition to the $35,001.00 per month which it now pays as rental for the Western & Atlantic Railroad, six per cent. per annum on the actual cost of the proposed new structure, or about $30,000 per annum, if, as is contemplated, the new structure costs $500,000.00.

I fully concur with the commission in its conclusions and recommendation for the following reasons:

First: It is a sound business proposition. An investment
which yields steadily six per cent, per annum commends itself to the judgment of any good business man. Especially is this true if by making the new investment the productive value of another much larger investment already made is greatly increased and fixed, as in this case. The State now owns a railroad worth not less than eight millions of dollars. Its terminal in Atlanta is the most valuable in a great railroad center. If properly improved, while very valuable now, it would be much more valuable and would add greatly to the renting value of the State’s railroad, and make it, by reason of its location, the key to the railroad situation in Atlanta.

Secondly: It is necessary to the preservation of the renting value of the Western & Atlantic Railroad. All the passenger trains now entering the city come into and go out from the State road’s passenger station, and pay a good rental for the privilege, but the present old structure is entirely inadequate to the demands on it, and has been condemned by the railroads, by the traveling public and by the State Railroad Commission, as insufficient and dangerous. Another larger and better structure must be erected quickly, or the State must necessarily lose the valuable tenants she now has. Should this happen, and happen it must unless we provide adequate accommodation for them, the value of the State road instead of being enhanced and fixed would be greatly depreciated.

For these two business reasons, leaving out of the question the safety and convenience of the traveling public, it seems to me that the State’s interest and duty are too clear for discussion. If the proposition involved the imposition of an extraordinary tax to carry it out, I should oppose it as earnestly as I now favor it, preferring to take the risk of losing the tenants to increasing taxes upon the people. But it does not. There are several ways in which the
necessary structure can be erected on the State's own
ground, already paid for, without the collection out of the
people of a dollar for the purpose. I will suggest only one.

There will be in the treasury on the first day of November, $432,750.00 derived from the sale of public property,
some of it from the sale of Western & Atlantic Railroad
property not wanted by the present lessees when they took
the road. This money cannot, under the Constitution, be
applied premanently to any purpose other than the pay­
ment of the bonded debt. No bonds of the State except
those provided for by the sinking fund, will be due­
till 1915. Hence this money must lie idle in the				
treasury for fourteen years, or be loaned to the depository banks as it now is, at a nominal interest of two
per cent. per annum, while the State's railroad property
depreciates in value for want of improvement. This
money now idle, $432,750.00, supplemented by the one­
half rental of the Western & Atlantic Railroad for four
months, will pay for the union passenger station which will
meet all the demands upon it for a generation. The month­
ly rental paid to the State for it, over and above the rental
now paid by the lessees of the Western & Atlantic Rail­
road, will begin to come in at the end of the first month
after the completion of the structure, and will continue to
come in every month at the rate of thirty thousand dollars
a year, and every dollar of its cost will be repaid into the
treasury from this source before the first bond is due, in
1915. Thus in 1915 the State will have on her present	
terminal grounds a splendid structure, worth a half mil­
lion of dollars, the value of her railroad will be greatly en­
hanced, and every dollar advanced in payment for the depot
will be back in the treasury.

I therefore advise that the General Assembly create a
commission similar to that which built the State Capitol,
clothed with similar powers and liabilities, for the pur­
pose of building a passenger station on the site of the present structure in the city of Atlanta, to cost not more than five hundred thousand dollars; that each member of this commission, as was the case with the members of the Capitol Commission, be required to give a bond of ten thousand dollars, and that instead of lending the money now in the treasury derived from the sale of public property to the banks at a nominal rate of interest, it be lent to this commission for the purpose of erecting the depot. If it is constitutional to lend the State's money to the depository banks, the creatures, not of the Constitution, but of the statute law, it is constitutional to lend it to a commission created by statute for the purpose of protecting and improving the State's own property, when said commission is hedged about by all the safe guards that environ the depository banks.

A. D. CANDLER.

REPORT.

To the General Assembly of Georgia:

The General Assembly, by an act approved December 20, 1898 (see Georgia Laws 1898, page 77), provided for the appointment of commissioners to consent in behalf of the State to the erection of a new union passenger station on the State's property in the city of Atlanta, said commission to consist of the Attorney-General and the Special Attorney for the Western & Atlantic Railroad, together with two members from the House, to be appointed by the Speaker, and one from the Senate to be appointed by the President thereof. It was provided that the Governor of the State should be a member of this commission, as will
appear from the engrossed copy of the act on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

By authority contained in the first section of this act, the Hon. W. S. West was appointed from the Senate, the Hon. Morris Brandon and the Hon. Bryon B. Bower from the House, to constitute this commission, together with the Governor, the Attorney-General and the Special Attorney for the Western & Atlantic Railroad.

The commission had numerous meetings and conferences during the year 1899, the results of which will be found set forth in their report to the General Assembly, submitted December 2, 1899.

To the commissioners thus appointed was committed the serious and important task of solving the Depot Problem on the State terminal property in the city of Atlanta. The act imposes three express limitations upon the powers of the commission.

1st. That it should not consent to the erection of a station on property other than that belonging to the State, excepting certain modifications.

2d. That the commission should not consent to the abandonment of the site at present occupied by the union passenger depot in the city of Atlanta.

3d. "The commission shall in no way disturb any of the terms of the present contract of lease between the State of Georgia and the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad; but the commission shall be authorized, with the consent of the lessee company, to bind the State by an agreement looking to an extension of the lease in so far as concerns the terminal property to be occupied by the passenger station and its appurtenances for such a time and upon such terms as may meet with the unanimous approval of the commission; provided, that no agreement shall be made which would deprive the State of the right and privi-
lege of having or obtaining absolute control of this terminal at the expiration of the present lease."

The commission deems it unnecessary to elaborately discuss the complicated situation which exists in the city of Atlanta with reference to the depot facilities of the several railroads centering in said city, but will refer to the report of the Hon. E. T. Brown, Special Attorney for the Western & Atlantic Railroad, for the year 1899, for this specific information.

The present union passenger station in the city of Atlanta is built exclusively upon the property belonging to the State. This station was built in the year 1871, and, at that time, was fully adequate to all of the demands which could be made upon it. The station proper, was erected by the State, the Atlanta & West Point Railroad, the Georgia Railroad, and the Macon & Western Railroad, predecessor in right and title to the Central of Georgia, and the said railroads and the State road used the passenger station in common, and in addition to these roads, it is likewise used now as a union passenger station by the Southern Railway Company and by the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. The city of Atlanta has more than doubled in size since the present station was erected, and fully three times as many passenger trains run into said station at the present time as were necessary at the time said station was erected.

It will be remembered that the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway Company is the present lessee of the State road, and said lessee company, by virtue of the lease, has present possession of, and control over, the terminal property in Atlanta, including said passenger station, along with every other part and parcel of the State road.

Two of the companies, the Southern and the Seaboard Air Line, now using the passenger station, do so by contract
with the lessee company, and it will be readily understood that this tends directly to enhance the value of the State's terminal property.

These greatly increased demands on the station have resulted in much crowding and inconvenience to all the companies, and it can only be a question of a short time when natural conditions must bring about one of two things—either an enlargement of the present passenger station or some of the companies must withdraw and build depots for themselves elsewhere. This, of course, would greatly reduce the value of the State's terminal property.

As has been said, the present station is erected exclusively on property belonging to the State. The title to the property is clear and undisputed, and it is sufficient in extent, in the opinion of competent engineers, for the erection of a new station which will be adequate for the accommodation of all passenger trains entering and departing from the city of Atlanta. In addition to the property whereon the present station is erected, the State owns a strip one hundred feet in width westwardly from said station, and also a small triangular strip lying just south of the right of way of the State's road, and extending from Pryor street through to Whitehall, to all of which the State has a clear title, and which could be utilized for depot purposes if necessary.

Soon after the adjournment of the last legislature, the commission took up anew the work entrusted to it, and early in the present year began to take steps looking to the erection of a new station, either by the State or the railroads, upon the present site.

We deem it of the greatest importance to the State that the present site be not abandoned, and with this always in view, we have sought to devise some plan which would preserve the terminal facilities of the State's railroad property, and which would at the same time, be satisfactory to
the railroad companies, so as to continue the present station as a union passenger station.

We have had a number of interviews and conferences with the executive officers of the several railroads, and all of these interviews and conferences have culminated in the following proposition:

PROPOSITION OF RAILROADS.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 11, 1900.

The undersigned representatives of the railroad companies now using the present union station at Atlanta, submit the following answer to this question:

QUESTION.

"If the State builds, at its own expense, a new union passenger station on the site of the present union station in the city of Atlanta, will the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad receive the same under the existing lease, and what per centum of interest upon the cost thereof will it pay as rental, it being understood that no taxes are to be imposed upon the improvement?"

ANSWER.

"If the State of Georgia will agree on or before January 1, next, to build and complete within the calendar year 1901, a suitable station at Atlanta, on substantially the site of the present union station, which will be adequate for the accommodation of the passenger traffic of the city of Atlanta during the next twenty years, upon plans and specifications to be agreed upon between the properly constituted representatives of the State on the one hand, and the various railroad companies which would use such station as hereinafter provided on the other hand, and lease the same to the present lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad upon the terms hereinafter stated, then the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad will accept such lease."

"The condition of such a lease from the State of Georgia
to the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad to be substantially as follows:

**RENT.**

"(a) The rental to be a rate equivalent to five per centum per annum upon the actual cost to the State of Georgia of the new buildings and improvements as certified to such lessee. This proposed rental is based upon the theory that the State of Georgia should obtain a return of 4 per centum upon its investment for the use of the capital therein employed, and one per centum additional to cover the ordinary and reasonably to be expected depreciation of the property during the term. If the plans for the said proposed station shall require the acquisition by purchase or by lease by the State of Georgia, then it is understood that the rental to be paid to the State shall be increased by the amount of interest, upon a 4 per cent. basis, upon the cost, or the rental value of such additional property.

**TERM.**

"(b) The term of this lease shall be for a period to begin with the completion of such new passenger station and the delivery thereof under the lease, and to expire on the date of the expiration of the present lease of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, interest on cost during construction to be equitably adjusted. The lessee will covenant in the lease that on the date such of expiration, it will return to the State the said new station in the same condition as it was when received from the State, ordinary wear and tear excepted.

"In the event that such a lease is executed, then the subscribers hereto agree that the railroad companies other than the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, shall use and occupy such new passenger station and its facilities jointly with the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad during the whole term of the lease so to be executed, so as
to make the said new station, so far as the use thereof is concerned, in effort a union passenger station, at and from which all passenger trains of the subscribers hereto shall arrive and depart.

"The terms of such agreement, so far as compensation is concerned, shall be that each railroad company using the said union passenger station shall pay to the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad as rent for the use of the said station and its facilities, a sum, in monthly installments, representing that proportion of the entire rental, paid by the lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad to the State of Georgia for the said union station, and that part of the land now covered by the lease of the Western & Atlantic Railroad which will be used in the construction and operation of the new union passenger station, as the number of cars in the passenger trains of such company running in and out of said station shall bear to the entire number of cars in all passenger trains running in and out of said station during the period for which any installment of such rent may be due.

"Such agreement shall furthermore contain such reasonable rules and regulations, governing the terms and manner of the joint use of such property, as are customarily contained in similar agreements."

**Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Ry. Co.**

By J. W Thomas, President.

**Southern Railway Company,**

By Samuel Spencer, President.

**Central of Georgia Railway Company,**

By John M. Egan, President.

**Lesse of Georgia Railroad Company,**

By Thomas K. Scott, Gen'l Mgr.

**Atlanta & West Point Railway Company,**

By George C. Smith, President.
REPLY OF COMMISSION.

"We will receive the foregoing proposition and agree to present it to the General Assembly at its next session, and recommend its acceptance by the State, provided the roads will agree to pay six per cent. instead of five per cent.

"The terms of this agreement not to become operative until the city of Atlanta and the railroad authorities have begun the erection of a viaduct across Whitehall street-crossing.

ALLEN D. CANDLER, Chairman,
J. M. TERRELL,
E. T. BROWN,
W S. WEST,
BRYON B. BOWER,
MORRIS BRANDON.

ANSWER OF RAILROADS.

"Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 17th, 1900.

Hon. Allen D. Candler, Governor State of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga.:

Sir—Referring to proposition submitted to you on Oct. 11, by the railroads with reference to the union passenger station, Atlanta, beg leave to say that the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway, as lessee of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, will agree, as you request, to pay six per cent rental upon the actual cost of the building, the rental on any property that may be acquired by purchase or lease, not now owned by the State of Georgia, to remain at four per cent.

Yours respectfully,

J W THOMAS, President."
"Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 20, 1900.

To His Excellency, Hon. Allen D. Candler, Governor of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga.:

Dear Sir—I am authorized to say that the Southern Railway Company will cooperate with the other roads entering the union passenger station at Atlanta, and accede to your proposition to pay six per cent. on the actual cost of said proposed station, as provided by the proposition of October 28th, 1899, and as extended on October 10th, 1900.

A copy of said proposition, as extended, and amended, is hereto attached.

Yours truly,

HAMILTON McWHORTER,
Advisory Counsel.

"Central of Georgia Railway Company.

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 15, 1900.

Regarding Atlanta Union Depot.

Hon. Allen D. Candler, Governor of the State of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga.:

Sir—The Central of Georgia Railway Company will agree to the terms proposed by you, namely, an increase from five to six per cent. rental, based on the actual cost of the building erected on the State's property, the same to be apportioned among the different railway lines using the depot, in accordance with the cars they handle; in other words, the agreement as contained in the first part of the proposal which was submitted to your Excellency
in November, 1899, with the addition that the time be extended during the calendar year 1901, and the rate be changed from five per cent. to read six per cent.

Yours respectfully,

JOHN M. EGAN, President."

Georgia Railroad.
Atlanta, Ga., October 18, 1900.

Hon. Allen D. Candler, Governor State of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir—I duly received your letter of October 12, submitting proposition of the State Railroad Commission for the constructing of union passenger station on the State's property in Atlanta, and beg to advise that the Georgia Railroad is willing to bear its proportion of the rental of said new structure at the rate of six (6%) per cent. per annum on the value thereof.

Respectfully,
THOS. K. SCOTT, General Manager.

"Atlanta & West Point Railroad.
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 19, 1900.

Hon. Allen D. Candler, Governor State of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga:

Sir—The Atlanta & West Point R. R. Co., hereby confirms the proposition concerning the use of a union passenger station in Atlanta, if erected by the State upon the State's property, submitted by the representatives of Atlanta terminal lines on October 11th, 1900, as amended by the representatives of the State on same date, said amendment being that the rental to be paid by the roads upon the actual cost of the union depot building so erected shall
be six per cent. per annum instead of five per cent, the
term for construction having been extended during the
calendar year 1901.

Yours respectfully,
GEO. C. SMITH, President."

This commission is unanimously of the opinion that the
foregoing proposition of the railroads should be accepted
by the State, and that an act should be passed at this ses­sion of the General Assembly carrying the same into effect.

We make this recommendation for the following reasons:

1st. It is essential to the proper preservation of the
Western & Atlantic Railroad that the State should con­tinue to own and control the terminal facilities in the city
of Atlanta. This terminal property is now of large value
and is increasing in value every year, owing to the rapid
and continued growth of the passenger business of the rail­roads now using the property. The State now receives as
rental from the lessees of the Western & Atlantic Railroad
$35,001.00 per month. If the State should erect a new
passenger station, costing $500,000.00, it would receive
six per cent. per annum on this amount, or $30,000.00 per
year, in addition to the present rental.

2d. The present depot building has become for the rea­sons briefly outlined above, utterly inadequate to accommo­date the various railroads entering it. We will add further,
that this question has been determined by the Railroad
Commission, which is the only tribunal under the law,
clothed with authority to compel railroads to erect suitable
depot facilities. After thorough investigation of this
question, the Railroad Commission determined that the
facilities furnished by the present station are inadequate
to meet the present demands of all the railroads centering
in Atlanta, and ordered several of said railroads to erect
separate stations—having no authority to compel the erection of a union station on land owned by the State. In view of the great damage which this commission thought would result to the Western & Atlantic Railroad property should this order be enforced, the Railroad Commission suspended the same upon the request of this commission, pending negotiations looking to the erection of a union station upon the State’s property.

3d. If a new and adequate station is not erected upon the site of the present union passenger station, it will be but a short time before some of the railroads will abandon the present site, and erect stations of their own elsewhere. Should any one or more of the said roads withdraw and erect a station, the State will immediately be deprived of a good and permanent subtenant, and the value of the property will be proportionately diminished.

4th. Because by the terms of this agreement the lease of the depot building will expire cotemporaneously with the present lease of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, and a contract providing for a lease of the ground to be occupied by the station for a longer period than the existence of the present lease, would be exceedingly detrimental to the interests of the State’s property.

Respectfully submitted,

ALLEN D. CANDLER, Chairman,
J. M. TERRELL,
E. T. BROWN,
W. S. WEST,
BYRON B. BOWER,
MORRIS BRANDON.

At 12:30 o’clock the Senate went into executive session.

Privileges of the floor were extended Dr. Geo. C. Erwin during his stay in the city.
Leaves of absence were granted Senators Smiley, Hardaway and Cobb on account of business.

The following joint resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Allen—

A resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of seven from the Senate and ten from the House to take into consideration the suggestion of the Governor in reference to a new depot in Atlanta.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

——

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Tuesday, October 30, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Greer, Norman,
Alexander, Hamrick, Smith,
Baker, Hardaway, Spinks,
Bell, Harrell, Stewart,
Berrong, Hayes, Stone,
Boynton, Herndon, Sullivan,
Bush, Holder, Swift,
Cann, Hopps, Tatum,
Carter, Jarnigan, Upchurch,
Chappell, Johnson, Walker,
Daniel, Lyndon, Wilcox,
Dennard, McAfee, Yopp,
Ellis, Newton, Mr. President,
Grantland,
Those absent were Messrs.——

Cobb, Smiley, Williams.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee to confer with the Brumby Memorial Association as to what steps should be taken by the State towards aiding in the erection of a monument to the late Thomas M. Brumby.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following resolution of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that the General Assembly meet in joint session at 7:30 p.m., on November 19th, for the purpose of listening to an address from Mrs. Belle Kearney.

The following joint resolution was read:
By Mr. Cann—

A resolution accepting the invitation to attend the Street Fair at Columbus on Saturday, November 3, 1900.

The resolution was adopted.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Ellis—

A resolution appointing a committee of three from the Senate and four from the House to investigate certain charges made in report of Adjutant-General Byrd.

The committee on part of the Senate are Senators Henderson, Upchurch and Alexander.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the Special Committee of the Senate to consider the feasibility of taking a recess for members to return home to vote, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Special Committee have had under consideration the joint resolution providing for a recess of the General Assembly, which they instruct me to report back with recommendation that the author be allowed to withdraw the same.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

The following bills were read first time:
By Mr. Baker—

A bill to authorize and require the teaching in the public and common schools of the State of an elementary textbook on toxicology and hygiene.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to prescribe the manner of collecting and paying out, when applied to the payment of insolvent costs, of all fines imposed by the courts of this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to prescribe the time within which the sentence of death shall be executed upon conviction for the crime of rape.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to repeal the general law of this State requiring the voters to register to entitle them to vote.

Referred to the Committee on Privileges and Election.

Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 8 of the Constitution of this State.
By Mr. Berrong—

A bill to relieve from public road duty all persons who are afflicted with hernia of the bowels.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution.

Referred to the Constitutional Amendment Committee

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to alter and amend an act to authorize the county authorities of this State to condemn land for the purpose of macadamizing public roads.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to provide for the holding of a Constitutional Convention in the State.

Referred to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

By Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend section 827 of the Code of 1895.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
By Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend section 3786 of the Civil Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following message was received from the House, through Mr. Boileuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has refused to concur in Senate amendment to the following joint resolution of the House, and respectfully requests the Senate to recede from said amendment, to wit:

A resolution that Thursday, November 1, 1900, be not counted as a legislative day, and for other purposes.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. Chappell—

A resolution for the relief of the Georgia Relief Association.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By unanimous consent the following Senate resolution was withdrawn by the author:

By Mr. Boynton—

A resolution providing for a recess of the General Assembly to return home and vote.
The following House resolutions were concurred in:

By Mr. Hardwick—

A resolution convening the General Assembly in joint session on the evening of November 19th for the purpose of listening to an address by Mrs. Belle Kearney.

By Mr. Wight—

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a joint committee to confer with the Brumby Memorial Association for certain purposes.

The following House resolution was taken up with Senate amendment. The House refuses to concur in the Senate amendment, and asks that the Senate recede from its amendment.

By Mr. Mitchell—

A resolution to visit the Valdosta Fair, and that the day lost shall not be counted as a legislative day.

The Senate receded from its amendment, and the resolution was adopted.

Upon motion, the resolution accepting the invitation of the Columbus Fair was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock a. m.; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Greer, Smith,
Alexander, Hamrick, Spinks,
Baker, Hardaway, Stewart,
Bell, Harrell, Stone,
Berrong, Hayes, Sullivan,
Boynton, Herndon, Swift,
Bush, Holder, Tatum,
Cann, Hopps, Upchurch,
Carter, Jarnigan, Walker,
Chappell, Johnson, Wilcox,
Daniel, Lyndon, Williams,
Dennard, McAfee, Yopp,
Ellis, Newton, Mr. President.
Grantland, Norman.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Cobb, Ford, Smiley.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following joint resolution of the Senate, as amended by the House, to wit:
A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee from the House and Senate to take into consideration the message of the Governor relative to the terminal property of the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

The following Senate resolution was taken up with House substitute:

By Mr. Allen—

A resolution to appoint standing committees of the Senate and House to take under consideration that portion of the Governor's message relative to the building of a new Union depot in Atlanta.

The House substitute was concurred in, and is as follows:

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that the respective presiding officers of said bodies shall be, and they are, authorized and directed to appoint standing committees from said respective bodies, to which shall be referred all matters pertaining to the W & A. R. R. property; said committees shall have authority to sit separately or jointly and hear evidence, with the right and power to subpoena witnesses and administer oaths and require the production of papers, and they shall report in writing.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to require that all legal advertisements of the several counties of the State be published in the gazette in which the sheriff advertises.
Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 2, section 3 of article 6, and paragraph 1, section 11 of article 6 of the Constitution.

Referred to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution providing for the adjournment of the House from Saturday, November 3d, until Tuesday at 9 o’clock p.m.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following joint resolution of the Senate, as amended by the House, to wit:

A resolution accepting the invitation to attend the Street Fair at Columbus, and that Saturday, November 3d, be considered as a non-legislative day, and for other purposes.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:
Mr. President:

The House has passed the following resolution and asks concurrence of the Senate in the same, to wit:

A resolution inviting ex-Governor Hoard, of Wisconsin, to address the General Assembly on Wednesday night next at 8 o'clock, and for other purposes.

The following Senate resolution was read with House amendment:

By Mr. Cann—

A resolution accepting the invitation of the Columbus Fair.

The amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding at the end of the resolution, that Saturday, November 3d, be not counted in the fifty days of the regular session.

The House amendments were concurred in.

The following House resolution was read:

By Mr. Rawls—

A resolution providing that when the General Assembly adjourns this week that it stand adjourned until Tuesday night, November 7th, at 9 o'clock, to return home and vote.

The resolution was not concurred in.

The following Senate bill was read first time:
By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to amend section 115 of volume 1 of the Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House resolution was concurred in as amended:

By Mr. Park—

A resolution inviting ex-Governor Hoard, of Wisconsin, to address the General Assembly at 8 o'clock p.m., November 7th, 1900.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Newton, Walker, Norman, Upchurch, Swift, Alexander, Bush and Wilcox for Friday.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Smith—

A resolution directing the Secretary of the Senate to have published the Rules of the Senate for the members, with the list of senators, known as the Manual.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until Friday morning at 10 o'clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o’clock a. m., was called to order by the President and opened with prayer by the chaplain.

On motion the roll-call was dispensed with.

The Journal of Wednesday’s session was read and approved.

An invitation from Emory College to attend the oratorical contest at the Grand Opera House to-night was read.

The roll was called for the introduction of new matter.

The following bill was introduced, read the first time, and referred to the General Judiciary Committee, to wit:

By Mr. Herndon—

A bill to repeal an act amending sections 1778 and 1781 of the Code of Georgia of 1895.

The following bill was introduced, read the first time, and referred to the Committee on Special Judiciary, to wit:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. Boynton, Berrong, Stewart, Greer, Dennard and Cann.

An invitation from Representative Slaton to the Senate
to attend a barbecue on Wednesday next, after the adjournment of both houses, was accepted.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

*Mr. President:*

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that when both houses convene in joint session on Wednesday noon next, November 7th, to vote for U. S. senator, Senator A. O. Bacon be invited to address the General Assembly at that time.

The House resolution just received was, on motion, taken up, read, and concurred in, to wit:

A resolution inviting Hon. A. O. Bacon to address the General Assembly in joint session on Wednesday next.

The Senate then adjourned till 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, November 5, 1900.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

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<th>Baker</th>
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Those absent were Messrs.—

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The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution
of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that thanks of the General Assembly be extended to the President and officers of the Valdosta State Fair Association and others for courtesies extended.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has refused to concur in the following joint resolution of the Senate, to wit:

A resolution to appoint a committee to investigate certain charges made in report of Acting Keeper of Buildings and Grounds.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

The following House joint resolution was read and concurred in:

By Mr. Bower—

Resolved, That the thanks of the General Assembly
be extended to the President and others of the Val-
dosta Fair Association.

The following Senate bills were read the first time, to wit

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to require deposits of insurance and other companies to be registered.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Herndon—

A bill to alter and amend section 3621 of the Code of 1895 relative to the attestation of deeds in this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also by Mr. McAfee.

A bill to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers, and widows of Confederate soldiers, when the same are now residents of the State.

Referred to the Pensions Committee.

At 10:20 the Senate went into executive session.

Senators Lyndon, Herndon, Stone and Stewart were granted leave of absence until Wednesday. Also Senator Williams.

Senator Harrell was granted leave of absence for today; also Senator Alexander for Monday and Tuesday.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o’clock.
The Senate met, pursuant to adjournment, at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Grantland, Smith,
Baker, Greer, Spinks,
Bell, Hamrick, Stewart,
Berrong, Hardaway, Stone,
Boynton, Harrell, Sullivan,
Bush, Hayes, Swift,
Cann, Holder, Tatum,
Carter, Jarnagin, Upchurch,
Chappell, Johnson, Walker,
Cobb, Lyndon, Wilcox,
Daniel, McAfee, Williams,
Dennard, Newton, Yopp,
Ellis, Norman, Mr. President,
Ford, Smiley,

Those absent were Messrs.—

Alexander, Herndon, Hopps.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following is the appointment of Standing Committees of the Senate:
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

AGRICULTURE.

Newton, Chairman.

Stewart, Hopps,
Baker, Hayes,
Bush, Johnson,
Carter, Smiley,
Daniel, Smith,
Dennard, Walker,
Ford, Williams,
Hardaway, Yopp.
Berrong, Swift.

AUDITING.

Tatum, Chairman.

Berrong, Newton,
Cobb, Norman.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Grantland, Chairman.

Stone, Holder,
Allen, Johnson,
Boynton, McAfee,
Bush, Spinks,
Cann, Stewart,
Chappell, Sullivan,
Dennard, Upchurch,
Ellis, Williams,
Hayes,
ACADEMY FOR THE BLIND.

WILLIAMS, Chairman.

Alexander, Bush, Carter, Greer, Harrell, Jarnagin, Johnson, Wilcox, Yopp.

BANKS.

SWIFT, Chairman.

Lyndon, Bell, Daniel, Grantland, Hayes, Smiley, Stewart, Upchurch, Wilcox.

CORPORATIONS.

HERNDON, Chairman.

Norman, Allen, Chappell, Ellis, Hamrick, Holder, Johnson, Upchurch, Wilcox.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

BELL, Chairman.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

ENGROSSING.

YOPP, Chairman.

Cobb,

Greer.

ENROLLMENT.

COBB, Chairman.

Lyndon,

Walker,

Smiley,

Wiﬂcox.

EDUCATION AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

SPINKS, Chairman.

Sullivan,

Hamrick,

Allen,

Hayes,

Bell,

Herndon,

Bush,

Holder,

Cann,

Jarnagin,

Cobb,

Johnson,

Chappell,

Smith,

Ellis,

Stone,

Ford,

Upchurch.

Hardaway,

FINANCE.

CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Herndon,

Jarnagin,

Alexander,

Johnson,

Boynton,

Smiley,

Cann,

Smith,

Cobb,

Stone,

Daniel,

Sullivan,

Ellis,

Swift,

Grantland,

Tatum,

Hayes,

Upchurch,

Hardaway,

Walker.

Hamrick,
SCHOOL FOR DEAF AND DUMB.

Baker, Chairman.

Berrong, Bush, Carter, Greer,

Harrell, Jarnagin, Tatum.

GEORGIA SANATORIUM.

Allen, Chairman.

McAfee, Alexander, Bush, Baker, Berrong, Dennard, Ford, Grantland, Greer, Harrell,


HYGIENE AND SANITATION.

Jarnagin, Chairman.

Allen, Dennard, Ellis,

Hamrick, Smith, Upchurch.

PUBLIC ROADS AND INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Johnson, Chairman.

Daniel, Hopps,

McAfee, Newton.
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

ON JOURNAL.

ALEXANDER, Chairman.
Berrong, Cobb, Smiley, Wilcox.

GENERAL JUDICIARY

BOYNTON, Chairman.

Ellis, Allen, Alexander, Bell, Cann, Chappell,
Hamrick, Harrell, Herndon, Spinks, Stone, Sullivan.

SPECIAL JUDICIARY.

STONE, Chairman.

Hamrick, Herndon, Cann
Spinks, Sullivan, Upchurch.

MANUFACTURES.

BUSH, Chairman.

Baker, Bell, Carter,
Cobb, Hardaway, McAfee.

MILITARY

HAYES, Chairman.

Cann, Carter, Grantland,
Holder, Swift.
MINES AND MINING.

McAfee, Chairman.

Berrong, Newton,  
Holder, Tatum.

IMMIGRATION AND LABOR.

Sullivan, Chairman.

Cann, Newton,  
Harrell, Norman,  
Herndon, Smith,  
Jarnagin, Spinks,  
Johnson, Swift,  
Lyndon, Upchurch.

PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.

Harrell, Chairman.

Hamrick, Tatum.

PENITENTIARY.

Hamrick, Chairman.

Bush, McAfee,  
Baker, Norman,  
Berrong, Sullivan,  
Carter, Stewart,  
Cobb, Spinks,  
Dennard, Swift,  
Ford, Tatum,  
Grantland, Walker,  
Greer, Williams,  
Jarnagin, Yopp,  
Hopps, Holder.
Tuesday, November 6, 1900.

PENSIONS.

Smith, Chairman.

Ellis, Swift.
Grantland, Bell,
Hardaway, Upchurch.
Stewart,

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Dennard, Chairman.

Harrell, Spinks.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR.

Lyndon, Chairman.

Ford, Walker.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Berrong Chairman.

Hayes, Norman.

PUBLIC PROPERTY, HALLS AND COMMITTEE ROOMS.

Upchurch, Chairman.

Dennard, Ford.

PETITIONS.

Wilcox, Chairman.

Greer, Yopp.
RULES.

THE PRESIDENT.

Boynton, Chappell,
Cann, Ellis.

RAILROADS.

CANN, Chairman.

Holder, Hayes,
Allen, Hopps,
Bell, Johnson,
Boyton, Newton,
Chappell, Norman,
Daniel, Upchurch,
Ellis, Walker.

STATE OF THE REPUBLIC.

HARDAWAY, Chairman.

Harrell, Lyndon,
Hopps, Smiley.
Jarnagin, 

TEMPERANCE.

HOLDER, Chairman.

Tatum, Jarnagin,
Alexander, Lyndon,
Bell, Newton,
Cann, Stone,
Daniel, Swift,
Ellis, Wilcox,
Hayes, Yopp.
Hardaway, Johnson.
Hopps,
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

ALLEN, Chairman.

Upchurch, Herndon,
Boynton, Holder,
Chappell, Norman,
Dennard, Stone,
Grantland, Walker,
Hardaway,

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Boynton—

A bill to provide for filing with clerk of superior court copies of letters patent for all patent rights.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also by Mr. Allen, by request—

A bill to amend an act to provide for the appointment of a special Board of Visitors to the State University.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also by Mr. Baker—

A bill to revise the pension laws in the State of Georgia.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

Also by Mr. Bell—

A bill to alter and amend paragraph 2 of section 2
of Article 7 of the Constitution, so as to exempt certain property from taxation.

Referred to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

The following resolution was read the first time:

By Mr. Allen—

A resolution providing for the improvement of the lawn around the Georgia Normal and Industrial College.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also by Mr. Smith—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to appoint Colonel Wm. G. Obear, Inspector-General of Georgia, to the rank of Brigadier-General.

Referred to the Military Affairs Committee.

Also by Mr. Smith—

A joint resolution to amend article 6 of the Constitution of the State by adding a new section, to be styled section 28.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

At 10:40 o’clock the Senate went into executive session.

This being the regular day for the election of United
Tuesday, November 6, 1900

States senator, the President announced that nominations for that office were now in order.

Whereupon Senator Bell placed in nomination Hon. A. O. Bacon of the county of Bibb, and was seconded by several.

There being no other nominations, the call of the roll was ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

| Allen,        | Hamrick, | Norman, |
| Baker,        | Hardaway,| Smiley, |
| Bell,         | Harrell, | Smith,  |
| Boynton,      | Hayes,   | Sullivan,|
| Carter,       | Holder,  | Swift,  |
| Chappell,     | Jarnagin,| Tatum,  |
| Cobb,         | Johnson, | Upchurch,|
| Daniel,       | Lyndon,  | Wilcox, |
| Ford,         | McAfee,  | Yopp,   |
| Grantland,    | Newton,  | Mr. President. |

Those not voting were Messrs.—

| Alexander,    | Ellis,   | Stewart, |
| Berrong,      | Greer,   | Stone,   |
| Bush,         | Herndon, | Walker,  |
| Cann,         | Hopps,   | Williams.|
| Dennard,      | Spinks,  |         |

On summing up the vote, it appearing that Hon. A. O. Bacon had received 30 votes, the same being a majority of all the votes cast, the President ordered the votes spread upon the Journal.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:
Mr. President:

I am instructed by the House to inform the Senate that, upon a vote of the House, one hundred and two members were recorded as desiring to go on record as voting for W J. Bryan for President, and two for Wm. McKinley.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Boynton—

Resolved, That the Secretary call the roll of the Senate so that they may go on record as desiring to vote for Hon. W J. Bryan for President.

The following is the call of the roll:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Baker, Bell, Boynton, Carter, Chappell, Cobb, Daniel, Ford, Grantland, Hamrick, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Holder, Jarnigan, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Smiley, Smith, Sullivan, Swift, Tatum, Upchurch, Wilcox, Yopp, Mr. President.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Berrong, Bush, Cann, Dennard, Ellis, Greer, Herndon, Hopps, Spinks, Stewart, Stone, Walker, Williams,
The following are those desiring to cast their votes for Hon. A. E. Stevenson for Vice-President:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Baker, Bell, Boynton, Carter, Chappell, Cobb, Daniel, Ford, Grantland, Hamrick, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Holder, Jarnigan, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Smiley, Smith, Sullivan, Swift, Tatum, Upchurch, Wilcox, Yopp, Mr. President.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Berrong, Bush, Cann, Dennard, Ellis, Greer, Herndon, Hopps, Spinks, Stewart, Stone, Walker, Williams.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Wednesday, November 7, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:
Those absent were Messrs.—


The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

At 10 o’clock the Senate went into executive session.

The invitation from the Southern Female College at College Park was accepted, to be present at an entertainment given at that college on the evening of November 8.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Tatum—

Resolved, that a committee of one from the Senate and and one from the House be appointed to visit St. Andrew’s Bay to investigate the condition of the grave of Governor Clarke.

Committee on part of Senate is Senator Tatum.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was withdrawn by the author to make some corrections:
By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to authorize and require all fidelity and insurance companies to register the same.

The following bill was read first time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to repeal all laws and parts of laws that levy and collect a direct ad valorem tax on personal and real property in certain cases.

Refered to the Educational Committee.

The following senators were put on record as desiring to vote for Senator Bacon: Messrs. Herndon, Spinks, Hopps, Dennard, Berrong, Stone, Walker and Cann.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Jarnagin, Walker and Alexander.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived the Senate repaired to the hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of consolidating the vote for United States senator. Upon consolidating the vote it appeared that Hon. A. O. Bacon had received 143 votes, a majority of all the votes cast; and was declared duly elected United States senator from Georgia for the term of six years. At the close of Senator Bacon's address the senators returned to the Senate Chamber and were called to order by the President.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.
Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,
Thursday, November 8, 1900.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. C. P. Williamson.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen,   Grantland,   Smiley,  
Baker,   Greer,       Smith,   
Bell,    Hamrick,     Spinks,  
Berrong, Hardaway,   Stewart,  
Boynton, Harrell,    Stone,   
Bush,    Hayes,       Sullivan, 
Cann,    Herndon,     Swift,   
Carter,  Holder,      Tatum,   
Chappell, Hoppes,    Upchurch, 
Cobb,    Johnson,     Wilcox,  
Daniel,  Lyndon,     Williams, 
Dennard, McAfee,     Yopp,    
Ellis,   Newton,      Mr. President.
Ford,    Norman,      

Those absent were Messrs.—

Alexander, Jarnagin, Walker.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he
respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

The resignation of Senator Ellis as chairman of the Judiciary was accepted and the President appointed Senator Boynton as chairman. Senator Ellis was retained as a member of that committee.

At 11:15 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Boynton—

Resolved, that the hour of convening the Senate shall be at 11 o'clock a.m. until changed.

The following Senate bill was read first time.

By Mr. Hamrick—

A bill to fix the rate of taxation for the support of the public schools of the city of Carrollton.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

By Mr. Swift—

A bill to prohibit railroad corporations and companies from employing telegraph operators under the age of twenty-one years.

Referred to Railroad Committee.
Also, by Mr. Swift—

A bill to prohibit persons from walking or driving nearer than eight feet to railroad tracks.

Referred to the Railroad Committee.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

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**Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,**

**Friday, November 9, 1900.**

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

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<th>Allen,</th>
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<th>Smiley,</th>
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<td>Ford,</td>
<td>Norman,</td>
<td>Mr. President,</td>
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Those absent were Messrs.—

Alexander, Jarnagin.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following resolution of the Senate, to wit:

A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee to visit St. Andrew’s Bay, Florida, for the purpose of inquiring into the condition of the grave of Governor Clarke.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.

Upon motion, the Senate will meet on Monday at 12 o’clock m., after adjournment to-day.

By unanimous consent, Senators Upchurch and Bell were added to the Pensions Committee.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Hardaway—

A bill to amend section 1866 of the Civil Code, which
relates to the record of bonds of corporations by the Secretary of State.

Referred to the Corporations Committee.

Also, by Mr. Berrong—

A bill to amend paragraph 3, section 4, article 3 of the Constitution relative to the meeting of the General Assembly.

Referred to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

Also, by Mr. Ellis—

A bill to authorize and require all fidelity and security companies to have the same registered.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

At 11:15 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

Leaves of absence were granted Senators Spinks, Stone and Herndon.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until Monday at 12 o'clock m.
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1900.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Monday, November 12, 1900.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 12 o'clock m.; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Grantland, Smith,
Baker, Greer, Spinks,
Bell, Hamrick, Stewart,
Berrong, Hardaway, Stone,
Boynton, Harrell, Sullivan,
Bush, Hayes, Swift,
Cann, Hopps, Tatum,
Carter, Jarnagin, Upchurch,
Chappell, Johnson, Walker,
Cobb, McAfee, Wilcox,
Daniel, Newton, Williams,
Dennard, Norman, Yopp,
Ellis, Smiley, Mr. President
Ford, 

Those absent were Messrs.—

Alexander, Holder, Lyndon,
Herndon,

The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under
consideration the following bills of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back, with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to provide for and permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding that of registration.

Also, a bill to amend section 4786 of the Code, relative to partition proceedings.

Also, a bill to amend section 3786 of the Code which refers to removal of suits.

The committee also recommends that the following bill do not pass:

A bill to prescribe the time within which the sentence of death shall be executed upon conviction for the crime of rape.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

The following minority report was submitted:

Mr. President:

The undersigned beg leave to submit a minority report, and recommend that bill No. 8 do pass.

H. P. Bell,
Roland Ellis.

The following bills were read the first time:
By Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend an act regulating the insurance business of this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Harrell—

A bill to make penal the forging of teachers’ license to teach in the common schools of this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Swift—

A bill to require all persons selling cottonseed-hulls to have plainly printed the weight on each bale.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

The following Senate bill was changed from the General Judiciary Committee to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

By Mr. Dennard—

A bill to amend the Constitution relative to the appointment of the judges and solicitors of superior courts so that they may be recommended by the Supreme Court judges.

The following Senate bills were read the second time:
By Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend section 3786 of the Civil Code which refers to removal of suits.

Also, by Mr. Ellis—

A bill to permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding that of registration.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 4786 of the Civil Code relative to partition proceedings.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o’clock.

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SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Tuesday, November 13, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o’clock and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen,  Bush,
Baker,  Cann,
Bell,  Carter,
Berrong,  Chappell,
Boynton,  Cobb,
Daniel,
Dennard,
Ellis,
Ford,
Grantland,
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1900.

Greer, Hamrick, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Herndon, Holder, Hopps, Jarnagin, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Smiley, Smith, Spinks, Stewart, Stone, Sullivan, Swift, Tatum, Upchurch, Walker, Wilcox, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Alexander.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Bell, Chairman of the Constitutional Amendments Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments has had under consideration the following bills, which they instruct me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass.

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution relative to taxation.

Also, a bill to amend paragraph 2, section 2 of article 7 of the Constitution, to exempt certain property from taxation.

H. P. Bell, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:
By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding that of registration.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 33, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 4787 of the Code relative to partition proceedings.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend section 3786 of the Code, which refers to the removal of suits.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 33, nay 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bills were read the second time:
By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 7 of the Constitution relative to taxation.

Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to alter and amend paragraph 2 of section 2, article 7 of the Constitution, relative to exemption of certain property from taxation.

The following bill was taken up with adverse report from committee:

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to prescribe the time within which the sentence of death shall be executed upon a conviction for the crime of rape.

Upon agreeing to the report of the committee, Mr. Bell called for the ayes and nays, which call was sustained, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bell, Newton, Tatum,
Ellis, Smiley, Wilcox,
Hardaway, Swift,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Jarnagin, Spinks,
Alexander, Smith, Mr. President,
Greer,

The report of the committee was agreed to and the bill lost.

The Committee on the Brumby Memorial are Senators Grantland, Ellis, Herndon.

At 12 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

Senator Swift was added to the Agricultural Committee.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Smith and Cann.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:


Those absent were Messrs.—Smith, Spinks.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution 10 sj
of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of three from the House and two from the Senate to examine and report on the "Georgia Justice."

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following joint resolution of the Senate, to wit:

A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee to visit St. Andrew’s Bay, Fla., to inquire into the condition of the grave of Governor Clarke.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed the following House bills by the requisite constitutional majority, to wit:

House bill No. 18, to be entitled an act to incorporate the town of Oglethorpe, in the county of Macon, and for other purposes.

House bill No. 43, to be entitled an act to incorporate the town of Morven, in the county of Brooks, and for other purposes.
House bill No. 52, to be entitled an act to amend the charter of the city of Rome, and for other purposes.

House bill No. 55, to be entitled an act to authorize and empower the city council of the city of Thomaston to order an election to determine whether or not bonds shall be issued, and for other purposes.

House bill No. 96, to be entitled an act to amend an act incorporating the town of Pepperton, in Butts county, Ga., and for other purposes.

House bill No. 99, to be entitled an act to repeal an act incorporating the town of McIntosh, in Butts county, Ga., and for other purposes.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend an act approved December 20th, 1899, fixing the time for holding the superior courts in the Rome circuit.

A bill to be entitled an act to abolish the county court of Sumter county, to provide for the disposition of matters pending therein, and for other purposes.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend section 3509 of volume 2 of the Code of 1895, so as to shorten the time for the publication of citation for dismissal of administrators.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Commercial Travelers Savings bank, and for other purposes.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend an act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled "an act to amend the
charter of the Capital City Bank, and for other purposes,' approved November 22d, 1899;' and also to change the name of Capital City Bank to Capital City Trust Company.

A bill to be entitled an act to establish the city court of Americus in and for the county of Sumter, to define its jurisdictions and powers, to provide for the appointment of a judge and other officers thereof, to define their powers and duties, and for other purposes.

A bill to be entitled an act to fix the time for holding the Superior Courts in the Oconee circuit, to prescribe the length of the terms thereof, to provide for drawing juries, and for other purposes.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Georgia Iron and Coal Company, to define its objects, rights, powers, privileges and liabilities, approved February 18th, 1873, so as to permit said company to increase its capital stock, to change the principal office of said company, and for other purposes.

Mr. Boynton, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to change the time of holding the fall term of Whitfield superior court.
Also a bill to amend section 115 of volume 1 of the Code, providing for the disposition of primary election returns. Respectfully submitted,

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Bell, Chairman Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 8 of the Constitution.

I am also instructed to report the following bills back with the recommendation that same do not pass:

A bill to amend paragraph 2, section 3, article 6, and paragraph 1, section 11, article 6 of the Constitution.

Also, a bill to amend paragraph 3, section 4, article 3 of the Constitution, relative to the time of meeting of the General Assembly.

Respectfully submitted,

H. P. Bell, Chairman.

Mr. Newton, Chairman of the Agricultural Committee, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Agricultural Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass.

A bill to require all persons selling cottonseed-hulls to have plainly printed on their bales the weight of each.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

Mr. Yopp, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills.

A bill to provide for and permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding that of registration.

Also, a bill to amend section 4786 of the Civil Code relating to partition proceedings.

Also, a bill to amend section 3786 of the Civil Code of Georgia in regard to limitation of actions.

Respectfully submitted,

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.

The following message was received from his Ex-
cellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend section 5402 of the Code, relative to compensation of clerks, sheriffs and ordinaries in this State.

. Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Swift—

A bill to make it unlawful for any druggist in the State to sell any morphine or cocain except to a practicing physician, or prescription from physician.

Referred to Temperance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend section 658 of volume 3 of the Code.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.
Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to fix the pay of grand and traverse juries for the courts of the State.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following is the Committee on Congressional Reapportionment:

Mr. Ellis, Chairman, 6th district; 1st, Canu; 2d, Stewart; 3d, Hayes; 4th, Chappell; 5th, Stone; 7th, Tatum; 8th, Swift; 9th, Bell; 10th, Sullivan; 11th, Johnson.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to amend the act fixing the time of holding the superior courts in the Rome circuit.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Frederick—

A bill to incorporate the town of Oglethorpe.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Steed—

A bill to shorten the time for the publication of citation for dismissal of administrator.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Messrs. Lane and Joiner—

A bill to abolish the county court of Sumter county.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Lane and Joiner—

A bill to establish the city court of Americus in Sumter county.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Commercial Travelers Savings Bank.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also by Mr. Walker—

A bill to incorporate the town of Morven in the county of Brooks.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also by Mr. Land—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Pepperton in Butts county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to fix the time for holding the superior courts in the Oconee circuit.
Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Tisinger—

A bill to authorize and empower the city council of the city of Thomaston, in Upson county, to order an election to be held to determine whether or not that city shall issue bonds to build electric lights.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Wright—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Rome.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Slaton—

A bill to amend the charter of the Capital City Bank and change its name.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Georgia Iron and Coal Company.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Underwood—

A resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee from the House and Senate to examine and

Committee on part of Senate are Senators Herndon and Harrell.

Senate bill No. 31 was changed from the Education Committee to General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bill was read first time:

By Mr. Hand—

A bill to repeal an act and all amendments thereto incorporating the town of McIntosh.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to amend section 115, vol. 1 of the Code, which provides for the disposition of all papers connected with primary elections.

Also, by Mr. Herndon—

A bill to change the time of holding fall term of Whitfield superior court.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to regulate the practice of osteopathy in this State.
Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Thursday, November 15, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:


Those absent were Messrs.—

Spinks.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.
By unanimous consent the following Senate resolution was withdrawn by its author:

By Mr. Smith—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to promote William G. Obear, Inspector-General of Georgia, to the rank of Brigadier-General.

The following bills were taken up as special order:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution relative to the power of taxation.

The report of the committee was agreed to.

This being a constitutional amendment, the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—


Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Tatum.
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Cobb, Spinks, Williams,
Ellis, Walker, Mr. President,
Hopps,

The bill having received the requisite two-thirds vote, being the constitutional requirement, was passed as amended, and the bill is as follows:

A bill to be entitled an act to amend paragraph 1, section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State, which relates to the power of taxation, to be exercised by the General Assembly, by adding at the end of said paragraph a proviso limiting the power of the General Assembly to levy and assess a tax for any purposes, and to provide for the submission of the same to the people for ratification, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this act that paragraph 1 of section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State, which relates to the powers of taxation over the State of Georgia, to be exercised by the General Assembly, shall be amended by adding at the end thereof the following proviso: "Provided, however, that the General Assembly shall have no power to levy or assess taxes for any purposes whatsoever, exceeding in the aggregate five-tenths of one per cent., after the 1st day of January, 1905, except for the purpose of suppressing insurrection, repelling invasion, and defending the State in time of war.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever the proposed amendment of the
Constitution shall be agreed to by two-thirds of the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, the Governor of this State shall, and he is hereby authorized and instructed to cause said amendment to be published in at least two newspapers in each congressional district in this State, for the period of two months previous to the next general election.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the above proposed amendment shall be submitted for ratification or rejection of the electors of this State, at the next general election to be held after publication, as provided for in the second section of this act, in the several congressional districts of this State, at which election every person shall be qualified to vote, who is entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly.

All persons voting at said election in favor of adopting the proposed amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For ratification of the amendment of paragraph 1 of section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State, limiting the power of taxation of the General Assembly." And all persons opposed to the adoption of said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against the ratification of amendment of paragraph 1 of section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution, limiting the power of taxation of the General Assembly.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Governor of this State be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to provide for the submission of the foregoing proposed amendment of the Constitution of this State to a vote of the people, as provided by the Constitution of this State in paragraph 1 of section 1 of article 13, and by this act. And if the same be ratified, the Governor shall, when he ascen-
tains such ratification from the Secretary of State, to whom the returns shall be referred in the same manner as in case of elections for members of the General Assembly, to count and ascertain the result, issue his proclamation and cause the same to be inserted one time in one of the daily papers of this State, announcing such result and declaring the said amendment ratified.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be, and the same are, hereby repealed.

Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 2, section 2 of article 7 of the Constitution relative to the exemption of certain property from taxation.

The report of the committee was agreed to.

This being a constitutional amendment, the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Alexander, Bell, Berrong, Boynton, Bush, Carter, Chappell, Daniel, Cobb, Ford, Greer, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Herndon, Holder, Hopps, Jarnagin, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Stewart, Stone, Sullivan, Swift, Tatum, Upchurch, Walker, Wilcox, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker, Smiley, Smith.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1900.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Cann, Ellis, Hamrick,
Dennard, Grantland, Spinks.

The bill having received the requisite two-thirds majority was passed, and the bill is as follows:

A bill to be entitled an act to alter and amend paragraph 2 of section 2 of article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, so as to enlarge the power of exemption from taxation of all places of religious worship or burial, and also all property belonging to colleges, incorporated academies, or other seminaries of learning; to provide for the proper ratification of the same by the people, for the promulgation by the Governor of the ratification, in case of ratification, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Georgia, That paragraph 2 of section 2 of article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, which is designated as section 5884 of the Code of 1895, be, and the same is, hereby altered and amended by striking out after the words "public property" in the second line of said section the words "places of religious worship or burial" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "all property of any church, religious society or sect, used as a place of worship, or as a parsonage and not for profit; and also by striking out after the words "public charity" in the third line of said paragraph the following words "all buildings erected for and used as a" and inserting in lieu thereof the following words, "provided the property so exempted be not used for any other purposes than for the benefit of such named institutions respectively," so that said para-
graph, when amended, shall read as follows: "Paragraph 2, Exemptions. The General Assembly may by law, exempt from taxation all public property; all property of any church, religious society or sect, used as a place of worship or as a parsonage and not for profit, all institutions of purely public charity, all property of any college, incorporated academy or other seminary of learning; the real and personal estate of any public library, and that of any other literary association used by or connected with such library, all books and philosophical apparatus, all paintings and statuary of any company or association kept in a public hall and not held or sold as merchandise or for the purposes of sale or gain; provided the property so exempted be not used for any other purposes than for the benefit of such named institutions respectively.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That whenever the above proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be agreed to by two-thirds of the members elected to each of the two houses of the General Assembly, and the same has been entered on the journals, with the yeas and nays thereon taken, the Governor shall, and he is hereby authorized and instructed to cause said amendment to be published in at least two newspapers in each congressional district in this State, for at least two months next preceding the time for holding the next general election.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the above proposed amendment shall be submitted for ratification or rejection to the electors of this state at the next general election to be held after publication, as provided for in the second section of this act, in the several electoral districts of this State, at which election every person shall be qualified to vote who is entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly. All persons voting at said election in favor of adopting the proposed amendment to the Constitution shall have written or printed on their ballots the
words "For ratification of the amendment to paragraph 2, section 2 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State, and all persons opposed to the adoption of said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "Against the ratification of the amendment to paragraph 2 of section 2 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State, and if a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly voting thereon shall vote for said amendment, then said paragraph 2 as herein amended shall become a part of the Constitution of this State in lieu of the present paragraph 2 of said Constitution.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That the Governor be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to provide for the submission of the amendment proposed in the first section of this act to a vote of the people, as required by the Constitution of this State in paragraph 1, section 1 of article 13, and by this act and if ratified, the Governor shall, when he ascertains such ratification from the Secretary of State to whom the returns shall be referred in the manner as in cases of election for members of the General Assembly, to count and ascertain the result, issue his proclamation for one insertion in one of the daily papers of this State announcing such result and declaring the amendment ratified.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

The following message was received from the House through Mr Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The house has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to change the time of Heard superior court, and for other purposes.
A bill to protect wild English, Mongolian or other pheasants, and for other purposes.

A bill to require the Governor to furnish election blanks to the several counties of the State.

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon, and for other purposes.

A bill to amend an act to establish the city court of Lagrange, and for other purposes.

A bill to repeal an act to provide for the disposition of fines in the county court of Macon county, and for other purposes.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee have had under consideration the following bills which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass.

A bill to amend an act to authorize county authorities to condemn land for macadamizing public roads.

Also, a bill to amend act approved December 13, 1895, so that rate of taxation for public schools of city of Carrollton shall not exceed .75 of one per cent.

Also, a bill to make penal the counterfeiting of license of county school commissioners.

Also, that the following bill do pass as amended.
A bill to repeal an act to amend sections 1778 and 1881 of the Code of 1895, in regard to stock law, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to be entitled an act to amend section 1866 of the Civil Code, which relates to record of bonds of corporations by the Secretary of State.

I am also instructed to report back the following bills of the House with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to incorporate the town of Morven in the county of Brooks.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Rome

Also, a bill to authorize the city council of Thomaston in Upson county to order an election to determine whether or not bonds shall be issued in said town.

Also, a bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Pepperton in Butts county.

Also, a bill to be entitled an act to repeal an act and all amendments thereto incorporating the town of McIntosh in Butts county.
Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Oglethorpe in the county of Macon.

Respectfully submitted,

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

The following House bills were read first time.

By Mr. Wight—

A bill to protect wild English, Mongolian or other pheasants in this State.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Steed—

A bill to require the Governor to publish full and complete election blanks for the counties of this State.

Referred to the General Judicary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Frederick—

A bill to repeal an act to provide for the disposition of fines and forfeitures arising in the county of Macon.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Sanders—

A bill to change the time of holding Heard superior court.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.
Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Park—

A bill to amend an act to establish the city court of Lagrange in Troup county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to render physicians and surgeons incompetent to testify in civil cases, and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to provide compensation for expert witnesses, and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. McAfee—

A bill to grant relief to James Elkins, a Confederate veteran from Lumpkin county.

Referred to the Pensions Committee.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 3 of the Constitution of this State.
Also, by Mr. Chappell—

A bill to authorize the county to condemn land in certain cases for macadamized roads.

Also, by Mr. Harrell—

A bill to make it penal for the forging of school licenses in this State.

Also, by Mr. Hardaway—

A bill to amend section 1866 of the Civil Code which refers to the registering of bonds by the Secretary of State.

Also, by Mr. Hamrick—

A bill to fix the rate of taxation for the support of the public schools of Carrollton for the year 1901.

Also, by Mr. Herndon—

A bill to amend section 1778 and 1781 of the Code relative to stock law.

Upon motion, this bill was recommitted to the Agricultural Committee.

The following House bills were read second time.

By Mr. Land—

A bill to repeal the act incorporating the town of McIntosh in Butts county.

Also, by Mr. Land—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Pepperton in Butts county.
Also, by Mr. Tisinger—

A bill to authorize the city council of Thomaston to call an election to decide whether said city shall issue bonds to erect electric lights.

Also, by Mr. Wright—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Rome.

Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to incorporate the town of Morven in Brooks county.

Also by Mr. Frederick—

A bill to incorporate the town of Oglethorpe in the county of Macon.

Also, by Messrs. Lane and Joiner—

A bill to establish the city court of Americus in Sumter county.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Swift—

A bill to require all persons selling cottonseed-hulls to have the weight of each printed on them.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0.
The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr Harrell—

A bill to amend section 115 of volume 1 of the Code which provides for the disposition of primary election returns.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0. The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was read first time.

By Mr Stone—

A bill to authorize any insurance company organized under the laws of this State to increase or diminish their capital stock.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Senator Holder was added to the committee on penitentiary.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1900.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Friday, November 16, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Ford, Newton,
Alexander, Grantland, Norman,
Baker, Greer, Smiley,
Bell, Hamrick, Smith,
Berrong, Hardaway, Spinks,
Boynton, Harrell, Stone,
Bush, Hayes, Sullivan,
Cann, Herndon, Swift,
Carter, Holder, Tatum,
Chappell, Hopps, Walker,
Cobb, Jarnagin, Wilcox,
Daniel, Johnson, Williams,
Dennard, Lyndon, Yopp,
Ellis, McAfee, Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Stewart, Upchurch.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Chappell, chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance has under consideration the
following bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do not pass, to wit:

A bill to fix the pay of grand and traverse jurors serving in the courts of this State other than justice courts at one dollar per day.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Mr. Cobb, acting Chairman of Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills of the Senate:

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 7 of the Constitution.

Also, a bill to amend paragraph 2, section 2, article 7 of the Constitution.

Also, a bill to amend section 115, volume 1 of Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to require persons selling cottonseed-hulls in bales or packages to have weight stamped or branded thereon.

Respectfully submitted.

W H. COBB, Acting Chairman.
Mr. Tatum moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill on yesterday, which is as follows:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 7 of the Constitution of this State so as to limit the power of taxation.

The motion was lost.

The following Senate resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Chappell—

Resolved, that the secretary be authorized to open the door entering the clerk room for visitors to enter, and that he appoint a doorkeeper for same.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Alexander—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil in Berrien county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Alexander—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Nashville in the county of Berrien.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to provide for a State Board of Commissions to
whom shall be entrusted the duty of making adequate display of the State's resources at Buffalo and Charleston.

Referred to the State of Republic Committee.

The following Senate resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Bell—

Resolved, That Chas. P. Hansell, Assistant Secretary of Senate be authorized to sign all bills and resolutions with the same authority as the Secretary.

Upon motion, the Senate will reconvene on Monday at 12 o'clock when it adjourns to-day.

Senate bill No. 11 was made special order for Monday after the reading of the Journal.

The following Senate bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage.

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to alter and amend an act authorizing the county authorities of this State in all cases to condemn roads for the purpose of macadamizing same.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, the nays 1; the bill having the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hamrick—

A bill to amend the act fixing the rate of taxation for
the support of the public schools of Carrollton, so that the same may be increased for the year 1901.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hardaway—

A bill to amend section 1866 of the Code, which provides for the registration of bonds of corporations.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Harrell—

A bill to make penal the falsely or fraudulently securing license to teach in the public schools of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Frederick—

A bill to incorporate the town of Oglethorpe in Macon county.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to incorporate the town of Morven in the county of Brooks.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Wright—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Rome.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Tisinger—

A bill to authorize the city council of Thomaston to order an election to decide whether or not the city shall issue bonds for the erection of electric lights.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Land—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Pepperton in Butts county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Land—

A bill to repeal all acts incorporating to town of McIntosh in Butts county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Hardaway, Chairman of the Committee on State of the Republic, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on the State of the Republic have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass.

A bill to provide for a State Board of Commissioners, to whom shall be entrusted the duty of making adequate
display of the State's resources at the Buffalo and Charleston Expositions.

Respectfully submitted,

R. H. HARDAWAY, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boileuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick.

Also, a bill to change the time of holding the superior court of Worth county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill providing for the removal of obstructions of certain kinds from the streams of Newton county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to repeal an act providing for the payment of certain insolvent criminal costs in the Northern Judicial Circuit, and an act amendatory thereof, so far as it relates to the county of Hancock.

Also, a bill authorizing the mayor and council of city of Savannah to acquire certain lands, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act establishing the city court of Brunswick.
Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick.

Also, a bill to establish a system of public schools for the city of Elberton.

Upon motion, the following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee:

By Messrs. Lane and Joiner—

A bill to abolish the county court of Sumter county.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Davis—

A bill for the removal of obstructions from the streams of Newton county.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hawes—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the city of Elberton.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Merritt and Smith—

A bill to provide for the payment of certain insolvent criminal costs in the Northern Judicial Circuit.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Messrs. Smith and Adams—

A bill to amend section 1775 of Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick to provide for the election of police force for said city.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Sikes—

A bill to change the time of holding Worth superior court.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick relative to applying certain revenues to public schools.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to establish the city court of Brunswick.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Wells—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of Savannah.
to acquire by purchase, or otherwise, lands in Chatham county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Upon motion, Senator Berrong was added to the Agricultural Committee.

The following Senate bill was read third time, to be put upon its passage.

By Mr. Herndon—

A bill to change the time of holding fall term of Whitfield superior court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, the nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Leaves of absence were granted Senators Harrell, Dennard, Smiley and the President.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until Monday at 12 o’clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 12 o'clock; was called to order by the President pro tem.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:


Those absent were Messrs.—

Allen, Bush, Chappell, Dennard, Grantland, Harrell, Holder, Hopps, Lyndon, Smiley, Sullivan, Williams, Mr. President.

The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following House bills, to wit:
A bill to establish a system of public schools in the city of Thomasville, Thomas county, and for other purposes.

Also a bill to repeal an act to levy a tax on dogs, and for other purposes.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof, to wit:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolutions of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, that the General Assembly convene in joint session in the hall of the House at 7:30 o'clock this evening for the purpose of listening to the address by Mrs. Belle Kearney of Mississippi.

Also, a resolution to relieve the bondmen of Victor Smith.

The special order, which is Senate bill No. 11, was made special order for Wednesday, immediately after the reading of the Journal.

Upon motion, the following House bill was read the second time, and recommitted to the Educational Committee.

By Mr. Hawes—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the city of Elberton.
Mr. Stone, chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended.

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Committee on Corporations submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to authorize any insurance company organized under the laws of this State to increase or decrease its capital stock.

Also, the following bill of the House, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass.
A bill to authorize the commissioners of the bonded debt of Macon to invest the sinking-fund in their hands.

Respectfully submitted,

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills:

A bill to change time of holding fall term of Whitfield superior court.

Also, a bill to make penal the forging of certificates and license issued by the county school commissioners of this State.

Also, a bill to amend an act approved December 13, 1895, so as to limit the rate of taxation for school purposes to 75/100 of one per cent. in the city of Carrollton.

Also, a bill to amend section 1866 of the Civil Code of 1895. Respectfully submitted,

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville to establish a dispensary in said city.
Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to fix the pay of grand and traverse jurors of the county of Bartow.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the act creating a system of public schools for the city of Cartersville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Cartersville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, By Mr. Cann—

A bill to prohibit the sale or use of founts, bottles, barrels, kegs, jugs or other vessels adapted to contain liquors by any person other than its owner.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Ellis—

A bill to repeal paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2 of section 5269 of the Civil Code relative to incompetency of witnesses.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Tatum—

A bill to change the county of Dade from the Cherokee judicial circuit to the Rome judicial circuit.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Upon motion, Senators Cann and Upchurch were added to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Tatum—

A bill to amend section 4 of an act of the General Assembly relative to running freight trains on Sunday, and ordered engrossed.

The following Senate resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Stone—

A resolution for the relief of T. J. Micham and others of Walton county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the city of Thomasville in Thomas county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal the act to levy a tax of dogs in this State.
Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House resolutions were read first time.

By Mr. Ousley—

A resolution for the relief of the bondmen of Victor Smith.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Morris—

A resolution convening the House and Senate in joint session at 7:30 o'clock to-night to listen to an address by Mrs. Belle Kearney.

Mr. Smith moved to non-concur in the resolution, which motion was lost.

The resolution was adopted.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon relative to a building inspector.

Also, by Mr. Stone—

A bill to authorize any insurance company to increase or diminish their capital stock.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to provide for the appointment of a commission
to make a display of the State's resources at Buffalo and Charleston.

The House bill was read second time.

By Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon relative to the sinking-fund commission.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Sullivan and Hayes.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

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Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,

Tuesday, November 20, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President pro tem.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Alexander, Bell, Boynton, Cann, Chappell, Cobb, Daniel, Dennard, Ellis, Grantland, Greer, Hardaway, Herndon, Holder, Hopps, Jarnagin, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Smiley, Smith, Stone, Swift, Upchurch, Wilcox, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.
Those absent were Messrs.—

Baker, Hamrick, Stewart,
Berrong, Harrell, Sullivan,
Bush, Hayes, Tatum,
Carter, Norman, Walker.
Ford, Spinks,

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to abolish the county court of Sumter county.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Americus, in Sumter county.

Respectfully submitted,

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Spinks, chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:
A bill to establish a system of public schools for the city of Elberton, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick.

I am also instructed to report the following bill of the House back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

B. Z. HERNDON, Chairman.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing.

The following message was received from his Excel-
lency, the Governor, through his secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Senators Cann and Harrell were added to the Corporation Committee.

The following Senate bill were read third time, to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon, relative to a building inspector.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments were as follows: By striking out sections 7, 8, 9, 10; and by striking out all of section 13 from word provided, in 6th line, to the end of said section.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Hawes—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Elberton so as to establish a system of public schools in said city.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

At 11:30 the Senate went into executive session.

The following message was received from the Governor:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

As every enterprise tending to bring to the notice of the people of our own and other countries the boundless resources of our State should be encouraged and fostered by our State Government, I beg to call the attention of the General Assembly to the South Carolina Interstate and West India Exposition, to be held in the city of Charleston next year. The company having in charge this undertaking has been chartered by the State of South Carolina and is backed up by sufficient capital to make it a success. The special object of this Exposition is to make a complete display of the arts, industries, manufactures and agricultural products of the States of the American Union, and also to exhibit in the most attractive way the industries and resources of Cuba, Porto Rico, Mexico, the South American Republics and the Philippines. The Exposition will open December 1, 1901, and close May 31, 1902. The capital stock of the Exposition Company is $250,000, and its estimated resources exceed one million dollars. Mr. Bradford L. Gilbert, a distinguished architect of New York City, has been engaged by the Exposition Company as the designer and builder of the Exposition. The grounds upon which the Exposition will be held are situated on the Ashley river within two and a half miles of the business
center of the city of Charleston, and within easy approach by both steamship and railway.

A bill is now on its passage in the United States Congress appropriating $250,000 for the purpose of erecting a Government Building and making a Government exhibit. The enterprise has received the approval of the authorities at Washington, and has been approved by many of the most important commercial bodies in the great cities of this country.

The importance of such expositions in stimulating the growth of communities and States commercially, educationally and industrially, and in promoting immigration, cannot be overestimated. It is the most highly approved means of exploiting the material resources of a country and of attracting capital and stimulating enterprise. The resources of Georgia are unsurpassed by those of any other State in the Union, but we have not, as many other States have done, advertised them to the world. This we should do and can do through such expositions as this at Charleston. One of the great advantages to be expected from this exposition is the establishment of closer trade relations between the producers of the United States, and especially of the Southern States, and the consumers in the West Indies and the South American Republics.

Upon the invitation of the people in our sister State, South Carolina, who have this great enterprise in charge, to appoint a commissioner to represent Georgia thereat, I have appointed the Hon. William A. Hemphill, of Atlanta, whose duty will be to enlighten our people as to the scope of the exposition and the great advantages it offers to us in finding markets for our agricultural, manufacturing and mining products.

The General Assembly cannot under our Constitution, appropriate money to erect buildings, or otherwise promote a display of our resources, but it can give the enterprise
its endorsement, and each member can individually commend it in the community in which he lives and encourage his constituents to avail themselves of the opportunities it offers for the display of their products, and it is to this end that this communication is sent to your honorable bodies.

A. D. CANDLER.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof, to wit:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to establish the city court of Elberton in Elbert county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to be entitled an act requiring deposit of insurance and other companies to be registered.

Also, a bill to amend section 32 of an act to establish the city court of Greenville in and for the county of Meriwether, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the new charter of Madison, Georgia, approved October 6, 1891.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Moultrie, approved December 16, 1895, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to prohibit the manufacture in Morgan county, Georgia, of alcoholic, spirituous, malt and intoxicating liquors, except domestic wines, and for other purposes.
Also, a bill to repeal an act to create a county court in each county in the State of Georgia, except certain counties mentioned, and for other purposes.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Stone—

A bill to authorize the increase or decrease of insurance companies' capital stock.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to provide for a commission to exhibit the State's resources at the Buffalo and Charleston expositions.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Lane and Joiner—

A bill to abolish the county court of Sumter county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Lane and Joiner—

A bill to establish the city court of Americus in Sumter county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon relative to the sinking-fund commission.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Hawes—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Elberton in Elbert county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to require the deposit of insurance and other corporation companies to be registered.
Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors in Morgan county except domestic wines.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Moultrie in Colquitt county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to amend the new charter of Madison in Morgan county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to amend section 32 of an act establishing the city court of Greenville, Meriwether county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Copeland—

A bill to repeal an act creating the county court of Walker county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read second time:
By Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick relative to the election of the police force.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick relative to the use of certain revenues of said city.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Howell—

A bill to repeal section 1042 of the criminal Code, which provides for the punishment of persons convicted of a second offense.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Cann—

A bill to regulate the granting of new trials in this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Smiley—

A bill to amend section 4193 of vol. 2 of the Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Wilcox—

A bill to amend section 732, vol. 1 of the Code relative to public sales or taxes due municipalities.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 3317 of the Civil Code, relating to the duties of executors.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Tatum—

A bill to repeal the act prohibiting the running of freight trains in this State on Sunday.

The following Senate bill was read second time with adverse report from the committee:

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 2, section 3, article 6 of the Constitution, and paragraph 1, section 2, article 6.

Report of the committee was agreed to and bill lost.

Leaves of absence was granted Senators Baker, Berrong, Bush, Carter, Ford, Hayes, Norman, Spinks, Stewart, Sullivan, Tatum and Walker to visit camps.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President pro tem.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Marks.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen,         Hardaway,      Smiley,
Alexander,    Harrell,       Smith,
Bell,          Hayes,         Stone,
Boynton,       Herndon,       Sullivan,
Cann,          Holder,        Swift,
Chappell,      Hopps,         Upchurch,
Cobb,          Jarnagin,      Walker,
Daniel,        Johnson,       Wilcox,
Dennard,       Lyndon,        Williams,
Ellis,         McAfee,        Yopp,
Ford,          Newton,        Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Baker,         Greer,         Spinks,
Berrong,       Hamrick,      Stewart,
Bush,          Norman,       Tatum.
Carter,        

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found
correct and ready for transmission to the House the following bills, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

Also, a bill to authorize insurance companies, organized under the laws of this State, to increase or decrease their capital stock, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to provide for the appointment of a commission to whom shall be entrusted the duty of making display of the State's resources at the Buffalo and Charleston Expositions.

Respectfully submitted,

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary have had under consideration the following bills of the House, which they instruct me to report back with recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the city of Thomasville.

Also, a resolution to relieve the bondmen of Victor Smith.

Also, a bill to amend the act creating the city court of Brunswick as amended.

Also, the following Senate resolution:
A resolution for the relief of Thomas Swords, T. J. Mitcham and others.

Respectfully submitted,

ALONZO C. STONE, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Corporation Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Corporation Committee has had under considera-
tion the following bills of the Senate, which it instruct me
to report back with the recommendation that the same do
pass:

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil
in Berrien county.

Also, a bill to establish a new charter for the town of
Nashville in Berrien county.

The committee also recommends that the following
House bill do pass:

A bill to authorize the mayor and alderman of the city
of Savannah to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, lands in
Chatham county outside of the corporate limits of said city

The committee also recommends that the following bill
be recommitted to the Temperance Committee.

A bill to authorize the mayor and alderman of the city
of Cartersville to establish a dispensary in said city.

The committee also recommends that the following bill
be recommitted to the Educational Committee.
A bill to amend the act creating a system of public schools in Cartersville, Bartow county.

Respectfully submitted,

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

Mr. Bell, chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended.

A bill to provide for the holding of a constitutional convention for the State of Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

H. P. Bell, Chairman.

Upon motion the special order, which is Senate bill No. 11, was made special order for next Wednesday immediately after the reading of the Journal.

Senate bill No. 17 was made special order to follow the special order on next Wednesday.

The following Senate bill was recommitted from the Corporation Committee to the Educational Committee:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the act creating a system of public schools in the city of Cartersville.
The following bill was recommitted from the Corporation Committee to the Temperance Committee:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to authorize the mayor and council of Cartersville to establish a dispensary.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to provide for the holding of a constitutional convention for the State of Georgia.

Also, by Mr. Alexander—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Nassville, Berrien county.

Also, by Mr. Alexander—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil in Berrien county.

The following Senate resolution was read second time:

By Mr. Stone—

A resolution for the relief of T. J. Micham and others of Walton county.

The following House resolution was read second time:

By Mr. Ousley—

A resolution for the relief of the bondmen of Victor Smith, and for other purposes.
The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to enlarge the duties of the Commissioner of Agriculture for the inspection of milk, butter, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend paragraph 4193 of volume 2 of the Code of 1895 so as to enlarge the jurisdiction of county courts.

Also, a bill to provide a method of proving justice court judgments from other States.

Also, a bill to amend section 102 of volume 1 of the Code of 1895, prescribing who shall superintend elections of justice of peace.

Also, a bill to abolish the city court of Decatur county, to dispose of pending business therein, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to allow polls and precincts to open and close at the same time as at the county site, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill for the relief of Geo. W Harrison, State Printer.

The House has also passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following House resolution, to wit:
A resolution to pay pension of Dawson T. Williams to his widow.

The House has also adopted the following resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that the Governor be requested to obtain from director of census official figures as to population of each county in this State.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Bainbridge in Decatur county, and for other purposes.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the city of Thomasville, Thomas county.

Also, by Mr. Wells—

A bill to authorize the mayor and alderman of the city of Savannah to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, lands in Chatham county outside the city limits.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Brunswick.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:
By Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick to provide for the election of police.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Brunswick relative to the disposition of revenues of said city.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows: By striking out in the 10th and 11th lines of page 7 the following words: as to more than sufficient to fill vacancies.

Mr. Holder, chairman of Committee on Temperance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Temperance have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to prohibit the manufacture in Morgan county,
of any alcoholic, spirituous, malt and intoxicating liquors except domestic wines.

Respectfully submitted,

JNO. N. HOLDER, Chairman.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend sections 751, 753, 755 and 762 of the Code relative to the demands for indictments.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Park of Greene—

A bill to provide for the inspection of cheese and butter in this State.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Rawls—

A bill to authorize the polls at precincts to open at 7 o’clock and stay open until 6 o’clock.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Monroe—

A bill to establish the city court of Bainbridge in Decatur county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Monroe—

A bill to abolish the city court of Decatur county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill for the relief of Geo. W. Harrison, State Printer.

Referred to the Appropriation Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to provide a method of proving justice court judgments from other States.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Williams—

A bill to amend section 102 of volume 1 of Code 1895, prescribing who shall superintend elections of justice of peace.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Grice—

A bill to amend paragraph 4193 of volume 2 of the Code of 1895 so as to enlarge the jurisdiction of county courts.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House resolution was read first time:
By Mr. Burnett—

A resolution to pay pension of Dawson P. Williams to his widow.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

The following House resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Hardwick—

A resolution that the Governor be requested to obtain from director of census official figures as to population of each county.

At 12 o'clock Senate went into executive session.

Senators Greer and Dennard were granted leaves of absence to visit penitentiary.

Upon motion Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER ATLANTA, GA.,
Thursday, November 22, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President pro tem.

Prayer was offered by Mr. Glenn.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:
Allen, Alexander, Bell, Boynton, Cann, Chappell, Cobb, Daniel, Ellis, Ford, Grantland, Hamrick, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Herndon, Holder, Hopps, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Smiley, Smith, Stewart, Stone, Sullivan, Swift, Tatum, Upchurch, Walker, Wilcox, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Baker, Berrong, Bush, Carter, Dennard, Greer, Jarnagin, Spinks.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following House resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution to invite Dr. J. L. M. Curry to address the General Assembly on Friday, the 23d, at 12 o'clock noon.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the clerk thereof, to wit:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:
A bill to change and fix the time of holding the superior court of Greene county, and for other purposes

Also, a bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code of 1896, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act to establish a system of public schools in the town of Jesup, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to repeal an act incorporating the town of Swainsboro in Emanuel county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act, 3667 of the Code of 1895, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Swainsboro, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of Valdosta, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 1419 volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of Cartersville, Ga., to invest the "water-works sinking-fund," and for other purposes.

Mr. Herndon, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under con-
sideration the following bills of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same "do pass."

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Moultrie, approved December 16th, 1895.

Also, a bill to amend the new charter of Madison, approved October 6th, 1891.

Also, the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to amend section 732, volume 1 of the Code of Georgia of 1895, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

The following House resolution was read and concurred in:

By Mr. George of Morgan—

A resolution inviting the Hon. J. L. M. Curry to address the General Assembly on Friday, November 23, at 12 o’clock m.

Hon. W. P Price was invited to a seat in the Senate during his stay in the city.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:
By Mr. Alexander—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil in Berrien county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Alexander—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Nashville in Berrien county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bill was read:

By Mr. George of Morgan—

A bill to prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors in the county of Morgan except domestic wines.

The following House resolution was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Ousley—

A resolution for the relief of the bondmen of Victor Smith.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes were 25, nays 0; the resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Wells—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Savannah to acquire by purchase or otherwise lands outside of the city limits.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the city of Thomasville in Thomas county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Brunswick.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding a new section as section 2, and making section 2 section 3.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That in all cases where indictment has been preferred by the grand jury of Glynn county, and the cases afterward transferred to the city court of Brunswick for trial and disposition there, and in that event the solicitor-general of the Brunswick circuit shall share equally with the solicitor of the city court of Brunswick in the disposition of the fines and costs derived in said cases.

Mr. Boynton, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to require the Governor to furnish full and complete election blanks to the several counties of this State.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the Capital City Bank; also to change the name to the Capital City Trust Co.
Also, a bill to amend the act fixing the time of holding superior courts in the Rome circuit.

The committee also recommends that the following bill do pass as amended:

A bill to amend the acts fixing the time of holding the superior courts in the Oconee circuit.

The committee also recommends that the following bill do not pass:

A bill to amend section 1775 of volume 1 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. BOYNTON, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same "do pass."

A bill to amend an act establishing the city court of LaGrange, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. STONE, Chairman.

The following Senate bill was read second time:
By Mr. Wilcox—

A bill to amend section 732 of volume 1 of the Code relative to the sale of property of municipalities in this State.

The following House bills were read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Monroe—

A bill to abolish the city court of Decatur county.

Also, by Mr. Monroe—

A bill to establish the city court of Bainbridge.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Steed—

A bill to require the Governor to furnish complete election returns to the counties of this State.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill to amend the act providing for the holding of the several courts in the Rome circuit.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to fix the time of holding the superior courts in the Oconee circuit.

Also, by Mr. Slaton—

A bill to amend an act establishing the charter of the
Capital City Bank, and to change the name to the Capital City Trust Company.

Also by Mr. George—

A bill to amend the charter of Madison, Ga.

Also, by Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Moultrie in Colquitt county.

Also, by Mr. Park—

A bill to provide for the inspection of butter and cheese in this State.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Underwood—

A bill to amend section 1419 of volume 1 of the Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Harper—

A bill to amend the act establishing a system of public schools for the town of Jesup.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to repeal the act incorporating the town of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the town of Swainsboro, in Emanuel county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Boswell—

A bill to change and fix the time of holding the superior court of Greene county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Thomson and Anderson—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville to invest water-works sinking-fund.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Ousley—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Valdosta.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hawes—

A bill to amend section 3667 of the Code of 1895.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
The following House bill was taken up with adverse report from the committee:

By Messrs. Smith and Adams—

A bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to and the bill lost.

Mr. Newton gave notice that he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the foregoing bill.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Hopps—

A bill to amend section 5260 of volume 2 of the Code relative to the per diem of witnesses.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Smiley—

A bill to prescribe the manner of recommitting discharged patients to the State Sanitarium.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend section 752 of the Penal Code, so as to authorize judges of superior courts to transfer indictments to the county court.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Griffin and define its powers and duties.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to repeal the act making it unlawful to manufacture any spirituous liquors in Spalding county except domestic wines.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend paragraph 7 of section 223 of volume 1 of the Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to define the incompetency of witnesses in certain cases where certain parties are concerned.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The committee to visit the Georgia Sanitarium was granted leave of absence to-morrow to visit that institution.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.
SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Friday, November 23, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o’clock; was called to order by the President pro tem.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Knight.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Baker,           Greer,           Norman,
Berrong,         Hamrick,         Smiley,
Boynton,         Hardaway,        Smith,
Bush,            Harrell,         Spinks,
Cann,            Hayes,           Stone,
Carter,          Herndon,         Sullivan,
Chappell,        Holder,          Tatum,
Daniel,          Hopps,           Upchurch,
Dennard,         Johnson,         Walker,
Ellis,           Lyndon,          Wilcox,
Ford,            McAfee,          Williams,
Grantland,       Newton,          Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Allen,           Cobb,            Swift,
Alexander,       Jarnagin,        Yopp,
Bell,            Stewart,

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Newton moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following House bill, to wit:

By Messrs. Smith and Adams—

A bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code of 1895.
The motion prevailed and the bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bill was read first time:

By Mr. Ousley—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Valdosta.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bill, to wit:

A bill to amend an act to create a charter for the city of Valdosta, Georgia, and for other purposes.

The House has concurred in the following Senate resolution, to wit:

A resolution instructing the Secretary of the Senate to open the side door to the cloak room of the Senate chamber and place a doorkeeper there.

The House has adopted the following House resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that the General Assembly meet in joint session at 12 o'clock, noon, to-day for the purpose of listening to the address by Dr. J. L. M. Curry.
Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to repeal section 1042 of the Criminal Code.

The committee also recommends that the following bill do pass as amended:

A bill to amend section 3621 of the Code of 1895.

The committee also recommends that the following Senate resolution do pass:

A resolution for the relief of the Georgia Relief Association.

The committee also recommends that the following House bills do pass:

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Travelers' Savings Bank.

Also, a bill to provide a method of proving justice court judgments from other States.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass.

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville, Ga., to invest water-works sinking-fund, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass.

A bill to amend an act to establish the city court of Griffin, Ga., and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under con-
sideration the following bill, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to repeal an act entitled an act to make it unlawful to manufacture any alcoholic or spirituous or malt or intoxicating liquors except domestic wines in the county of Spalding.

I am also instructed to report back the following bills of the House with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to establish the city court of Elberton in Elbert county.

Also, a bill to abolish the city court of Decatur county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Bainbridge, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. STONE, Chairman.

Mr. Greer, acting chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bill:

A bill to establish a new charter for the city of Nashville.

Respectfully submitted.

JNO. M. GREER, Acting Chairman.
Mr. Newton, chairman of the Agricultural Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Agricultural Committee has had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to protect wild English, Mongolian, or other pheasants in this State.

Also, a bill to provide for removal of obstructions of all kinds other than bridges and dams to operate mills in Newton county.

Respectfully submitted.

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

Upon motion, Mr. Spinks was added to the Corporation Committee.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the vagrant laws of this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend section 9 of an act to incorporate the town of Montezuma in Macon county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
The following House resolution was read and concurred in:

By Mr. Slaton—

A resolution convening the General Assembly in joint session at 12 o’clock to-day to listen to an address by Hon. J. L. M. Curry.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Monroe—

A bill to abolish the city court of Decatur county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Monroe—

A bill to establish the city court of Bainbridge in Decatur county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill to fix the time for holding the superior courts in the Rome circuit.

Bill was tabled.
Also, by Mr. Steed—

A bill to require the Governor to furnish complete election returns to all the counties of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Park—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of LaGrange in the county of Troup.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Slaton—

A bill to amend the charter of the Capital City Bank and change the name to the Capital City Trust Company.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to change the time of holding the superior courts of the Oconee circuit.

Bill was tabled.
Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors in the county of Morgan except domestic wines.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Moultrie in Colquitt county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to amend the new charter of Madison, Georgia.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Upon motion, the Senate will reconvene on Monday at 12 o'clock, when it adjourns to-day.

The invitation to visit the Technological School on next Tuesday was accepted.
Leave of absence was granted Senators Yopp, Walker, Bell, Cobb and Norman.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived, the Senate repaired to the hall of the House of Representatives to listen to an address by Hon. J. L. M. Curry. After the address of Mr. Curry the senators returned to the Senate chamber and were called to order.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate stood adjourned until Monday at 12 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Monday, November 26, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 12 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Ellis, McAfee,
Alexander, Ford, Newton,
Baker, Grantland, Smith,
Bell, Greer, Spinks,
Berrong, Hamrick, Stewart,
Boynton, Hardaway, Stone,
Bush, Harrell, Sullivan,
Cann, Hayes, Swift,
Carter, Herndon, Tatum,
Chappell, Holder, Upchurch,
Cobb, Hopps, Wilcox,
Daniel, Jarnagin, Yopp,
Dennard, Johnson, Mr. President.
Those absent were Messrs.—

Lyndon, Smiley, Williams.
Norman, Walker,

The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to amend section 9 of an act to incorporate the town of Montezuma, in the county of Macon, approved October 24, 1887, so as to extend the corporate limits of said town.

I am further instructed to report back the following bills of the House with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to repeal an act incorporating the town of Swainesboro, in Emanuel county, and acts amendatory thereof.

Also, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act to repeal an act incorporating the town of Swainesboro, in the county of Emanuel.

Respectfully submitted,

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.
Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to change time of Heard superior court.

Respectfully submitted,

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

Mr. Cobb, acting chairman of Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bill of the Senate:

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil in the county of Berrien.

Respectfully submitted,

W H. Cobb, Acting Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 5510 of the Code, which defines the duties of the clerk of the Supreme Court.
Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend sections 1101 and 1103 of the Criminal Code, in regard to State solicitors' fees in the Supreme Court.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bill was read the second time and recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Tatum—

A bill to transfer the county of Dade from the Cherokee circuit to the Rome circuit.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Herndon—

A bill to amend section 3621 of the Code, relative to the attestation of deeds in this State.

Also by Mr. Harrell—

A bill to repeal section 1042 of the Criminal Code, which provides for the punishment of persons convicted of a second crime.

Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to repeal the act making it unlawful to manufacture any spirituous liquors in Spalding county except domestic wines.
Also, by Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend section 9 of an act incorporating the town of Montezuma.

Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to establish the city court of Griffin in Spalding county.

The following Senate resolution was read second time.

By Mr. Chappell—

A resolution for the relief of the Georgia Relief Association.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following House bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 1 of an act approved November 25, 1899, to make it unlawful to manufacture intoxicating liquors in the county of Gwinnett, except domestic wines, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to incorporate the city of Swainsboro, in the county of Emanuel, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to provide for the removal of obstructions from Little river, Cherokee county, and for other purposes.
Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Stillmore, in Emanuel county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors in the town of Buena Vista, in the county of Marion, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Dickey, in the county of Calhoun, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act to regulate public instruction in Glynn county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Boston, Thomas county, and for other purposes.

The following Senate resolution was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Stone—

A resolution for the relief of T. J. Mitcham and others of Walton county

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes were 23, nays 0; the resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Wilcox—

A bill to amend section 732, vol. 1 of the Code.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments were as follows: By adding after the word Municipality in the 13th line of first section the words—provided that advertisements of such sale shall specify the place of sale in addition to the usual matters required in sale.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Williams—

A bill to amend section 102 of vol. 2 of the code, prescribing who shall superintend elections of justice of peace.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to establish a dispensary in the city of Barnesville.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Smith—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person or corporation to issue trading stamps or other like devices, and to provide punishment for the same.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
The following House bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to fix the time for holding the superior courts of the Rome circuit.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27; nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to fix the time of holding the superior courts of the Oconee circuit.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26; nays 0. The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

By striking the words March and September in the 9th line of the first section and substitute in lieu thereof the words February and August. Also amend by striking the words April and October in the 13th line of the first section and substituting January and July, relative to Irwin county. Also, by striking the words April and October, and inserting January and July in the 15th line of section 1st, relative to Telfair county. Also, by striking the words May and November in the 17th line of the first section, and substituting April and October, in reference to Montgomery county.
The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Cann—

A bill to amend the act providing for the reorganization, discipline, enlistment and protection of the military forces of this State.

Referred to the Military Committee.

Also, by Mr. Cann—

A bill to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a volunteer corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery.

Referred to the Military Committee.

Also, by Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend the act to vest the title to the commons of the city of Columbus in commissioners to sell the same and apply the proceeds to certain purposes.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to make it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Gwinnett county except domestic wines.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.
Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to regulate public instruction in Glynn county.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon by incorporating within its limits certain suburbs.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Stewart—

A bill to incorporate the town of Dickey in Calhoun county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Mullins—

A bill to provide for the removal of obstruction in Little river in Cherokee county.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Blue—

A bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in the town of Buena Vista.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Boston in Thomas county.
Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell of Emanuel—

A bill to incorporate the city of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell of Emanuel—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Stillmore in Emanuel county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following House bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Mitchell of Emanuel—

A bill to repeal the act incorporating the town of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Also, by Messrs. Johnson and Anderson—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville, Ga., to invest the sinking-fund.

Also, by Mr. Hawes—

A bill to establish the city court of Elberton in Elbert county.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to provide a method of proving justice court judgments out of this State.
Also, by Mr. Wight—

A bill to protect wild English, Mongolian, or other pheasants in this State.

Also, by Mr. Sanders—

A bill to change the time of holding Heard superior court.

Also, by Mr. Davis—

A bill to provide for the removal of obstructions of all kinds except dams for running mills in the streams of Newton county.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Commercial Travelers' Savings Bank.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Tuesday, November 27, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:
Those absent were Messrs.—

Norman, Smiley.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to amend an act to incorporate the Georgia Iron & Coal Company, and for other purposes. Approved February 18th, 1873.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Bell, acting chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on General Judiciary have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended.

A bill to provide for filing with the superior court copies of letters patent for all patent rights, and provide penalty for violation, and other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

H. P. Bell, Acting Chairman.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found to be correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bill, to wit:

A bill to amend section 732, vol. 1, of Code of Georgia of 1895.

Also, the following resolution, to wit:

A resolution for the relief of T. J. Mitcham and others of Walton county.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W Yopp, Chairman.

The following invitation was accepted:
Hon. Clark Howell, President Senate, City:

Dear Sir:—We are informed that certain members of your honorable body expect to visit the Technological School to-night, and it will be our pleasure to furnish special cars for transporting such of the members as will attend.

Kindly advise us the number of members who will likely attend, and at what hour and place it will suit your convenience best to take the cars.

Yours very truly,

H. N. Hurt, Superintendent.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do not pass.

A bill to fix the pay of grand and traverse jurors serving in the courts of Bartow county, Georgia, other than justice courts, at one dollar per day.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver
to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Mr. Stone, chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended.

A bill to repeal an act entitled an act to provide for the payment of certain insolvent criminal costs in the Northern Judicial Circuit.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

The following Senate resolution was read third to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Chappell—

A resolution for the relief of the Georgia Relief Association.

Upon agreeing to the report of the committee, the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:
Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

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Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

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Those not voting were Messrs.—

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<th>Carter</th>
<th>Norman</th>
<th>Walker</th>
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<td>Cobb</td>
<td>Smiley</td>
<td>Mr. President</td>
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<td>Dennard</td>
<td>Smith</td>
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The report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes were 26; nays 4; the resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Herndon—

A bill to amend section 3621 of the Code relative to the attestation of deeds out of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Amend the caption by adding after the word "notary" in next to the last line the words: "A deed to realty must be attested by two witnesses, one of whom may be one of the officials aforesaid." Amend section 1 by inserting the same words after the word "notary" in the eighth line of said section, and also at the close of said section.

Also, by Mr. Harrell—

A bill to repeal section 1042 of the Criminal Code, which provides for the punishment of persons convicted of a second offense.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to repeal the act making it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Spalding county, except domestic wines.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to establish the city court of Griffin, in Spalding county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend section 9 of an act incorporating the town of Montezuma.

Report of the committe was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Smith, chairman Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Pensions have had under considera-
tion Senate bill No. 28, a bill to be entitled an act to re-
vise the pension laws of Georgia, and for other purposes, and instruct me to report the same back with the recom-
mendation that it do not pass.

Also, Senate bill No. 46, a bill to be entitled an act to grant relief to James Elkins, a Confederate soldier of Lumpkin county, and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.
Also, Senate bill No. 24, a bill to be entitled an act to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers and widows of Confederate soldiers where the same are now residents of this State, and for other purposes, and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

Also, House bill No. 44, to pay pension of Dawson P Williams to his widow, and instruct me to report same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

W T. Smith, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Lumber City, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Kestler in the county of Early, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to provide for the removal of obstructions in streams in the county of Gwinnett, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Avera in the county of Jefferson, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to require owners of lands in Greene county, Ga., to remove obstructions from streams, and for other purposes.
Also, a bill to establish the city court of Americus, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Ellijay, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Roswell, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish the county court of Butts county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Oakfield in Worth county, and for other purposes.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended:

A bill to regulate the practice of osteopathy in this State.

Also, that the following bill of the House do pass as amended.

A bill to amend section 102 of volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.
The following minority report was submitted:

Mr. President:

The undersigned members of the General Judiciary Committee beg leave to submit a minority report upon the bill known as the Osteopathy bill, and hereby recommend that said bill do not pass.

ROLAND ELLIS,
JOHN T. ALLEN,
B. Z. HERNSTON.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Wight—

A bill to protect wild English; Mongolian or other pheasants in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Sanders—

A bill to change the time of holding Heard superior court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to amend the act to incorporate the Commercial Travelers Savings Bank.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to provide the method of proving justice court judgments from other States.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Davis—

A bill to provide for the removal of obstructions of all kinds other than bridges and dams to operate mills in Newton county.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hawes—

A bill to establish the city court of Elberton in Elbert County.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Williams—

A bill to amend section 102 of volume 1 of the Code prescribing who shall superintend elections of justice of peace.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

The amendment is by adding between the words "county" and "and upon" the following: "upon request in writing of any candidate."

This bill was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

Also, by Messrs. Johnson and Anderson—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville to invest the water-works sinking-fund.

Upon motion this bill was tabled.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to repeal the act incorporating the town of Swainsboro and all acts amendatory thereto.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to repeal the act incorporating the town of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following house bills were read first time:

By Mr. Sikes—

A bill to incorporate the town of Oakfield in Worth county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Land—

A bill to establish a county court for Butts county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Morris—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Roswell.

Referred to the Educational Committee.
Also, by Mr. Welch—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Ellijay.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Lane—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Americus.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Park and Boswell—

A bill to require the owners of land in Greene county to remove obstructions from the streams of said county.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to incorporate the town of Kestler in Early county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 2 of an act to provide for the removal of obstructions of all kinds except mill dams in Gwinnett county.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Tarver—

A bill to incorporate the town of Avera in Jefferson county.
Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to authorize the establishment of a system of public schools in Lennan city.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

The following Senate bill was read second time:

By M. Boynton—

A bill to provide for the filing with the clerk of the superior court copies of letters patents for all patent rights.

Also, by Mr. Harrell—

A bill to regulate the practice of osteopathy in this State.

And was made special order to follow the special order on to-morrow.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Messrs. Herndon and Harrell—

A bill to provide for the renewal of suits which have been notsued, dismissed or discontinued.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. King—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Georgia Iron and Coal Company.
Also, by Messrs. Merritt and Smith—

A bill to provide for the payment of insolvent criminal costs in the Northern judicial circuit.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Stewart, Cobb, Smiley and Holder.

The Senate went into executive session at 12:40 o’clock.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o’clock.

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SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Wednesday, November 28, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Grantland, Norman,
Alexander, Greer, Smith,
Baker, Hamrick, Spinks.
Bell, Hardaway, Stone,
Berrong, Harrell, Sullivan,
Boynton, Hayes, Swift,
Bush, Herndon, Tatum,
Cann, Holder, Upchurch,
Carter, Hopps, Walker,
Chappell, Jarnagin, Wilcox,
Daniel, Johnson, Williams,
Dennard, Lyndon, Yopp,
Ellis, McAfee, Mr. President,
Ford, Newton,
Those absent were Messrs.—

Cobb, Smiley, Stewart.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved:

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to provide for the ruling of marshals and other officers, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to define and regulate fraternal beneficiary orders, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to repeal section 4 of an act authorizing boards of education to prescribe the manner of making changes in books, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to require all petitions for certiorari from justices of the peace et al. to be set forth in orderly and distinct paragraphs, and for other purposes.

Also, the House has adopted the following resolution of the House in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that the General Assembly adjourn for Thanksgiving Day, November 29, 1900.

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House resolution, to wit:
A resolution to pay John Vaughn for work done in penitentiary.

The following Senate bills were recommitted to the Pension Committee:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to revise the pension laws of the State of Georgia.

Also, by Mr. McAfee—

A bill to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers and widows of Confederate soldiers when the same are now residents of this State.

Senator Wilcox was added to the Committee on Education.

Upon motion, the Senate will stand adjourned until Friday, November 30, 1900, at 11 o'clock, when it adjourns to-day.

The following bill, which was special order for to-day, was made special order for next Wednesday.

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 8 of the Constitution.

The following bill was withdrawn by the author:

By Mr. Berrong—

A bill to relieve from road duty all persons afflicted with hernia of the bowels.
Upon motion, the following special order was displaced:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to provide for the holding of a constitutional convention for this State.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof, to wit:

*Mr. President:*

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bill, to wit:

A bill to provide for the registration of voters in municipal elections in the city of Swainboro, and for other purposes.

The following special order was taken up, which is a bill

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to regulate the practice of osteopathy in this State.

Upon motion, the hour of adjournment was extended until the bill under consideration was disposed of.

Mr. Chappell offered a substitute for the original bill.

Upon this substitute the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:
Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs,—


Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Dennard, Ford, Greer, Harrell, Holder, Hopps, Johnson, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Stone, Upchurch, Walker, Wilcox.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Cobb, Spinks, Tatum, Hamrick, Stewart, Mr. President, Smiley,


The substitute was lost.

Senator Baker offered a substitute, which was lost.

Upon agreeing to the report of the committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen,           Ellis,           Jarnagin,
Baker,           Grantland,       Lyndon,
Berrong,         Greer,           McAfee,
Bush,            Hardaway,        Smith,
Carter,          Hayes,           Swift,
Dennard,         Herndon,         Yopp.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Cobb,            Spinks,          Tatum,
Hamrick,         Stewart,         Mr. President.
Smiley,          


The report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Alexander,       Harrell,         Stone,
Bell,            Holder,          Sullivan,
Boynton,         Hopps,           Upchurch,
Cann,            Johnson,         Walker,
Chappell,        Newton,          Wilcox,
Daniel,          Norman,          Williams.
Ford,            

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen,           Ellis,           Jarnagin,
Baker,           Grantland,       Lyndon,
Berrong,         Greer,           McAfee,
Bush,            Hardaway,        Smith,
Carter,          Hayes,           Swift,
Dennard,         Herndon,         Yopp.
Those not voting were Messrs.—

- Cobb, Spinks, Tatum,
- Hamrick, Stewart, Mr. President,
- Smiley,


The bill not having received the requisite constitutional majority, was lost.

Leave of absence was granted Senator Ford.

The Senate adjourned until Friday morning at 11 o’clock.

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Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,
Friday, November 30, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

- Allen, Hamrick, Stone,
- Alexander, Harrell, Sullivan,
- Baker, Hayes, Swift,
- Bell, Herndon, Tatum,
- Berrong, Lyndon, Upchurch,
- Boynton, McAfee, Walker,
- Cann, Newton, Wilcox,
- Daniel, Norman, Williams,
- Ellis, Smiley, Yopp,
- Grantland, Spinks, Mr. President,
- Greer, Stewart,
Those absent were Messrs.—

Bush, Carter, Chappell, Cobb, Dennard, Ford, Hardaway, Holder, Hopps, Jarnagin, Johnson, Smith,

The Journal of Wednesday was read and approved.

Mr. Harrell gave notice that he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the osteopathy bill.

Mr. Bell moved that the reconsideration of the osteopathy bill substitutes and amendments be made special order for next Thursday immediately after the reading of the Journal, which motion prevailed.

Judge T. L. Halton was extended the privilege of the floor during his stay in the city.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Boynton—

Resolved, That after Monday next the Senate shall meet at 10 o’clock and adjourn at 1 o’clock. But that Monday the Senate shall meet at 11 o’clock.

Senator Upchurch was added to the Penitentiary Committee.

Mr. Spinks, Chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consid-
eration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act creating a system of public schools in the city of Cartersville, Bartow county, Georgia.

Also, that the following bill of the House do pass:

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to establish a system of public schools in the town of Jesup.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

Mr. Spinks, Chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to amend an act to regulate public instruction in Glynn county, approved February 21, 1873.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman Special Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Special Judiciary Committee have had under consideration the following House bills which I, as chairman, am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that they do pass, to wit:

House bill No. 163, which is an act to amend the charter of Valdosta.

House bill No. 186, which is an act to amend an act to create a charter for the city of Valdosta, so as to provide for a recorder's court.

House bill No. 315, which is an act to amend an act entitled an act to establish the city court of Americus.

The following House bill I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

House bill No. 314, which is an act to establish a county court for the county of Butts.

The following Senate bill I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

Senate bill No. 76, which is an act to amend section 5510 of the Code of 1895.

The following House bill I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to wit:

House bill No. 122, which is an act entitled an act to
change the time of holding the superior court of Worth county

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

Mr. Yopp, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills, to wit:

A bill to amend the act creating the city court of Griffin.

Also, a bill to repeal section 1042 of the Criminal Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to repeal an act to make it unlawful to manufacture liquors in Spalding county.

Also, a bill to amend section 9 of an act to incorporate the town of Montezuma.

Also, a bill to amend section 3621 of the Code of 1895, relative to attestation of deeds out of the State.

Also, a resolution for relief of Georgia Relief Association.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.
Mr. Newton, Chairman of the Agricultural Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to provide for the removal of obstructions of all kinds from Little river in Cherokee county.

The committee also recommends that the following Senate bill do not pass:

A bill to amend sections 1778 and 1781 of the Code relative to stock law in militia districts.

Respectfully submitted.

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, Chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to change and fix the time of holding the superior court of Greene county.

Also, a bill to repeal an act to provide for the dispo-
sition of fines and forfeitures arising in the county court of Macon county.

Also, a bill to repeal an act to create a county court in each county in the State of Georgia except certain counties therein mentioned, so far as the same relates to the county of Walker.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the first time

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 4719 of the Code, so as to provide that in case the garnishee fails or refuses to file the answer therein prescribed, judgment by default may be entered up and forced against him.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Berrong—

A bill to exempt from road duty persons who have ventral hernia in their various forms.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bills, to wit:
A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Blue Ridge in the county of Fannin, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to create a new charter for the city of West Point in the county of Troup, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Dublin in and for the county of Laurens, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish a new charter for the city of Milledgeville, and for other purposes.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act approved February 18, 1873, to vest the title to the common of the city of Columbus in commissioners, and for other purposes.

I am further instructed to report back the following bill of the Senate, with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act to incorporate the city of Cartersville in Bartow county, Georgia.

Also, the following bills of the House, with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:
A bill to incorporate the town of Oakfield, Worth county, Georgia.

Also, a bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Stillmore in Emanuel county.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Ellijay.

Also, a bill to incorporate the city of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Dickey in Calhoun county.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Avera in the county of Jefferson.

Also, a bill to be entitled an act to incorporate the town of Kestler in the county of Early.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

The following resolution was read the first time:

By Mr. Smiley—

A resolution to pay the pension of W H. Ryan of Liberty county, to his widow.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

The following House bills were read the first time:
By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to require all petitions for certiorari from justice of peace and notary public, be set forth in orderly and distinct paragraphs.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Lane—

A bill to provide for the ruling of marshals and other officers.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Gresham—

A bill to repeal section 4 of an act authorizing boards of education to prescribe the manner of making changes in books.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to define and regulate fraternal beneficiary orders.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Freeman—

A bill to create a new charter for the city of West Point in Troup county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to cause and establish a new charter for the city of Milledgeville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Stubbs—

A bill to establish the city court of Dublin.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to provide for the registration of voters to vote at the municipal elections in Savannah.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hall—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Blue Ridge in Fannin county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following House resolution was read the first time:

By Mr. Yates—

A resolution to pay John Vaughn for work done in the penitentiary.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following House bills were read the second time:
By Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the act regulating public instruction in Glynn county.

Also, by Mr. Ousley—

A bill to amend the charter of Valdosta.

Also, by Mr. Harper—

A bill to amend the act establishing a system of public schools in Jesup, Wayne county.

Also, by Mr. Ousley—

A bill to amend an act to create a charter for the city of Valdosta, so as to provide for a recorder's court.

Also, by Mr. Lane—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Americus.

Also, by Mr. Mullins—

A bill to provide for the removal of obstructions from Little river in Cherokee county.

Also, by Mr. Boswell—

A bill to change and fix the time of holding Greene superior court.

Also, by Mr. Copeland—

A bill to repeal the county court of Walker county.
Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Stillmore in Emanuel county

Also, by Mr. Stewart—

A bill to incorporate the town of Dickey in Calhoun county.

Also, by Mr. Welch—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Ellijay.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to incorporate the town of Kestler in Early county.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the city of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Also, by Mr. Tarver—

A bill to incorporate the town of Avera in Jefferson county.

Also, by Mr. Sikes—

A bill to incorporate the town of Oakfield in Worth county.

Also, by Mr. Frederick—

A bill to repeal an act to provide for the disposition:
of fines and forfeitures arising in the county court of Macon county

Also, by Mr. Land—

A bill to establish a county court for Butts county.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend the act to vest the title to the common of the city of Columbus in commissioners to sell the same and apply the proceeds to certain purposes.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 5510 of the Code, which defines the duties of the clerk of the supreme court.

Upon motion, the following Senate bill was recommitted to the Education Committee:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the act creating a system of public schools in the city of Cartersville.

The following Senate resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Ellis—

A resolution instructing the Committee on W & A. R. R. to invite propositions from railroad and other corporations to build a depot in Atlanta and be reimbursed out of rentals.
The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Messrs. Merritt and Smith—

A bill to provide for the payment of certain insolvent criminal costs in the Northern judicial circuit.

Mr. Allen moved to table the bill, which motion was lost.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered.

Upon motion, this bill was made special order for next Tuesday after the reading of the Journal.

Upon motion, the session of the Senate was extended.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in Senate amendment to the following bill of the House, to wit:

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Brunswick.

The House has also concurred in Senate amendments Nos. 1 and 2, and non-concurred in Senate amendments Nos. 3 and 4, and respectfully asks the Senate to recede from amendments Nos. 3 and 4 to the following bill of House, to wit:
A bill to fix the time of holding the superior courts of the Oconee circuit, and for other purposes.

Mr. Hayes, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Military Affairs has had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to provide for the reorganization, discipline, enlistment and protection of the military forces of the State.

Also, a bill to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a volunteer corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

J. E. Hayes, Chairman.

The following House bill was also read third time to be put upon its passage.

By Mr. King—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Georgia Iron and Coal Company.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitu-
tional majority was passed as amended. The amend-
ment was as follows: Amend by striking out the
words "any county" in the ninth line of section 2, and
insert the following: "either of the counties of Bar-
tow, Cherokee, Dade or Walker," and by making the
same change in eighteenth line in same section.

At 1:10 o'clock the Senate went into executive ses-
son.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Swift, Up-
church, Yopp, Hamrick, Wilcox, Walker, Herndon,
Green, Norman, Tatum.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until Monday
morning at 11 o'clock.

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SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Monday, December 3, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11
o'clock and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members
answered to their names:

Allen, Boynton, Dennard,
Alexander, Bush, Ellis,
Baker, Cann, Ford,
Bell, Chappell, Grantland,
Berrong, Cobb, Greer,
Hamrick, Lyndon, Swift,
Hardaway, Newton, Upchurch,
Hayes, Norman, Walker,
Herndon, Smiley, Wilcox,
Holder, Smith, Williams,
Hopps, Stewart, Yopp,
Jarnagin, Stone, Mr. President.
Johnson, Sullivan,

Those absent were Messrs.—

Carter, Harrell, Spinks,
Daniel, McAfee, Tatum.

The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

Mr. Allen moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in adopting the amendment to the following House bill, to wit:

By Messrs. Merritt and Smith—

A bill to provide for the payment of certain insolvent criminal costs in the Northern judicial circuit.

The reconsideration of this bill was made the special order for to-morrow morning.

The following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the same committee it came from:

By Mr. Howard—

A bill to cause and establish a new charter for the city of Milledgeville.

Mr. Boynton, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on General Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same be recommitted from the General Judiciary Committee to the Agricultural Committee, to wit:

A bill to amend section 1776, volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Also, by Mr. Stubbs—

A bill to establish the city court of Dublin.

The following House bill was recommitted from the General Judiciary Committee to the Agricultural Committee:

By Messrs. Smith and Adams—

A bill to amend section 1775 of volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bill of the Senate, as amended by the House, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.
The House has also passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to change the time of holding the superior court of DeKalb county.

Also, a bill to change the time of holding the superior court of Baker county.

Also, a bill to amend section 752 of the Penal Code.

Also, a bill to amend an act incorporating the Germania Loan and Banking Company of Atlanta, Ga.

Also, a bill to amend the act establishing the Middle Georgia Military College.

Also, a bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Macon.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Unadilla, Dooly county.

Also, a bill to establish a system of public schools for the town of East Rome.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.

Also, a bill to create the county court of Sandersville in Washington county.

Also, a bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Thompson.

Mr. Smith, chairman Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report:
Mr President:

The Committee on Pensions have had under considera­
tion Senate bill No. 24, a bill to be entitled an act to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers and widows of Confederate soldiers when the same are now residents of the State, and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute.

Also, Senate bill No. 28, to be entitled an act to re­vise the pension laws of the State of Georgia, and for other purposes, and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute.

Respectfully submitted.

W T. Smith, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to repeal an act providing for the board of county commissioners of Bartow county

Referred to the Finance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to make it a misdemeanor to allow live stock and poultry to run at large in counties where the stock law prevails.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Dennard—

A bill to transfer the county of Wilcox from the Oconee judicial circuit to the Southwestern judicial circuit.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Dennard—

A bill to repeal the act creating the county court of Wilcox county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Dennard—

A bill to establish the city court of Rochelle, in Wilcox county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Smiley—

A bill to provide for the registration of the marks and brands or natural marks of live stock in McIntosh county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Stone—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Watkinsville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
Also, by Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon so as to authorize the mayor and council to appropriate certain sums of money to the libraries of said city.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Douglass, in Coffee county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following Senate resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Bell—

A resolution to appoint a committee to consider certain parts of the Governor's message relative to education.

This resolution was tabled.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was taken up with House amendment, which amendments were concurred in.

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:
By Mr. Land—

A bill to establish the county court of Butts county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed as amended.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 5510 of the Code which defines the duty of the clerk of the Supreme Court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Chappell—

A bill to vest the title to the commons of Columbus in the commissioners, to sell the same and apply the proceeds to certain purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for East Rome.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to alter and amend the act establishing the Middle Georgia and Agricultural College.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Slaton—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Germania Loan and Banking Company.

Referred to the Banks Committee.

Also, by Mr. Madden—

A bill to amend section 752 of the Penal Code which relates to the transfer of indictments from the superior courts to county courts.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Slaton, King and Houston—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.

Referred to the Corporation Committee—
Also, by Mr. Moore—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Thomson in McDuffie county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Macon.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to change the time of holding the superior courts in Baker county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to create the county court of Sandersville in and for the county of Washington.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to change the time of holding DeKalb superior court.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Unadilla in Dooly county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Boswell—

A bill to change and fix the time of holding the superior court of Greene county

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Ousley—

A bill to amend the act creating the charter of the city of Valdosta so as to provide for a recorder's court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to incorporate the town of Kestler in Early county.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Welch—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Ellijay in Gilmer county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Ousley—

A bill to amend the charter of Valdosta.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Copeland—

A bill to repeal the act to create a county court for Walker county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Harper—

A bill to amend the act establishing a system of public schools in the town of Jesup in Wayne county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Mullins—

A bill to provide for the removal of obstructions from Little River in Cherokee county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Frederick—

A bill to repeal the act to provide for the disposition of fines and forfeitures arising in the county court of Macon county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Stewart—

A bill to incorporate the town of Dickey in Calhoun county.
MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1900.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Tarver—

A bill to incorporate the town of Avera in the county of Jefferson.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the town of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Symons—

A bill to amend the act to regulate public instruction in Glynn county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0;
the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Stillmore in Emanuel county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Lane—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Americus.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Sykes—

A bill to incorporate the town of Oakfield in Worth county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was read third time to be put upon its passage.
By Mr. Boynton—

A bill to provide for the filing with the clerk of the superior courts copies of letters patent for all patent rights, and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended, which was as follow: Amend by adding at end of first section the words, "for filing said copy of letters the clerk shall receive $1.00, to be paid by the person offering said affidavit."

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Cann—

A bill to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a volunteer corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery.

Also, by Mr. Cann—

A bill to amend the act providing for the reorganization, discipline, enlistment and protection of the military forces of this State.

Also, by Mr. McAfee—

A bill to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers and widows of Confederate soldiers when the same are now residents of this State.
Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to revise the pension laws of this State, and for other purposes.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Daniel, Stone, Williams, Tatum.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.
Those absent were Messrs.—
Hopps, Norman, Walker.
McAfee, Tatum,

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Smith gave notice that he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill, to wit:

By Mr. Boynton—

A bill to require the registration of letters patent with the clerk of the superior court.

The motion prevailed and the bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House resolution was recommitted to the Pensions Committee:

By Mr. Burnett—

A resolution to pay pension of Dawson P Williams to his widow.

The following House bill was taken up as special order for reconsideration:

By Messrs. Smith and Merritt—

A bill to provide for the payment of certain insolvent costs in the Northern judicial circuit.

Bill was reconsidered and amendment to the amendment was adopted.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Mr. Greer, acting chairman of the Engrossing Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 5510 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to amend an act to vest the title to the commons of the city of Columbus in commissioners to sell the same.

Respectfully submitted.

J. M. GREER, Acting Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Corporation Committee, submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The Corporation Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Douglas in Coffee county.
Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Watkinsville.

The committee also recommends that the following House bills do pass:

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Thomson.

Also, a bill to establish a new charter for the town of Blue Ridge.

Also, a bill to establish a system of public schools for East Rome.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.

Also, a bill to create a new charter for the city of West Point.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Unadilla.

Also, a bill to provide for the registration of voters to vote in the municipal elections to be held in the city of Savannah.

The committee also recommends that the following House bill do pass as amended:

A bill to cause and establish a new charter for the city of Milledgeville.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.
Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to further define the incompetency of witnesses in cases where certain parties or agents are insane or deceased.

Also, a bill to amend paragraph 7, section 223 of volume 1 of the Code.

Also, a bill to amend section 3317 of the Civil Code relative to the duties of executors, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 1101 and 1103 of the Criminal Code in regard to State's solicitors' fees in supreme court.

Also, a bill to amend section 4719 of the Code of 1895.

The committee also recommends that the following House bill do pass:

A bill to allow polls at precincts to open at 7 o'clock and stay open until 6 o'clock.

The committee also recommends that the following Senate bill do not pass:
A bill to amend sections 751, 753, 755 and 762 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to transfer the county of Wilcox from the Oconee judicial circuit to the Southwestern judicial circuit.

Also, that the following bills of the House do pass:

A bill to establish the city court of Dublin.

Also, a bill to change the time of holding DeKalb superior court.

Also, a bill to change the time of holding the spring and fall sessions of the superior court of Baker county.

Also, a bill to amend an act to establish the city court of Macon in and for the county of Bibb.

Also, a bill to amend section 32 of an act to establish the city court of Greenville in and for the county of Meriwether.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.
Mr. Holder, chairman of Committee on Temperance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Temperance have had under consideration the following bills of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to amend section 1 of an act to make it unlawful to manufacture intoxicating liquors in the county of Gwinnett.

Also, a bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous vinous and malt liquors in the town of Buena Vista.

Respectfully submitted.

JNO. N. HOLDER, Chairman.

Mr. Spinks, chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to authorize and require the teaching in the public or common schools of the State of Georgia of an elementary text-book on toxicology and hygiene.

Also, a bill to amend an act to provide for the appoint-
ment of a special board of visitors to the University of Georgia, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act creating a system of public schools in the city of Cartersville, Bartow county, Ga.

Also, that the following resolution of the Senate do pass, to wit:

A resolution to authorize the superintendent of the State farm to take such number of convicts from said farm to grade the grounds surrounding the college building and the Atkinson Dormitory of the Georgia Normal and Industrial College at Milledgeville, as may be planned and specified by the college authorities.

I am further instructed to report back the following bill of the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to wit:

A bill to repeal all laws and parts of laws in the State of Georgia, that levies and collects a direct ad valorem tax on the personal and real property of the State for public school purposes.

I am further instructed to report back the following bills of the House with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Boston, Thomas county.

Also, a bill to authorize the establishment of a system of public schools in the town of Lumber City
Also, a bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Roswell.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Dennard—

A bill to repeal the act establishing the county court of Wilcox county.

Also, by Mr. Dennard—

A bill to establish the city court of Rochelle, Wilcox county.

The following House bill was also read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee:

By Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to create the county court of Sandersville in the county of Washington.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Howell—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Marietta.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following Senate resolution was taken from the table to be passed:
By Mr. Bell—

A resolution to appoint a committee to consider that part of the Governor's message relative to education.

The resolution was lost.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to protect fish in waters of Floyd county.

Also, a bill to amend an act creating a new charter for the town of Calhoun.

Also, a bill to amend an act to establish a city court in the county of Bartow, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson to provide for mayor, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson.

Also, a bill to amend an act to prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors from corn, wheat and other grain in the county of Fayette, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to prohibit manufacture of intoxicating liquors in the county of Gordon.

Also, a bill to provide for the terms of office of the commissioners of Chatham county, and for other purposes.
The House has also passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills of the Senate, to wit:

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Nash­ville, Berrien county.

Also, a bill to amend an act regulating the rate of tax to be levied for support of public schools of Carrollton.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to authorize and require the teaching in the public schools of this State of toxicology and hygiene.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to provide for the appointment of a special board to visit the State University.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend an act creating a system of public schools in the city of Cartersville.
Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 3317 of the Code relative to duties of executors.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to define the incompetency of witnesses in certain cases.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend paragraph 7, section 223 of the Code.

Also, by Mr. Dennard—

A bill to transfer the county of Wilcox from the Oconee circuit to the Southwestern circuit.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 4719 of the Code.

Also, by Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend sections 1101 and 1103 of the Criminal Code.

Also, by Mr. Stone—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Watkinsville.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Douglas in Coffee county.

The following Senate resolution was read second time:
By Mr. Allen—

A resolution to authorize the superintendent of the State's farm at Milledgeville to improve the grounds of the Georgia Normal School at Milledgeville.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Copeland—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to amend the act to prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors in Fayette county.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hitch—

A bill to provide for the term of office of the commissioners of Chatham county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to amend an act creating a new charter for the town of Calhoun, Ga.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill for the protection of fish in the waters of Floyd county.
Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to make it unlawful to manufacture any intoxicating liquors in Gordon county.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Anderson—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of the county of Bartow.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Witchard—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson so as to provide for the impeachment of mayor and council of said city.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for East Rome.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to provide for the registration of voters to vote in the municipal elections of the city of Savannah.

Also, by Messrs. Slaton, King and Houston—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.
Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Unadilla, Dooly county.

Also, by Mr. Freeman—

A bill to create a new charter for the city of West Point.

Also, by Mr. Rawles—

A bill to allow precincts to open the polls and close them at the same time that county sites are opened and closed.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to change the time of holding the superior court of Baker county.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to change the time of holding DeKalb superior court.

Also, by Mr. Hall—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Blue Ridge.

Also, by Mr. Moore—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Thomson in McDuffie county.

Also, by Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Macon.
Also, by Mr. Morris—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Roswell.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to authorize the establishment of a system of public schools in the town of Lumber City.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Boston.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to amend section 32 of an act to establish the city court of Greenville.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend the act making it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Gwinnett county.

Also, by Mr. Blue—

A bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in the town of Buena Vista in Marion county.

The following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon by incorporating within its limits certain suburbs.
The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boisfeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

*Mr. President:*

The House has adopted the following resolution of the House, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that a committee be appointed to visit the Soldiers' Home for the purpose of inspecting buildings, and for other purposes.

The House has appointed the following committee: Mr. Everett, Mr. Freeman of Troup, Mr. Gary, Mr. Franklin, Mr. Wright.

Mr. Cobb, chairman of the Committee on Enrolling, submitted the following report:

*Mr. President:*

The Committee on Enrolling have examined and found correctly enrolled and ready to be delivered to the Governor the following act:

An act to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

Respectfully submitted.

W H. Cobb, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

*Mr. President:*

I desire to make a supplemental report, to wit:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consid-
eration Senate bill No. 94, being a bill to be entitled an
act to amend the charter of the city of Marietta, and for
other purposes, which bill I am instructed to report back to
the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. HERNDON, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be
put upon their passage:

By Mr. McAfee—

A bill to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers
and widows of Confederate soldiers when the same are now
residents of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were or­
dered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Bell, Boynton, Bush, Cann, Carter, Chappell, Cobb,

Dennard,

Ellis, Ford, Greer, Hardaway, Hayes, Herndon, Johnson,

Lyndon,

Newton, Smiley, Smith, Stewart, Sullivan, Swift,

Upchurch, Wilcox.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, Berrong, Grantland, Hamrick, Harrell, Holder,

Spinks.
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, McAfee, Walker,
Daniel, Norman, Williams,
Hopps, Stone, Yopp,
Jarnagin, Tatum, Mr. President.

Ayes 25. Nays 7

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed by substitute.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the pension laws of Georgia.

Mr. Bush moved to table the bill, substitute and amendments.

Upon the motion, the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Dennard, Herndon,
Berrong, Ford, Holder,
Bush, Hayes, Spinks.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bell, Hamrick, Smith,
Boynton, Hardaway, Stewart,
Carter, Harrell, Sullivan,
Cobb, Johnson, Swift,
Ellis, Lyndon, Upchurch,
Grantland, Newton, Wilcox,
Greer, Smiley,
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Hopps, Tatum,
Alexander, Jarnagin, Walker,
Cann, McAfee, Williams,
Chappell, Norman, Yopp,
Daniel, Stone, Mr. President.


The motion was lost.

Upon agreeing to the report of the committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Ellis, Newton,
Alexander, Greer, Smith,
Baker, Hardaway, Stewart,
Boynton, Hayes, Swift,
Cann, Johnson, Upchurch,
Cobb, Lyndon, Wilcox.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Berrong, Grantland, Holder,
Bush, Harrell, Smiley,
Ford, Herndon, Spinks.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bell, Jarnagin, Tatum,
Carter, McAfee, Walker,
Chappell, Norman, Williams,
Daniel, Stone, Yopp,
Hamrick, Sullivan, Mr. President.
Hopps,


Report of the committee was agreed to.
Mr. Ellis moved that the further consideration of this bill be closed and that it be taken up to-morrow to follow the special order on that day.

The following House resolution was taken up:

By Mr. Wight—

A resolution to appoint a committee to visit Soldiers' Home for the purpose of inspecting building.

The resolution was adopted, and committee on part of Senate is Senators Smith, Chappell and Hardaway.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Ellis—

Resolved, That the committee upon the Western and Atlantic railroad be directed to consider report upon the place set out in the attached communication.

Upon motion, Senate bill No. 55 was recommitted to the Corporation Committee.

Leave of absence was granted Senators Norman and Walker.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen,                  Ford.            Newton,  
Alexander,             Grantland,        Norman,  
Baker,                 Greer,            Smiley,  
Bell,                  Hamrick,          Smith,   
Berrong,               Hardaway,         Spinks,  
Boynton,               Harrell,          Stewart, 
Bush,                  Hayes,            Stone,   
Cann,                  Herndon,          Sullivan, 
Carter,                Holder,           Swift,   
Chappell,              Hopps,            Upchurch, 
Cobb,                  Jarnagin,         Wilcox,  
Daniel,                Johnson,          Williams, 
Dennard,               Lyndon,           Yopp,    
Ellis,                 McAfee,           Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Tatum,                 Walker.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Harrell moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill of the Senate, to wit:

By Mr. McAfee—

A bill to authorize the payment to Confederate sol-
diers and widows of Confederate soldiers now residents of this State.

This bill was reconsidered.

Mr. Smith asked unanimous consent to withdraw the substitutes to Senate bills Nos. 24 and 28, which was allowed.

Upon motion, Senate bills Nos. 24 and 28 were re-committed to the Pension Committee.

Upon motion, Senate bill No. 21 was recommitted to the Agricultural Committee.

Senate bill No. 87 was recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Holder moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following resolution on yesterday:

By Mr. Bell—

A resolution to appoint a committee to investigate that portion of the Governor's message relative to education.

Upon this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Grantland, Smiley,
Bell, Hardaway, Stewart,
Cann, Hayes, Sullivan,
Carter, Holder, Upchurch,
Cobb, Hopps, Wilcox,
Ellis, Newton,
Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker, Baker, Ford, Ford, Lyndon, Lyndon,
Berrong, Berrong, Greer, Greer, McAfee, McAfee,
Boynton, Boynton, Harrell, Harrell, Norman, Norman,
Bush, Bush, Herndon, Herndon, Smith, Smith,
Chappell, Chappell, Jarnagin, Jarnagin, Swift, Swift,
Dennard, Dennard, Johnson, Johnson, Williams, Williams.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Allen, Spinks, Spinks, Walker, Walker,
Daniel, Daniel, Stone, Stone, Yopp, Yopp,
Hamrick, Hamrick, Tatum, Tatum, Mr. President, Mr. President.

The motion was lost.

STATE OF GEORGIA, EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., December 5, 1900.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

His Excellency, the Governor, has approved and signed the following act, to wit:

An act to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

The following is the special order for to-day:

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 8 of the Constitution of this State.

Mr. Harrell moved to table the bill and amendment.
Upon this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Harrell, McAfee,
Berrong, Hayes, Norman,
Boynton, Holder, Spinks,
Carter, Jarnagin, Stewart,
Cobb, Johnson, Stone,
Ford, Lyndon, Williams.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bell, Grantland, Smith,
Bush, Hardaway, Swift,
Chappell, Hopps, Walker,
Ellis, Smiley, Wilcox.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Hamrick, Tatum,
Alexander, Herndon, Upchurch,
Cann, Newton, Yopp,
Daniel, Sullivan, Mr. President.

The motion prevailed.

The following message was received from the House, through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution submitted by a joint Committee on Rules from the House and Senate, and respectfully asks the concurrence of the Senate in the same, to wit:
A resolution that Thursday, Thanksgiving day, be declared a dies-non, and that Saturday, December 15th, be fixed as day of adjournment.

Mr. Harrell, chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, submitted the following report:

*Mr. President:*

The Committee on Privileges and elections have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do not pass:

A bill to repeal the general law of this State requiring them to register to entitle them to vote.

Respectfully submitted.

G. Y Harrell, Chairman.

By unanimous consent Senate bill No. 35 was tabled until next session of the General Assembly.

The following House bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Stubbs—

A bill to establish the city court of Dublin.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Unadilla by amending its charter.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0. The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The Senate refuses to recede from its amendment to the following House bill, to wit:

By Mr. McLennan—

A bill to fix the time of holding the superior courts of the Oconee circuit.

The following House bill was taken from the table to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Freeman—

A bill to create a new charter for the city of West Point.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0. The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

*Mr. President:*

The General Judiciary Committee has had under con-
sideration the following bills of the Senate, which it in­
structs me to report back to the Senate with the recom­
mandation that the same do pass:

A bill to prescribe the manner of recommitting dis­
charged patients from the Georgia Sanitarium.

Also a bill to provide for the removal of suits which
have been nonsuited, dismissed or discontinued.

The committee also recommends that the following
Senate bill do pass as amended:

A bill to make it a misdemeanor to allow live stock
and poultry to run at large in stock-law precincts.

The committee also recommends that the following
Senate bills do not pass:

A bill to amend section 5402 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to amend section 5260 of the Code.

Also, a bill to amend the vagrant laws of the State of
Georgia.

Also, a bill to make it unlawful for any corporation,
company or person to issue trading stamps.

The committee also recommends that the following
House bills do pass:

A bill to amend section 3667 of the Code.

Also, a bill to amend section 752 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.
Mr. Cobb, chairman of the Committee on Enrolling, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Enrolling have examined and found correctly enrolled and ready for delivery to the Governor the following act:

An act to amend an act of the General Assembly of 1895, so as to authorize the city of Carrollton to levy a tax of \( \frac{7.5}{99} \) of one per cent. for school purposes for the year 1901.

Also, a resolution instructing the secretary to open the side door of the cloak-room and place a doorkeeper thereat.

Respectfully submitted.

W H. Cobb, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr Baker—

A bill to authorize and require the teaching of toxicology and hygiene in the public schools of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend the act creating a system of public schools for the city of Cartersville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to provide for a special committee to visit the State University.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend paragraph 7, section 223, volume 1 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to define the incompetency of witnesses in certain cases.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend section 1101 of the criminal Code in regard to State solicitors' fees in the Supreme Court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Cann—

A bill to amend an act to provide for the reorganization, discipline and enlistment and protection of the military forces of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 33, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Douglas in Coffee county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 33, nays 0;
the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Stone—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Watkinsville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 3317 of the civil Code relative to the duties of executors.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The Senate went into executive session at 12:40 o'clock.

The following Senate resolution was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Allen—

A resolution to require the superintendent of the State farm at Milledgeville to improve the grounds at the Georgia Normal School at Milledgeville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes were 28, nays 0; the resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Newton, chairman of Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture have had under consideration Senate bill No. 21, in relation to the stock law, and I am instructed to report back the same with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute.

Respectfully submitted.

J T. Newton, Chairman.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Howard—

A bill to change the time of holding DeKalb superior court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for East Rome.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0;
the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Newton—

A bill to fix the license fee for retailing spirituous liquors in Morgan county.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to authorize street railroad companies and electric light companies to engage in the business of furnishing heat or power, and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Ford—

A bill to amend the act creating the new charter for the city of Albany

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hamrick—

A bill to make it unlawful to catch, trap or kill the singing birds in this State.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Allen—

A bill to amend section 4719 of the Code of 1895.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26; nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Cann—

A bill to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a volunteer corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bills were read the second time:

This bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Smiley—

A bill to amend section 4193, volume 2 of the Code.

Also, by Mr. Berrong—

A bill to exempt from road duty persons who have ventral hernia and other hernia of the bowels.

Also, by Messrs. Herndon and Harrell—

A bill to provide for the removal of suits which have been nonsuited, dismissed or discontinued.
Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to make it a misdemeanor to allow live stock or poultry to run at large in stock-law districts.

Also, by Mr. Smiley—

A bill to prescribe the manner of recommitting discharged patients to the Georgia Sanitarium.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Marietta.

The following House bill was read the second time:

By Mr. Hawes—

A bill to amend section 3667 of the Code.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until 10 o’clock to-morrow.

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SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Thursday, December 6, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by Mr. Glenn.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:
Those absent were Messrs.—

Daniel.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Sullivan moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill on yesterday, which is:

By Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend section 223, volume 1 of the Code.

The amendment was adopted.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

The special order was taken up, which is a motion to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following bill on November 28th, which is:
By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Georgia.

The previous question was called.

Upon the motion to reconsider the ayes and nays were called, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Harrell, Smiley,
Bell, Holder, Stone,
Boynton, Hopps, Sullivan,
Cann, Johnson, Upchurch,
Chappell, Norman, Wilcox.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, Grantland, Newton,
Baker, Greer, Smith,
Berrong, Hamrick, Spinks,
Bush, Hardaway, Stewart,
Carter, Hayes, Swift,
Cobb, Herndon, Tatum,
Dennard, Jarnagin, Walker,
Ellis, Lyndon, Williams,
Ford, McAfee, Yopp.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Daniel, Mr. President.

Ayes 15. Nays 27

The motion was lost.

Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bills of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to catch, trap, net, kill, wound, or in any way injure any of the song birds in this State.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon so as to authorize and direct the mayor and council of said city to appropriate certain sums of money to each of the public libraries.

I am further instructed to report back the following bills of the House, with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill for the protection of fish in the waters of Floyd county.

Also, a bill to amend an act to establish a city court in the county of Bartow.

Also, a bill to create the city court of Sandersville in the county of Washington, as amended.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act creating a new charter for the city of Albany, approved December 20th, 1899.

Also, that the following bill of the Senate do not pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act to incorporate the city of Cartersville, in Bartow county, Georgia.

I am further instructed to report back the following bills of the House, with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act creating a new charter for the town of Calhoun, Ga.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson, so as to provide for the impeachment of the mayor and members of council of said city.

Also, a bill to provide for the terms of office of the commissioners of Chatham county, to terminate the terms of those now in office.

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson.

Respectfully submitted,

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.
Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee had had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to repeal the act to levy a tax on dogs in this State.

Also, a bill to amend section 4193, volume 2 of the Code, so as to enlarge the jurisdiction of county courts.

Also, a bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code.

The committee also recommends that the following Senate bill do pass as amended:

A bill to exempt from road duty persons who have ventral hernia and other hernia in their various forms.

Also, a bill to authorize electric light companies to furnish steam for heat or power.

The committee also recommends that the following House bill do not pass:

A bill to require that all petitions for certiorari from justice of the peace and notary public be set forth in orderly and distinct paragraphs.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.
Mr. Spinks, chairman of the Committee on Education submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to repeal section 4 of an act approved December 16th, 1897, authorizing boards of education to prescribe the manner of making changes in books.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

Mr. President:

The undersigned, members of the Joint Committee appointed by the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of visiting the Soldiers' Home and investigating as to the condition of the buildings, and getting estimates of cost of putting them in good condition; also, as to the amount that will be required to furnish the buildings, beg leave to submit the following joint report:

The buildings are in a remarkably good state of preservation. There are but very few rooms which are not in such excellent condition that the same might now be occupied with perfect comfort to the occupants.

The roof is of slate, and with the exception of a few places where the slate tiles have been displaced, is in most excellent condition. The removal of the slate tiles have caused the roof to leak in several places, and having been long neglected some damage to the building, especially to
the flooring in some of the halls and in a few of the rooms has been thereby occasioned. The inside of the building does not require repainting, but the outside of the building should be repainted. The benefit of the advice of the architect who designed the buildings was secured, and from a thorough inspection of the building and from the information obtained from said architect, the committee are of the opinion that the buildings can be restored to a condition which will be entirely satisfactory for occupancy at a cost of about fifteen hundred dollars.

The committee are of the opinion that the rooms can be suitably furnished for occupancy at a cost of about twenty-five dollars for each sleeping-room. The cost of furnishing the library, halls and other departments of the building would depend so much upon the plan adopted that in the absence of any plan, the committee cannot furnish definite estimates.

The grounds are beautiful, the location most desirable, and with proper attention, and at a moderate cost, the Soldiers' Home can be made a most suitable place for the old Confederate soldiers to pass their remaining days in comfort, with hearts filled with gratitude to the State, which in honoring them, honors itself.

W T. Smith,
Chairman on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing has examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bills, to wit:
A bill to amend the charter of the city of Douglas in Coffee county.

Also, a bill to amend section 3317 of the Code.

Also, a bill to amend an act creating a system of public schools in the city of Cartersville.

Also, a bill to provide for the appointment of a special board of visitors to the State University.

Also, a bill to provide for the reorganization, discipline, enlistment and protection of the military forces of this State.

Also, a bill to amend section 4719 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to further define the incompetency of witnesses in cases where certain persons are insane or deceased.

Also, a bill to require the teaching of toxicology and hygiene in the public schools of this State.

Also, a bill to amend sections 1101 and 1103 of the Criminal Code.

Also, a bill to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a volunteer infantry corps into a battalion of heavy artillery of four battery.

Also, a resolution providing for the laying off and beautifying the grounds surrounding the Georgia Normal and Industrial College and Atkinson Dormitory at Milledgeville.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.
Mr. Holder, chairman of the Temperance Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Temperance Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to fix the license fee for retailing spirituous liquors in Morgan county.

The committee also recommends that the following House bills do pass:

A bill to make it unlawful to manufacture any spirituous liquors in Gordon county.

Also, a bill to amend the act prohibiting the manufacture of spirituous liquors in Fayette county.

The committee also recommends that the following Senate bill do not pass:

A bill to authorize and empower the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville to establish a dispensary

Respectfully submitted.

JNO. N. HOLDER, Chairman.

Mr. Newton, chairman of Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture have had under consid-
eration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to require owners of lands in Greene county, Ga., to remove obstructions from streams.

Also, a bill to amend section 2 of an act approved December 18, 1893, providing for the removal of obstructions of all kinds except mill dams from the creeks and other running streams in Gwinnett county.

Respectfully submitted.

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to establish a dispensary in the city of Barnesville, Ga.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon so as
authorize the mayor and council to appropriate money to certain libraries.

Also, by Mr. Ford—

A bill to amend the act creating a new charter for the city of Albany.

Also, by Mr. Newton—

A bill to fix the license of retailing liquors in Morgan county.

Also, by Messrs. Herndon and Hamrick—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to catch, kill or destroy the singing birds of this State.

The following Senate bills were taken up with adverse report from committees:

By Mr. Bell—

A bill to repeal the general law requiring the registration of voters of this State.

This bill was tabled.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to repeal all laws levying and collecting direct ad valorem tax on personal property for educational purposes.

Mr. Baker moved to disagree to the report of the committee, which motion was lost.

The report of the committee was agreed to and bill lost.
Upon motion, debate on adversely reported bills be limited to 10 minutes.

Also, by Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend section 5402 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to and bill lost.

Also, by Mr. McAfee—

A bill to grant relief to James Elkins, a Confederate soldier.

Report of the committee was agreed to and bill lost.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to authorize and require the mayor and aldermen to establish a dispensary in the city of Cartersville.

Mr. Baker moved to disagree to the report of the committee.

Mr. Ellis called for the previous question which call was sustained.

Upon disagreeing to the report of the committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bell, Boynton, Ford, Greer, Hamrick, Hayes, Holder, Hopps, Jarnagin, Johnson, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Smith, Stewart, Swift, Upchurch, Walker, Wilcox, Williams, Yopp.
Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker,  Ellis,  Lyndon,
Berrong, Grantland, Smiley,
Bush, Hardaway, Stone,
Carter, Harrell, Sullivan,
Chappell, Herndon, Tatum,
Dennard,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Cobb, Spinks,
Alexander, Daniel, Mr. President,
Cann,


The report of the committee was agreed to and bill lost.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Mr. Swift, chairman of the Committee on Banks, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Banks have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:
A bill to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Germania Loan and Banking Co., of Atlanta, Ga.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. M. SWIFT, Chairman.

The following Senate bill was withdrawn by its author:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to fix the pay of grand and traverse jurors in Baker county.

At 12:35 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend section 5461 of the Code relative to the rate of legal advertisement.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Senate bill No. 55 was recommitted to the Corporation Committee.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Moore—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Thomson in McDuffie county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Howell—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Marietta.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Herndon—

A bill to repeal an act to amend sections 1778 and 1781 of the Code in regard to stock law in militia districts.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 3; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed by substitute.

Also, by Mr. McLennan—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Lumber City.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Milledgeville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Leave of absence was granted Senator Cobb.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o’clock.

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SENA TE CHAM BER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Friday, December 7, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Alexander, Baker, Bell, Berrong, Boynton, Bush, Cann, Carter, Chappell, Cobb, Dennard, Ellis, Ford, Grantland, Greer, Hamrick, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Herndon, Holder, Hopps, Jarnagin, Johnson, Lyndon, McAfee,
Those absent were Messrs.—

Daniel.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Baker moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in agreeing to the adverse report of the committee on the following bill, to wit:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of Cartersville to establish a dispensary.

The motion prevailed and the bill was tabled.

Mr. Chappell, chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A bill to repeal the act creating a board of commissioners for the county of Bartow.

The committee has also had under consideration the
following resolution of the House, which I am directed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A resolution to pay John Vaughn for work done in the penitentiary.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House bill, which I am directed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A bill to define and regulate fraternal beneficiary orders.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bills, to wit:

A bill to amend paragraph 7, section 223, volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to amend an act to amend the charter of Marietta.

Also, a bill to amend an act to amend sections 1778 and 1781 of the Code of 1895 in regard to stock-law.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W. YOPP, Chairman.
Mr. Newton, chairman of the Agricultural Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Agricultural Committee has had under consideration the following Senate bill, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass by substitute:

A bill to amend section 658, volume 3 of the Code.

The committee also recommends that the following House bill do not pass:

A bill to enlarge the duties of the commissioner of agriculture for the inspection of milk and butter.

Respectfully submitted.

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Mr. Stone, chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

Upon motion, Senate bill No. 96 was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bill was read the first time:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the road laws of Bibb county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to repeal an act to provide for a county board of commissioners for Bartow county.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend section 658, volume 3 of the Code.

The following Senate bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

23 sj
By Mr. Smiley—

A bill to amend section 4193 of volume 2 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 1; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Smiley—

A bill to prescribe the manner of recommitting discharged patients to the Georgia Sanitarium.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Herndon and Harrell—

A bill to provide for the removal of suits which have been nonsuited, dismissed or discontinued.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Berrong—

A bill to relieve from road duty all persons who have ventral hernia and other hernias in their various forms.

Report of the committee was disagreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Baker, Baker,
Berrong, Berrong, Berrong,
Dennard, Dennard, Dennard,
Norman, Norman, Norman,
Swift, Swift, Swift,
Tatum, Tatum, Tatum,
Yopp, Yopp, Yopp.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Alexander, Alexander,
Bell, Bell, Bell,
Boynton, Boynton, Boynton,
Bush, Bush, Bush,
Ford, Ford, Ford,
Grantland, Grantland, Grantland,
Hamrick, Hamrick, Hamrick,
Hardaway, Hardaway, Hardaway,
Hayes, Hayes, Hayes,
Hopps, Hopps, Hopps,
Johnson, Johnson, Johnson,
Lyndon, Lyndon, Lyndon,
McAfee, McAfee, McAfee,
Newton, Newton, Newton,
Smiley, Smiley, Smiley,
Smith, Smith, Smith,
Stewart, Stewart, Stewart,
Stone, Stone, Stone,
Sullivan, Sullivan, Sullivan,
Wilcox, Wilcox, Wilcox,
Williams, Williams, Williams.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Allen, Allen,
Cann, Cann, Cann,
Carter, Carter, Carter,
Chappell, Chappell, Chappell,
Cobb, Cobb, Cobb,
Daniel, Daniel, Daniel,
Ellis, Ellis, Ellis,
Greer, Greer, Greer,
Harrell, Harrell, Harrell,
Herndon, Herndon, Herndon,
Holder, Holder, Holder,
Jarnagin, Jarnagin, Jarnagin,
Spinks, Spinks, Spinks,
Upchurch, Upchurch, Upchurch,
Walker, Walker, Walker,
Mr. President, Mr. President, Mr. President.

Ayes 7  Nays 21.

The bill not having received the requisite constitutional majority was lost.

Also, by Mr. Bell—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to allow live stock and poultry to run at large on the lands of another.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Previous question was called.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 5, nays 19; the bill not having received the requisite constitutional majority was lost.

Also, by Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon, so as to authorize the mayor and council to appropriate certain money to the library.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Bell—

Resolved, That the Senate hereby approve and commend the policy and efforts of the Hon. J. E. Brown, State Librarian, in securing and depositing in the library the works of Georgia authors.

The passage of the Senate bills then continued:

By Mr. Newton—

A bill to fix the license of the retailing liquors in Morgan county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed,

House bill No. 11 was recommitted to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Ford—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Albany.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Herndon and Hamrick—

A bill to make it unlawful to catch, kill or in any way destroy the singing birds of this State.

Report of the committee was disagreed to.

Mr. Harrell moved to table the bill, the motion was lost.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 7; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage.

By Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon so as to include within its limits certain suburbs.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

The following Senate bill was read first time.

By Mr. Cann—

A bill to restore the rank of Lieutenant Colonel of the Georgia State troops, colored.

Referred to the Military Committee.

Senator Swift was added to the Appropriation Committee,

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal the act levying a tax on dogs in this State.

Also, by Mr. Grice—

A bill to amend section 4193, volume 2 of the Code, so as to enlarge the jurisdiction of county courts.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code.

Also, by Mr. Gresham—

A bill to repeal section 4 of an act authorizing Boards.
of Education to prescribe the manner of making changes in books.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to define and regulate fraternal beneficiary orders in this State.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill for the protection of fish in the waters of Floyd county.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to make it unlawful to manufacture any intoxicating liquors in Gordon county.

Also, by Messrs. Park and Boswell—

A bill to require the land owners in Greene county to remove obstructions of all kinds in the streams of said county.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 2 of an act providing for the removal of obstructions in the streams of Gwinnett county.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to amend the act prohibiting the manufacture of liquors in Fayette county.
Also, by Mr. Hitch—

A bill to provide for the terms of office of commissioners of Chatham county.

Also, by Mr. Whitchard—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson so as to provide for the impeachment of the mayor and council.

Also, by Mr. Madden—

A bill to amend section 752 of the Code, which relates to transfer of indictments from superior courts to county courts.

Also, by Mr. Copeland—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson.

Also, by Mr. Slaton—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the Germania Loan and Banking Company.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Calhoun, Georgia.

Also, by Mr. Anderson—

A bill to establish a city court in the county of Bartow.

This bill was recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.
The following House resolution was read second time:

By Mr. Yates—

A resolution to pay John Vaughn for work done in the penitentiary.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Macon.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hawes—

A bill to amend section 3667 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 2; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Rawls—

A bill to allow county precincts to open the polls and close them at the same time as county sites.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 15, nays 17; the bill not having received the requisite constitutional majority was lost.

Motion of reconsideration was given.

Also by Mr. Hall—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Blue Ridge.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Ellis—

Resolved, That the House be notified that the business of the Senate has been disposed of, and that the Senate awaits the general appropriation bill and general tax act, and for other purposes.

At 12:50 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

Leaves of absence were granted Senators Lyndon, Stone, Hamrick, Upchurch, Cann, Spinks, Hopps, Walker.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.
Sen. Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,
Saturday, December 8, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Grantland, Norman,
Alexander, Greer, Smiley,
Baker, Hardaway, Smith,
Bell, Harrell, Stewart,
Berrong, Hayes, Stone,
Boynton, Herndon, Sullivan,
Bush, Holder, Swift,
Cann, Jarnagin, Tatum,
Carter, Johnson, Wilcox,
Chappell, Lyndon, Williams,
Dennard, McAfee, Yopp,
Ellis, Newton, Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Cobb, Hopps, Upchurch,
Daniel, Spinks, Walker,
Hamrick, 
A bill to make appropriations for executive, legislative and judicial departments of the State, and for other purposes.

The House has also passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following Senate bills, to wit:

A bill to be entitled an act to amend section 9 of an act to incorporate the town of Montezuma in the county of Macon, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to be entitled an act to change the time of holding Whitfield superior court, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to be entitled an act to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil in the county of Berrien, and for other purposes.

The House has also passed as amended the following bill of the Senate, to wit:

A bill to amend an act to establish the city court of Griffin.

Mr. Smith, chairman of the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Pensions have had under consideration House resolution No. 44 to pay pension of Dawson P. Williams to his widow, and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Also, Senate resolution No. 23 to pay the pension of W.H. Ryan to his widow, Mary C. Ryan, and instruct me
to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted.

W T. SMITH, Chairman.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills, to wit:

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to catch, trap, net, kill, wound or in any way take or injure the mocking birds of this State.

Also, a bill fixing the license fee for retailing liquors in Morgan county at fifteen thousand dollars.

Also, a bill to amend the act creating a new charter for Albany.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

Also, a bill to amend section 4193, volume 2 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to prescribe the manner of recommitting discharged patients from the State Sanitarium.

Also, a bill to provide for the renewal of suits which have been nonsuited, dismissed or discontinued without the payment of costs.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W. YOPP, Chairman.
The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority the following bill of the House, to wit:

A bill to be entitled an act to authorize and direct the Board of County Commissioners of Bibb county to appropriate certain fixed sums of money annually to each of the two public libraries in Macon, Ga.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bill, to wit:

A bill to amend section 4927 of the Code of 1895, in regard to cutting timber, and for other purposes.

Mr. Chappell moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following House bill, to wit:

By Mr. Rawls—

A bill to allow county precincts to open and close the same as county cites in certain cases.

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Ellis moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following resolution:
By Mr. Ellis—

A resolution notifying the House that the Senate is up with its business, and awaits the appropriations bill and general tax act.

The motion prevailed and the resolution was tabled.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Blue—

A bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in the town of Buena Vista in Marion county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to appropriate moneys for the support of the State Government for the years 1901 and 1902.

Referred to the Appropriation Committee.

One hundred copies of the appropriation bill be printed for the use of the Senate.

The following Senate bill was read first time:
By Mr. Grantland—

A bill to amend section 862 of volume 1 of the Code relative to insolvent lists of tax collectors.

Ordered engrossed.

The following Senate resolution was read second time.

By Mr. Smiley—

A resolution to pay pension of W. H. Ryan of Liberty county to his widow.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to repeal the act to provide for the Board of County Commissioners in Bartow county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Baker—

A bill to amend section 658 of volume 3 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed by substitute.
The following Senate resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Ellis—

Resolved, That a committee of three from Senate be appointed to confer with the Treasurer on certain matters pertaining to the appropriation bill and general tax act.

Committee is Senators Ellis, Grantland and Tatum.

The following Senate bill was read second time.

By Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to authorize street railroads and electric light companies to do the business of steam heating.

The following House resolution was read second time.

By Mr. Burnett—

A resolution to pay pension of Dawson P. Williams to his widow.

The following House bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal the tax on dogs in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Yates—

A resolution to pay John Vaughn for work done in the penitentiary.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

This being an appropriation, the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—


Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Newton.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Bell, Cann, Cobb, Daniel, Greer, Hamrick, Hopps, Jarnagin, Lyndon, Norman, Spinks, Stone, Sullivan, Swift, Upchurch, Walker, Williams, Mr. President.


The resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to amend the act prohibiting the manufacture of spirituous liquors in Fayette county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, the nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Grice—

A bill to amend section 4193 of volume 2 of Code so as to enlarge the jurisdiction of county courts.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 1775, volume 1 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Gresham—

A bill to repeal section 4 of an act authorizing boards of education to prescribe the manner of making changes in books.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 1; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to define and regulate fraternal beneficiary orders in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Boston, Thomas county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to amend section 32 of an act establishing a city court of Greenville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Messrs. Park and Boswell—

A bill to require the land owners of Greene county, Ga., to remove obstructions from the streams of Greene county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0: the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to make it unlawful to manufacture any spirituous liquors in Gordon county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to change the time of holding Baker superior court.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill to provide for the protection of fish in Floyd county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 1 of an act to make it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Gwinnett county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Madden—

A bill to amend section 752 of the Code which relates to the transfer of indictments from superior court to the county court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hutchins—

A bill to amend section 2 of an act providing for the removal of obstructions in the streams of Gwinnett county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Morris—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Roswell.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Slaton—

A bill to amend the charter of the Germania Loan and Banking Company.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Whitchard—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson so as to provide for impeachment of mayor and councilmen of said city.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Calhoun.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Copeland—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dawson.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was read second time:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to establish a dispensary in Barnesville.

Mr. Boynton, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to authorize street railroad companies and electric light companies to engage in the business of furnishing steam for heat or power, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.
The following House bill was read first time.

By Mr. Drawdy—

A bill to amend section 4927, of the Code, relative to application to enjoin cutting timber.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Senator Ford was granted leave of absence for a few days.

Senate went into executive session at 12:20 o'clock.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Monday, December 10, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Carter, Hamrick,
Alexander, Chappell, Hardaway,
Baker, Cobb, Hayes,
Bell, Daniel, Herndon,
Berrong, Dennard, Holder,
Boynton, Ellis, Hopps,
Bush, Grantland, Jarnagin,
Cann, Greer, Johnson,
Those absent were Messrs.—
Ford, Harrell.

The Journal of Saturday was read and approved.

The following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the Appropriation Committee.

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to provide for the appropriation for the State of Georgia for the years 1901 and 1902.

Mr. Yopp, Chairman Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 658, volume 3, Code of Georgia of 1895.

Also a bill to repeal an act to provide for a board of commissioners for the county of Bartow, approved March 2d, 1874.

Respectfully submitted,

S. W. Yopp, Chairman.
Mr. Spinks, Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

*Mr. President:*

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to alter and amend an act entitled an act to establish the Middle Georgia Military College.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage.

By Messrs. Slaton, King and Houston—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:
Mr. President:

His Excellency, the Governor, has approved and signed the following act, to wit:

An act regulating the rate of taxation for school purposes in the city of Carrollton.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Hitch, to wit:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Mr. Boynton, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to provide for the ruling of marshals, and for other purposes.

Also a bill to amend section 3509 of the Code, so as to shorten the publication of citations.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.
The following Senate resolution was read third time and tabled.

By Mr. Smiley—

A resolution to pay pension of W. H. Ryan of Liberty county.

The following Senate bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to establish a dispensary for the city of Barnesville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

The following Senate resolution was read the first time.

By Mr. McAfee—

A resolution concerning the ceding jurisdiction over certain lands in the State of Georgia to the United States of America for the purpose of establishing a National Forest Reserve or Park.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

At 10:55 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

The following Senate bills were read second time:
By Mr. Grantland—

A bill to amend section 862 of volume 1 of the Code, relative to insolvent lists of tax collectors.

The following House bill was read second time:

By Mr. Steed—

A bill to amend section 3509 of volume 2 of the Code, so as to shorten the time for the publication of citations for dismissal.

Also, by Mr. Underwood—

A bill to amend section 1419 of the Code.

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to require deposit of insurance and other companies to be registered.

House amendments to the following Senate bill were concurred in.

By Mr. Grantland—

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to establish the city court of Griffin in Spalding county

The following House bill was read second time:

By Mr. Lane—

A bill to provide for the ruling of marshals and other officers, and for other purposes.
The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to be entitled an act to change the name of the Reformatory Prison to the Industrial farm.

Also, a bill to amend an act to provide a new charter for the town of Tennille, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act to create the office of commissioner of public schools and revenue for the county of Irwin, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Columbus, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to provide for better drainage of lands in Campbell county, Ga.

Also, a bill to empower treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to abolish the grand jury in the city court of Savannah, and other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 5269 of vol. 2 of Code 1895.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Resaca in Gordon county.

Also, a bill to empower Commissioners of Roads in
Burke county to appoint superintendents of roads and bridges.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Deepstep in Washington county.

Also, a bill to amend an act to establish a system of public schools in Conyers, Ga.

Also, a bill to appropriate one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to Georgia State Sanitarium.

Also, a bill to authorize the insurance companies doing business on assessment plan to hereafter do a general life insurance business, etc.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Roberta, etc.

Also, a bill to provide a system of public schools for Covington, Ga.

Also, a bill to appropriate five thousand dollars to the Board of Trustees of University of Georgia.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Swainsboro.

Also, a bill to repeal an act creating a board of county commissioners in Chattooga county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Waycross, in the county of Ware.

Also, a bill to amend the several acts incorporating the town of Louisville.
Also, a bill to establish in each county in Georgia a home for dependent children, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend paragraph 1 of section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution of Georgia.

Also, a bill to amend an act establishing the city court of Barnesville, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to provide for compensation of deputy sheriffs in this State.

Also, a bill to make bonds for title admissible to record, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 583, volume 1, Code 1895.

Also, a bill to authorize the Georgia and North Carolina Manufacturing Company to construct a dam across the Tugaloo river.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Smithville.

Also, a bill to abolish the county court of Early county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 982 of volume 1 of Code of 1895, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to alter and amend the several acts incorporating the town of Sandersville.

The House has also passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bill:
A bill to amend an act to vest the title to the commons of Columbus, Ga., in the commissioners.

The House has also passed by requisite constitutional majority the following House resolution:

A resolution endorsing the deepening of river and harbor at Savannah.

The House has also adopted the following House resolution:

A resolution to relieve Jeff Amerson, principal, and J. R. Hunter, security.

The following Senate bill was read the second time and recommitted to the Military Committee:

By Mr. Cann—

A bill to restore the rank of lieutenant-colonel of the Georgia State troops (colored).

The following House resolution was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Burnett—

A resolution to pay pension of Dawson P. Williams to his widow.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

This being an appropriation the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:
Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—


Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Baker, Bell, Berrong, Bush, Cann, Ellis, Ford, Hamrick, Harrell, Herndon, Holder, Stone, Sullivan, Upchurch, Mr. President.

Ayes 28. Nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House bill was read the second time:

By Mr. Howard—

A bill to amend an act establishing the Middle Georgia Military College.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Downing—

A bill to amend the act creating the office of commissioners of public roads in the county of Irwin.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish the city court of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to change the name of the reformatory prison to the industrial farm.

Referred to the Penitentiary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Franklin—

A bill to amend an act providing for a new charter incorporating the town of Tennille.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to abolish the county court of Early county

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Madden—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Barnesville.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Turner—

A bill to amend the act establishing a system of public schools in the city of Conyers.
MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1900.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Harper—

A bill to repeal an act creating the board of roads and revenues for the county of Chattooga.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Wright—

A bill to establish in each county in this State a home for dependent children.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to amend section 982 of the Code providing for the selection by the Governor of banks for State depositories.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

Also, by Mr. Howard—

A bill to appropriate the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the Georgia Sanitarium.

Referred to the Appropriation Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Franklin and Hardwick.

A bill to incorporate the town of Deepstep in Washington county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
Also, by Mr. Park—

A bill to amend section 583 of the Code, volume 1.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Foster—

A bill to provide for the compensation of deputy sheriffs in the State.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to carry into effect an act amending paragraph 1, section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution, providing for the annual pension to widows.

Referred to the Appropriation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Resaca in Gordon county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to abolish the grand jury in the city court of Savannah.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Roberta.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Miller—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Columbus regarding the matter of paving.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Duncan—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Smithville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to amend the several acts amending the charter of the city of Sandersville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend and supersede the several acts incorporating the town of Louisville in Jefferson county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to authorize life insurance companies doing
business on the assessment plan to do a general life insurance business.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Bruce—

A bill to appropriate $5,000 to the trustees of the State University.

Referred to the Appropriation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Davis—

A bill to amend sections 4 and 5 of an act to provide a system of public schools for the city of Covington.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hodges—

A bill to authorize the Georgia and Carolina manufacturing company to construct dams across the Tugalo river.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Hall, Kilburn and Felder—

A bill to authorize the county commissioners of Bibb county to appropriate certain sums of money to the libraries in Macon.

Referred to the Finance Committee.
Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to amend exception 1 of section 5269 of volume 2 by adding certain words to same.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Toomer—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Waycross.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Toomer—

A bill to make bonds for title admissible to record and to define the effect of such record.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to empower the treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk and fix his salary.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to provide for the better drainage of lands in Campbell county.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Carswell—

A bill to empower the road commissioners of Burke county to appoint supervisors of roads and bridges.
The following House resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Hitch—

A resolution endorsing the deepening of the river and harbor at Savannah.

This resolution was laid over.

Also, by Mr. Steed—

A resolution for the relief of Jeff Amerson, principal, and J. R. Hunter, security.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following Senate bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to authorize street railroad companies and electric light companies to engage in the business of steam heating.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on General Judiciary have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same “do pass,” to wit:
A bill to amend section 5461 of the Civil Code in regard to the rate of legal authority.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

The following Senate bill was read second time:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend section 5461 of the Civil Code in regard to the rate of legal advertisement.

Senator Daniel was granted leave of absence for the remainder of the week on account of sickness.

Senator Norman was granted leave of absence for Tuesday

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o’clock.

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Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,
Tuesday, December 11, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:
Those absent were Messrs.—

Daniel, Ford, Norman.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to require deposit of insurance and other companies to be registered.

Also, a bill to establish in each county in this State a home for dependent children.

The committee also recommends that the following Senate resolution do pass:
A resolution to cede to the United States certain lands.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Smithville.

Also, a bill to amend and supersede the several acts incorporating the town of Louisville, Ga., in the county of Jefferson.

Also, a bill to amend an act to alter and amend the several acts incorporating the town of Sandersville.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Columbus regarding the matter of paving.

Also, a bill to amend an act approved December 13, 1871, incorporating the town of Resaca in Gordon county.

Also, a bill to amend an act to provide a new charter incorporating the town of Tennille in the county of Washington.

Also, a bill to amend an act to incorporate the town of Roberta approved December 26, 1890.
Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Deepstep in the county of Washington.

Also, a bill to empower the treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk, to fix the compensation of said clerk, and to authorize the commissioners of Chatham county to pay his salary out of the general fund of the county.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boisfeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bills, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Adel.

Also, a bill to create a board of commissioners for roads, public property and finance for the county of Johnson.

Also, a bill to incorporate the public schools of Roberta, Georgia.

Also, a bill to fix the time for election and appointment of all officers of the city of Savannah.

Also, a bill to create a city court for the county of Early, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend section 3 of an act to incorporate the town of Mount Airy in Habersham county.
Also, a bill to incorporate the city of Blakely in lieu of the town of Blakely

Also, a bill to provide a system of taxing property of telephone companies in this State.

Also, a bill to provide for employment of State Entomologist.

Also, a bill to provide for selection by the Governor of banks as State depositories.

Also, a bill to incorporate the city of Demorest.

Also, a bill to amend section 4465 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Woodbury school district in Meriwether county.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Upshaw school district in Cobb county.

The House has also passed by requisite constitutional majority the following House resolutions, to wit:

A resolution to authorize the board of trustees of the Georgia School for Deaf to appoint an eye, ear and throat specialist.

Also, a resolution to pay pension of A. E. Harp to his children.

Mr. Yopp, chairman of Engrossing Committee, submitted the following report:

_Mr. President:_

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found
correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bill, to wit:

A bill for the establishment of a dispensary in the city of Barnesville, Ga.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W Yopp, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following House bills, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the village of East Thomaston in the county of Upson.

Also, a bill to incorporate the city of Lucretia in Emanuel county.

House bill No. 392 was changed from the Corporation Committee to the Temperance Committee.

The following Senate bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to amend section 5461 of the Civil Code in regard to the rate of legal advertisement.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

House bill No. 319 was changed from Special Judiciary to the General Judiciary.

Also, by Mr. Cann—

A bill to restore the rank of lieutenant-colonel of the Georgia State troops, colored.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Grantland—

A bill to amend section 862, volume 1 of the Code relating to insolvent lists of tax-collectors.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following Senate resolution was taken up:

By Mr. McAfee—

A resolution to cede to the United States certain lands.

The resolution was adopted and ordered immediately transmitted to the House.
The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Knight—

A bill to reincorporate the town of Adel in Berrien county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Bray—

A bill to create a board of county commissioners for Johnson county.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to amend section 982 of volume 1 of the Code relative to the selection of State depositories.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to create a city court for the county of Early.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Wells—

A bill to fix the time for the election and appointment of all officers for the city of Savannah.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to incorporate the Woodbury school district in Meriwether county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to create the city of Blakely in lieu of the town of Blakely.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Tumlin—

A bill to authorize the board of trustees for the Georgia School for the Deaf and Dumb to appoint a specialist on the eye, ear and throat.

Referred to the Deaf and Dumb Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Anderson and Morris—

A bill to incorporate the Upshaw school district in Cobb county

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Demorest.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
Also, by Mr. Stubbs—

A bill to amend an act providing for a special department of horticulture and pomology; the employment of an entomologist.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to incorporate the public schools of Roberta.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. Steed—

A bill to provide a system of taxing telephone companies in this State.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend section 3 of an act incorporating the town of Mount Airy.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Burnett—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

The following House resolution was read first time:
By Mr. Frederick of Macon—

A resolution to pay the pension of O. E. Hart to his children.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

The following House bills were read second time and recommitted:

By Mr. Davis—

A bill to amend sections 4 and 5 of an act to provide a system of public schools for the city of Covington.

The bill was recommitted to the Educational Committee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to change the name of the Reformatory Prison to the Industrial Farm.

This bill was recommitted to the Penitentiary Committee.

The following House bills were read second time.

By Mr. Harden—

A bill to empower the treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk and fix his compensation.

Also, by Mr. Miller—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Columbus regarding the matter of paving.
Also, by Mr. Wright—

A bill to establish in each county of this State a home for dependent children.

Also, by Mr. Tarver—

A bill to supersede the several acts incorporating the town of Louisville.

Also, by Mr. Franklin—

A bill to amend the act providing a new charter incorporating the town of Tennille.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Resaca.

Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Roberta.

Also, by Messrs. Franklin and Hardwick—

A bill to incorporate the town of Deepstep in Washington county.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to amend the several acts incorporating the town of Sandersville.

The following resolution was adopted:

By Mr. Hitch—

A resolution indorsing the deepening of the river and harbor at Savannah.
The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Lane—

A bill to provide for the ruling of marshals and other officers of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Steed—

A bill to amend section 3509 of volume 2 of the Code, to shorten the time for publication of citations.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 4; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to require deposits of insurance and other companies to be registered.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to create the office of commissioner of public roads for the county of Irwin.

Also, a bill to amend section 1419, of volume 1 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that same do pass as amended:

A bill to amend exception 1 to section 5269 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Hodges—

A bill to amend section 4465 of the Code.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.
Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the city of Lucretia in the county of Emanuel.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Tisinger—

A bill to incorporate the village of East Thomaston in the county of Upson.

Referred to Corporation Committee.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Downing—

A bill to create the board of commissioners of public roads in the county of Irwin.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to amend section 5269 of the Code.

The following Senate resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Cobb—

Resolved, That a committee from the House and Senate be appointed to investigate the penitentiary department.

Referred to the Penitentiary Committee.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:
By Mr. Hardin—

A bill to provide for the registration of voters in the municipal elections for the city of Savannah.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Underwood—

A bill to amend section 1419 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

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Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,

Wednesday, December 12, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:
Those absent were Messrs._—

Daniel.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Senator Yopp was granted leave of absence for the remainder of the session on account of sickness in family.

Mr. Spinks moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill of the House on yesterday:

By Mr. Steed—

A bill to amend section 3509 of the Code relative to the shortening of the publication of citations.

The previous question was called.

The motion prevailed.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Candler, to wit:
Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boisfeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bill of the House, to wit:

A bill to authorize the corporation of the city of Sandersville in Washington county.

Mr. Yopp, chairman Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found correctly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 862 of Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to amend section 5461 of the Code of 1895.

Also, a bill to restore the rank of lieutenant-colonel of the Georgia State troops, colored, and provide a roll of retired officers for same.

Also, a resolution concerning the ceding jurisdiction over certain lands to United States of America.

Respectfully submitted.

S. W Yopp, Chairman.
Mr. Smith, chairman of the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Pensions have had under consideration Senate bill No. 28 entitled an act to revise the pension laws of the State of Georgia, etc., and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

Also Senate bill No. 24 entitled an act to authorize the payment to Confederate soldiers, where the same are now residents of this State, etc., and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

Also, House resolution No. 81, a resolution to pay the pension of A. E. Hart to his minor children, and instruct me to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted.

W T. SMITH, Chairman.

Mr. Swift, chairman of the Committee on Banks, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Banks have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend section 982 of volume 1 of the Code
of 1895, providing for selection by the Governor of Banks, in certain cities therein named as State depositories.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. M. SWIFT, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the village of East Thomaston in the county of Upson.

Also, a bill to create a board of commissioners for roads, public property and finance for the county of Johnson, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to create a city court for the county of Early, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend an act to incorporate the city of Demorest in Habersham county, Ga., and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Upshaw school district of Cobb county.

Also, a bill to reincorporate the town of Adel in the county of Berrien.
Also, a bill to create and incorporate the city of Blakely in lieu of the town of Blakely.

Also, a bill to incorporate the city of Lucretia in the county of Emanuel.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

Also, a bill to amend section 3 of an act to incorporate the town of Mount Airy in Habersham county.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

Mr. Cobb, chairman of the Committee on Enrolling, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Enrolling have examined and found correctly enrolled and ready for the signatures of the officers and delivery to the Governor the following acts, to wit:

An act to amend an act to vest the titles to the commons of the city of Columbus in commissioners.

Also, an act to establish a new charter for the town of Cecil in Berrien county.

Also, an act to establish a new charter for Nashville in Berrien county.

Also, an act to amend an act to establish the city court of Griffin.
Also, an act to change the time of holding the superior courts of Whitfield county.

Also, an act to amend section 9 of an act to incorporate the town of Montezuma in Macon county.

Respectfully submitted.

W H. COBB, Chairman.

Mr. Hamrick, chairman of the Penitentiary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Penitentiary Committee have had under consideration House bill No. 336, which is a bill entitled an act to change the name of the "reformatory prison" to the "industrial farm," and they instruct me, as their chairman, to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass.

Respectfully submitted.

W D. HAMRICK, Chairman.

Mr. Chappell, chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following House resolution, which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A resolution for the relief of Jeff Amerson, principal, and J. R. Hunter, security.
I am also directed to report back the following House bills with the recommendation that they be read the second time and be recommitted to the Committee on Finance:

A bill to authorize and direct the board of county commissioners of Bibb county to appropriate certain funds to each of the two public libraries now established in the city of Macon.

Also, a bill to authorize life insurance companies doing business on the assessment plan to hereafter do a general life insurance business upon complying with this act.

Also, a bill to provide a system of taxing telephone companies in each of the counties of this State in which their lines run, and to provide a mode of assessing and collecting the same.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Mr. Newton, chairman of Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to provide for the better drainage of lands in the county of Campbell.

Also, a bill to authorize, ratify and confirm the right and power of the Georgia and Carolina Manufacturing Company to construct a dam or dams across Tugalo river.
Also, that the following bill of the House do pass by substitute, to wit:

A bill to enlarge the duties of the Commissioners of Agriculture for the inspection of milk, butter, etc.

Respectfully submitted.

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

Mr. Spinks, chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to establish a system of public schools in the city of Conyers, approved September 11, 1899.

Respectfully submitted.

W. E. Spinks, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend the road laws of Bibb county.
Also, that the following bills of the House do pass:

A bill to empower the commissioners of roads and revenues of Burke county to appoint supervisors of roads and bridges of said county.

Also, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act creating a board of county commissioners of roads and revenues for the county of Chattooga.

Also, a bill to establish the city court of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Also, a bill to amend an act approved December 11, 1897, entitled an act to establish the city court of Waycross in the county of Ware.

Also, a bill to amend an act establishing the city court of Barnesville.

Also, a bill to abolish the county court of Early county, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to abolish the grand jury in the city court of Savannah.

Also, a bill to fix the time for the election and appointment of all officers in the city of Savannah.

Also, a bill to amend an act to amend section 4465 of the Code of 1895.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

The Governor's communication was referred to Senators
Bell, Hardaway and McAfee, in reference to the portrait of Hon. A. H. Colquitt.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. King—

A bill to authorize life insurance companies doing business on the assessment plan to do a general insurance business.

This bill was recommitted to the Finance Committee.

Also, by Messrs. Hall, Kilburn and Felder—

A bill to authorize the board of county commissioners of Bibb county to appropriate certain moneys to the libraries of the city of Macon.

This bill was recommitted to the Finance Committee.

Also by Mr. Steed—

A bill to provide for the taxing of telephone companies in this State.

Recommitted to the Finance Committee.

Also, by Mr. Bruce—

A bill to appropriate the sum of $5,000 to the trustees of the State University.

Recommitted to the Appropriation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A bill to carry into effect an act amending paragraph 1,
section 1, article 7 of the Constitution providing for the pay of widows' pensions.

This bill was recommitted to the Appropriation Committee.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bill, to wit:

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Sylvester.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to amend section 982 of the Code relative to the selection of State depositories.

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

Upon motion, the following House joint resolution was taken from the table:
By Messrs. Little and Howell—

A resolution that Thanksgiving day be declared a dies non and fixing Saturday, December 15th, the day for adjournment.

This resolution was concurred in.

The following House bill was read second time:

By Mr. Howard—

A bill to appropriate one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the Georgia Sanitarium.

This bill was recommitted to the Appropriation Committee.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Hardwick—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Sandersville.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Sikes—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Sylvester.

Referred to the Educational Committee.

The following House bills were read second time.
By Mr. Park—

A bill to enlarge the duties of commissioner of agriculture so as to inspect milk and butter.

Also, by Mr. Hodges—

A bill to authorize the Georgia and Carolina Manufacturing Co. to erect a dam across the Tugalo river.

Also, by Messrs. Anderson and Morris—

A bill to incorporate the Upshaw school district in Cobb county.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to provide for the drainage of the lands in Campbell county.

Also, by Mr. Harper—

A bill to repeal an act creating the county commissioners of Chattooga county.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to abolish the county court of Early county.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to create and incorporate the city of Blakely in lieu of the town of Blakely.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to create the city court of Early county.
Also, by Mr. Turner—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the city of Conyers.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to amend section 982 of the Code relative to the selection of State depositories.

Also, by Mr. Knight—

A bill to reincorporate the town of Adel in Berrien county.

Also, by Mr. Carswell—

A bill to empower the commissioners of Burke county to appoint a supervisor of roads and bridges.

Also, by Mr. Burnett—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend section 3 of an act incorporating the town of Mount Airy.

Also, by Mr. Madden—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Barnesville.

Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Demorest.
Also, by Mr. Toomer—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Waycross.

Also, by Mr. Bray—

A bill to create a board of county commissioners of Johnson county.

Also, by Mr. Tisinger—

A bill to incorporate the village of East Thomaston in Upson county.

Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to amend section 982 of the Code relative to the selection of State depositaries.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish the city court of Swainsboro in Emanuel county.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the city of Lucretia in Emanuel county.

Also, by Mr. Wells—

A bill to fix the time for the election and appointment of all officers of the city of Savannah.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to abolish the grand jury in the city court of Savannah.
Also, by Mr. Hodges—

A bill to amend section 4465 of the Code.

The following House resolutions were read second time:

By Mr. Steed—

A resolution for the relief of Jeff Amerson, principal, and J. R. Hunter, security.

Also, by Mr. Frederick—

A resolution to pay pension of A. E. Harp to his children.

The following Senate bill was read second time and recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to require all legal advertisements of the several counties of this State to be published in the same paper as the sheriffs' advertisements.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Wilcox—

A bill to prohibit the sale or manufacture of cigarettes in this State.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:
By Mr. Wright—

A bill to establish in each county of this State a home for the dependent children.

Report of the committee was disagreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Boynton, Hopps, Sullivan,
Chappell, Smiley, Walker,
Herndon, Spinks,

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Greer, Norman,
Baker, Hamrick, Smith,
Bell, Hardaway, Stewart,
Berrong, Harrell, Stone,
Bush, Hayes, Swift,
Cann, Johnson, Tatum,
Carter, Lyndon, Upchurch,
Cobb, McAfee, Wilcox,
Dennard, Newton, Williams,
Ford,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Grantland, Yopp,
Daniel, Holder, Mr. President,
Ellis, Jarnagin,


The bill not having received the requisite constitutional majority was lost.

Mr. Newton, chairman of Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend an act providing for a special department of horticulture and pomology, the employment of an entomologist, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

J. T. Newton, Chairman.

The following minority report was submitted:

Mr. President:

We, the undersigned minority of the Committee on Agriculture, in the investigation of House bill No. 259, beg leave to dissent from the report of the majority, and to enter our protest against the passage of said bill. The appropriation asked for in the bill is to be taken from the public school fund, to which we cannot give our assent. While we recognize the importance of the fruit industry in Georgia, and would gladly promote the same by friendly legislation not incompatible with public policy and the Constitution, we cannot invade this sacred school fund, already cut too low for the best interest of the children of Georgia.

Respectfully submitted.

W T. Smith,
J A. Bush,
J. Miles Berrong,
G. G. Ford.
Senator Swift was allowed to withdraw Senate bill No. 33.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Columbus regarding the matter of paving.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Franklin—

A bill to amend the new charter incorporating the town of Tennille.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Harkins—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Resaca in Gordon county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Downing—

A bill to amend the act to create the office of commissioners of public roads for Irwin county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Roberta.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. King.

A bill to change the name of the reformatory prison to the industrial farm.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend and supersede the several acts incorporating the town of Louisville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Franklin and Hardwick—

A bill to incorporate the town of Deepstep in Washington county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to alter and amend the several acts incorporating the town of Sandersville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boisenillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bills, to wit:

A bill to provide for the acceptance by the State of Georgia of the property known as the Confederate Soldiers' Home of Georgia.
Also, a bill to levy tax for support of State government and public institutions for educational purposes, pay interest on public debt, to pay maimed Confederate soldiers and widows of Confederate soldiers, and for other purposes.

The following House bill was read second time:

By Mr. Stubbs—

A bill to provide for a special department of horticulture and pomology, and the employment of an entomologist.

House bill No. 25 was recommitted to the Corporation Committee. Also House bill No. 168.

At 12:50 the Senate went into executive session.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. Williams—

Resolved, That the messenger be authorized to appoint a doorkeeper for the rear door of his room.

The resolution will lay over until to-morrow.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o’clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:


Those absent were Messrs. —

Boynton, Daniel, Yopp.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following joint resolution of the House, to wit:

2 st
A resolution to authorize the Governor to supply casual deficiencies, and for other purposes.

The House has also passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bill, to wit:

A bill to pay off and retire bonds of the State as they mature, and for other purposes.

The following message was received from the Governor:

STATE OF GEORGIA, EXECUTIVE OFFICE, ATLANTA, December 12, 1900.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The son and daughter of the late Senator Alfred H. Colquitt have tendered to the State a life-sized portrait of that distinguished Georgian.

None of her public men have served Georgia in the halls of the State and National legislature, in the executive office and on the field of battle, with more fidelity and distinguished ability than Senator Colquitt. He deserves a place in the galaxy of her distinguished sons.

I therefore recommend that the General Assembly adopt a joint resolution accepting the portrait and tendering the thanks of the State to the donors, and authorizing the Governor to have it suspended in some conspicuous place in the capitol along with the portraits of other illustrious citizens whose pictures adorn its walls.

A D. CANDLER.

Mr. Holder moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following bill of the House:
By Mr. Wright—

A bill to establish in each county of this State a home for the dependent children.

The motion prevailed.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Gary—

A bill to provide for the acceptance by the State of Georgia of the property known as the soldiers' home.

Referred to the Pensions Committee.

Also, by Mr. Wight and others—

A bill to levy a tax for the maintenance of the State Government for the years 1901 and 1902.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following House resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Blalock—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies in the public fund.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. President:

The Special Committee of the Senate, to whom was referred the special message of the Governor, communicating to the General Assembly the tender by the
son and daughter of the late Senator Alfred H. Colquitt, to the State, of a life-sized portrait of that distinguished soldier and statesman, and with the recommendation that the same be accepted, have had the same under consideration, and respectfully submit, as their report thereon (the adoption of which they recommend), the following joint resolution, to wit:

1. *Resolved* by the Senate, the House concurring, that his Excellency, the Governor, be, and he is, hereby directed to accept, in the name of the people of Georgia, the portrait of the late Senator Colquitt, by his son and daughter, so generously tendered to said State, and his Excellency be, and he is, hereby directed to place such portrait in the most conspicuous and eligible place practicable in the capitol.

2. *Resolved*, That the Governor is hereby directed to express to the donors the grateful thanks of the people of Georgia for the privilege of placing among her jewels in the capitol the portrait of this distinguished Georgian, who was as brave in battle as he was wise in counsel.

Respectfully submitted.

H. P Bell, Chairman.

The report of the committee appointed to consider the message of the Governor in reference to the portrait of the Hon. A. H. Colquitt was adopted.

The following message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Chandler, to wit:

*Mr. President:*

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to de-
liver to the Senate a sealed communication, to which he respectfully invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Mr. Spinks, chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Sylvester, Worth county, Georgia.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

Mr. Chappell, chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am directed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A bill to authorize and direct the Bibb county commissioners to appropriate certain sums to two public libraries in Macon, Georgia.

The committee also direct me to report back the following House bill, with the recommendation that it do pass as amended, to wit:
A bill to authorize assessment life insurance to do a general life insurance business on complying with the terms of the act.

Respectfully submitted,

THOS. J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Mr. Smith, chairman of the committee on Pensions, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Pensions has had under consideration House bill No. 44, to be entitled an act to provide for the acceptance by the State of Georgia of the property known as "The Confederate Soldiers' Home of Georgia," and for other purposes, and instructs me to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted.

W T. SMITH, Chairman.

Mr. Baker, chairman of the Committee on School for Deaf and Dumb, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on the School for Deaf and Dumb has had under consideration a House resolution authorizing the board of trustees of the Georgia School for the Deaf to appoint an eye, ear and throat specialist, and for other purposes, which they direct me to report back with a recommendation that the same do pass as amended.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. BAKER, Chairman.
The following House bill was read first time.

By Mr. Johnson—

A bill to pay off and retire bonds of the State as they may mature.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following House bill was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Park—

A bill to enlarge the duties of the Commissioner of Agriculture so as to provide for the inspection of milk and butter in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to and the bill was tabled.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Tumlin—

A bill to authorize the trustees of the Georgia School for the Deaf and Dumb to appoint a specialist on the ear, eye and throat.

Also, by Mr. Sikes—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Sylvester.

The following House bills were read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.
By Mr. Foster—

A bill to provide for the compensation of deputy sheriffs in this State.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to incorporate the Woodberry school district.

Also, by Mr. Hardwick—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the city of Sandersville.

Also, by Mr. Park—

A bill to amend section 583 of volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Mr. Holder, chairman of Committee on Temperance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Temperance have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Smithville.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN N HOLDER, Chairman.

The following bill was read second time:
By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Smithville.

The following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Toomer—

A bill to make bonds for title admissible to record.

Mr. Grantland, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on appropriations have had under consideration the following bill of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to be entitled an act to make appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the several departments of the State government.

Respectfully submitted.

S. Grantland, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bills, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the town of Cornelia.
Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Crawfordville.

Also a bill to amend the road laws of Bibb county so as to provide that the county of Bibb shall pay the mayor and council of Macon, Ga., the sum of ten thousand dollars per annum.

Also, a bill to change the apportionment of representatives in the General Assembly, and for other purposes.

The following House bill was taken up to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to provide for the ordinary expenses of the State government for the years 1901 and 1902.

Mr. Holder offered the following amendment:

Amend by striking out the figures $40,000 and inserting $30,000 in line 20 of section 4.

And upon this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Baker</th>
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<th>Holder</th>
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<td>Berrong</td>
<td>Dennard</td>
<td>Wilcox</td>
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<td>Bush</td>
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Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Allen</th>
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<td>Alexander</td>
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<td>Cann</td>
<td>Grantland</td>
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Those not voting were Messrs.—

The amendment was lost.

Mr. Cobb moved to amend as follows: Amend by inserting one million in line 45, section 4, in lieu of eight hundred thousand.

And upon this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—
Allen, Hamrick, Newton, Baker, Harrell, Smiley, Berrong, Hayes, Stewart, Cann, Herndon, Stone, Chappell, Lyndon, Swift, Ellis, McAfee, Williams, Grantland,
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bell, Daniel, Yopp,
Boynton, Greer, Mr. President.
Carter, Hardaway, 

Ayes 17  Nays 19.

The amendment was lost.

The Senate adjourned until 3:30 o’clock this afternoon.

3:30 O’CLOCK.

The Senate met, pursuant to adjournment, at 3:30 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Upon motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following House bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 2061 of the Civil Code of 1895, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to create a board of county commissioners for the county of Douglas.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Iron City, and for other purposes.
Also, a bill to amend section 1 of an act requiring corporations doing life insurance business in this State to print on all policies the character of same.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to require all life insurance companies doing an insurance business on the assessment plan to have the same printed on their policies.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hardwick—

A bill to change the apportionment of Representatives in the General Assembly.

Referred to the Con. Reapportionment Committee.

Also, by Mr. Bower—

A bill to incorporate the town of Iron City.

Referred to the Corporation Committee—

Also, by Mr. Felder—

A bill to amend the road laws of Bibb county.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Crawfordville.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.
Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the act to incorporate the town of Cornelia.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hathcock—

A bill to provide for the creation of board of county commissioners of Douglas county.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following House bill was read the third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Hodges—

A bill to amend section 4465 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was taken from the table to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to require all the county advertisements to be done in the same paper as the sheriff publishes his advertisements.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

The bill was tabled.
The following House bill was read the second time:

By Mr. Drawdy—

A bill to amend section 4927 of the Code relative to cutting timber.

The following House bill was read the first time:

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to amend section 2061 of the Code of 1895.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until 7:30 o’clock to-night.

7:30 O’clock.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 7:30 o’clock; was called to order by the President.

Upon motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

The following Senate bill was taken from the table and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Baker—

A bill to require all legal advertisements to be published in the same gazette as those of the sheriff.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

It was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.
Notice was given that at the proper time a motion would be made to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the amendment to the appropriation bill to change the appropriation from $800,000 to $1,000,000 to the public schools.

The following House bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Turner—

A bill to amend an act to establish a system of public schools in the city of Conyers.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to incorporate the city of Blakely in lieu of the town of Blakely.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to provide for better drainage for the lands of Campbell county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1900.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Hardwick and Franklin—

A bill to amend section 982 of the Code relative to the selection of State depositories.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,
Friday, December 14, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen,
Alexander,
Baker,
Bell,
Berrong,
Bush,
Cann,
Carter,
Chappell,
Cobb,
Dennard,
Ellis,
Ford,
Grantland,
Greer,
Hamrick,
Hardaway,
Harrell,

29 sj
Those absent were Messrs.—

Boynton, Daniel, Yopp.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Smith moved that House bill No. 44 be made special order for to-morrow morning at 10:45 o'clock.

And upon this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Alexander, Berrong, Cann, Cobb, Ellis, Grantland, Greer, Hardaway, Hayes, Herndon, Hopps, Jarnagin, Lyndon, Newton, Norman, Swift, Smith, Stewart, Sullivan, Swift, Tatum, Walker, Wilcox, Williams, Mr. President.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bell, Daniel, Stone,
Boynton, Harrell, Walker,
Carter, Holder, Yopp,
Chappell, Johnson, Mr. President.


The motion prevailed.

The tax bill was made special order immediately after the soldiers' home bill.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Herndon—

A resolution, That the appropriation bill be made the continuing special order from 10:30 o'clock until 12:45 o'clock, and that when the Senate adjourn it will meet again at 3 o'clock to read House bills the second time.

The following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee:

By Mr. Hathcock—

A bill to provide for the creation of a board of county commissioners for Douglas county.

Mr. Grantland, chairman of Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration the following bills of the House, which I
am instructed to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill to carry into effect an act amending paragraph 1 of section 1 of article 7 of the Constitution of this State, by providing an annual pension to the widows of ex-Confederate soldiers.

Also, a bill to appropriate to the board of trustees of the University of Georgia five thousand dollars.

Also, a bill to appropriate one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the Georgia State Sanitarium.

I am further instructed to report back the following bill of the House with the recommendation that the same be read the second time and recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations:

A bill for the relief of George W. Harrison, State printer.

Respectfully submitted.

SEATON GRANTLAND, Chairman.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the town of Iron City.
Also, a bill to amend the charter of Crawfordville, Georgia.

Also, a bill to incorporate the town of Cornelia.

I am further instructed to report back the following bill of the House with the recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to wit:

Bill No. 168 in relation to the investment of the sinking-fund of Cartersville, Ga.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. HERNDON, Chairman.

Mr. Hamrick, chairman of Penitentiary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Penitentiary Committee has had under consideration the following resolution of the Senate, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to wit:

A joint resolution to investigate the penitentiary department of the State.

Respectfully submitted.

W D. HAMRICK, Chairman.

The following House bills were read the second time:

By Mr. King—

A bill for the relief of George W. Harrison, State printer.
Also, by Mr. Gary—

A bill to provide for the acceptance by the State of Georgia of the property known as the soldiers' home.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Crawfordville.

Also, by Mr. Wight and others—

A bill to levy a tax for the maintenance of the State government for the years 1901 and 1902.

This bill was recommitted to the Finance Committee.

The following House bill and resolution was read the second time and recommitted to the Finance Committee.

By Mr. Johnson—

A bill to pay off and retire bonds of the State as they may mature.

Also, by Mr. Blalock—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply a deficiency.

The following House bills were read second time:

By Mr. Bower—

A bill to incorporate the town of Iron City.
By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the act to incorporate the town of Cornelia.

The following House resolutions were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Steed—

A resolution for the relief of Jeff Amerson, principal, and J. R. Hunter, security.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Frederick—

A resolution to pay pension of A. E. Harp to his children.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

This being an appropriation the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Bell, Cann, Chappell, Daniel, Dennard, Ellis, Hamrick, Harrell, Spinks, Walker, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.

Ayes 30. Nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following resolutions of the House in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution, That the portrait of Senator Alfred H. Colquitt, tendered the State by his son and daughter, be accepted, etc.

Also, a resolution to complete the unfinished business of session of 1900.

The House has also passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bills, to wit:

A bill to provide for and permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding that of registration, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to provide for appointment of a commission to whom shall be entrusted the duty of making
display of the State's resources at the Buffalo and Charleston Expositions, etc.

The House also passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bill as amended, to wit:

A bill to amend section 115 of volume 1 of the Code of 1895, and for other purposes.

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate resolution, to wit:

A resolution providing for laying off and beautifying the grounds surrounding the Georgia Normal and Industrial College, etc.

Mr. Herndon, chairman of the Committee on Corporations, begs leave to submit the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration House bill No. 251, an act to empower the treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk, and for other purposes, which bill I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass.

Respectfully submitted.

B. Z. Herndon, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by requisite constitutional majority the following House resolutions, to wit:
A resolution authorizing payment of J. L. Coffee's pension to his widow, Arzela Coffee, etc.

Also, a resolution authorizing payment of pension of W. T. Fanning to his widow

The House has also passed by requisite constitutional majority the following House bill:

A bill to relieve Confederate soldiers of this State from payment of professional or occupation tax.

The following minority report was submitted:

Mr. President:

The undersigned members of the Appropriation Committee beg to differ with the majority of the committee in recommending the adoption of an amendment to 6th section, providing for payment of cattle inspectors, and respectfully urge that same should not be passed, for the reason that in our opinion the same will work greater harm than good, and that there is no necessity therefor. And in addition the money asked for is to be taken from the already meager public school funds.

Respectfully submitted.

J. A. Bush,
W. H. McAfee,
G. G. Ford,
J. J. Dennard.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:
Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bill, to wit:

A bill fixing the license fee for retailing or vending spirituous liquors in Morgan county

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in Senate amendment to following bill of the House, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.

The following House bill was taken up to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to provide appropriation for the maintainance of the State government for the years 1901 and 1902.

Mr. Cobb moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in adopting section 4 on yesterday.

The previous question was called and the call was sustained.

Upon this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Ford, Smith,
Baker, Greer, Spinks,
Berrong, Harrell, Tatum,
Boynton, Holder, Upchurch,
Bush, Hopps, Walker,
Cobb, Jarnagin, Wilcox,
Dennard, Smiley, Williams.
Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, Grantland, Lyndon,
Bell, Hamrick, McAfee,
Cann, Hardaway, Stewart,
Carter, Hayes, Stone,
Chappell, Herndon, Swift,
Ellis, Johnson,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Daniel, Norman, Yopp,
Newton, Sullivan, Mr. President.

Ayes 21. Nays 17

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Cobb offered the following amendment:

Amend by making the appropriation to the public school fund $1,000,000 instead of $800,000.

The previous question was ordered.

Upon this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Harrell, Smith,
Bush, Holder, Spinks,
Cann, Hopps, Stewart,
Carter, Jarnagin, Tatum,
Cobb, Johnson, Upchurch,
Dennard, McAfee, Walker,
Ford, Norman, Wilcox,
Greer,
Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen,  
Baker,  
Bell,  
Berrong,  
Boynton,  
Chappell,

Ellis,  
Grantland,  
Hamrick,  
Hardaway,  
Hayes,  
Herndon,

Lyndon,  
Newton,  
Smiley,  
Stone,  
Swift,  
Williams.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Daniel,  
Sullivan,  
Yopp,  
Mr. President,


The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Cobb moved to adopt section 4 as amended.

Upon this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen,  
Alexander,  
Bush,  
Cann,  
Chappell,  
Cobb,  
Dennard,  
Ford,

Greer,  
Harrell,  
Hayes,  
Holder,  
Hopps,  
Jarnagin,  
Johnson,  
McAfee,

Norman,  
Smith,  
Spinks,  
Sullivan,  
Tatum,  
Upchurch,  
Walker,  
Wilcox.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker,  
Bell,  
Berrong,  
Boynton,  
Ellis,

Grantland,  
Hamrick,  
Hardaway,  
Herndon,  
Lyndon,

Smiley,  
Stewart,  
Stone,  
Swift,  
Williams.
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Carter, Daniel, Newton, Yopp, Mr. President.

Ayes 24. Nays 17

The section was adopted.

The committee offered the following amendment.

Amend by appropriating $500 for the years 1901 and 1902 for the inspection of cattle.

Mr. Tatum offered the following amendment to the amendment:

Amend by adding: That no inspector be appointed until the Commissioner of Agriculture is called upon by the county authorities.

Mr. Harrell called for the previous question.

And upon this call the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Bush, Ford, Norman, Tatum.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker, Bell, Berrong, Boynton, Cann, Carter, Dennard, Ellis, Grantland, Greer, Hamrick, Harrell, Hayes, Herndon, Hopps, Lyndon, McAfee, Newton, Smiley, Stewart, Swift, Williams.
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Jarnagin, Upchurc'h,
Chappell, Johnson, Walker,
Cobb, Smith, Wilcox,
Daniel, Spinks, Yopp,
Hardaway, Stone, Mr. President,
Holder, Sullivan,

Ayes 5. Nays 22.

The call for the previous question was lost.

The previous question was called.

Senator Tatum's amendment was lost.

Upon the committee amendment the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Ellis, Johnson,
Baker, Grantland, Lyndon,
Bell, Greer, McAfee,
Berrong, Hamrick, Newton,
Boynton, Hardaway, Norman,
Cann, Hayes, Smiley,
Carter, Herndon, Smith,
Chappell, Holder, Stewart,
Cobb, Hopps, Swift,

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Tatum, Walker,
Bush, Upchurc'h, Williams,
Ford,
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Daniel, Spinks, Wilcox,
Dennard, Stone, Yopp,
Harrell, Sullivan, Mr. President.
Jarnagin,

Ayes 27  Nays 7

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Swift moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in adopting the amendment appropriating $1,000,000 instead of $800,000 to the public school fund.

Mr. Harrell moved to adjourn.

Upon this motion the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, Ellis, Harrell,
Carter, Hardaway,

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Alexander, Hayes, Smith,
Baker, Herndon, Spinks,
Bell, Holder, Stewart,
Berrong, Jarnagin, Stone,
Boynton, Johnson, Sullivan,
Cobb, Lyndon, Swift,
Dennard, McAfee, Tatum,
Ford, Newton, Upchurch,
Grantland, Norman, Walker,
Greer, Smiley, Williams,
Hamrick,
Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Daniel, Yopp,  
Cann, Hopps, Mr. President.  
Chappell, Wilcox,  


The motion was lost.

Upon the motion to reconsider the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Grantland, Newton,  
Bell, Hardaway Smiley,  
Berrong, Hayes, Stone,  
Boynton, Herndon, Swift,  
Chappell, Lyndon, Williams.  
Ellis,  

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, Greer, Smith,  
Alexander, Harrell, Spinks,  
Bush, Holder, Stewart,  
Cann, Hopps, Sullivan,  
Carter, Jarnagin, Tatum,  
Cobb, Johnson, Upchurch,  
Dennard, McAfee, Walker,  
Ford, Norman, Wilcox.  

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Daniel, Yopp, Mr. President.  
Hamrick,  


The motion was lost.
Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Allen, Ford, Ford,
Alexander, Alexander, Greer, Greer,
Bush, Bush, Harrell, Harrell,
Cann, Cann, Hayes, Hayes,
Carter, Carter, Holder, Holder,
Chappell, Chappell, Hopps, Hopps,
Cobb, Cobb, Jarnagin, Jarnagin,
Dennard, Dennard, Johnson, Johnson,

McAfee,
Norman,
Smith,
Spinks,
Upchurch,
Walker,
Wilcox,

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker, Baker, Hamrick, Hamrick,
Bell, Bell, Hardaway, Hardaway,
Berrong, Berrong, Herndon, Herndon,
Boynton, Boynton, Lyndon, Lyndon,
Ellis, Ellis, Newton, Newton,
Grantland, Grantland, Smiley, Smiley,

Stewart,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swift,
Tatum,
Williams,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Daniel, Daniel, Yopp, Yopp,
Yopp, Mr. President.


The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Notice of a motion of reconsideration was given on the bill just passed.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o’clock.
The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Upon motion the roll call was dispensed with.

At 3:10 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

Mr. Spinks, chairman pro tem. of Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on General Judiciary has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to amend section 2061 of the Civil Code of 1895.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman pro tem.

Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following bills of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to provide for compensation of deputy sheriffs in this State.
Also, a bill to amend an act to authorize the corporation of the city of Sandersville to levy a tax for the purpose of establishing and maintaining public schools in said city.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Woodbury school district in Meriwether county, Georgia.

I am further instructed to report back the following bill of the House with the recommendation that same do not pass, to wit:

A bill to amend section 583, volume 1 of the Code of 1895.

Respectfully submitted.

Alonzo C. Stone, Chairman.

Upon motion, the Senate will reconvene at 8 o'clock to-night.

The following House bill was read second time.

By Mr. Knowles—

A bill to provide that all insurance companies doing insurance on the assessment plan shall have the same printed on their policies.

This bill was recommitted to General Judiciary Committee.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill to amend section 2061 of the Code.
The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following Senate resolution, to wit:

A resolution to cede jurisdiction over certain lands to United States of America, and for other purposes.

The House has adopted the following resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution authorizing State Printer to substitute the word “prison” for the word “pension” wherever same occurs in House resolution No. 49.

The following House resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Hardin—

A resolution authorizing the payment of pension of W. P. Fanning to his widow.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

Also, by Mr. Hamby—

A resolution to authorize the payment of pension of J. L. Coffee to his widow.

Also, by Mr. King—

A resolution that the portrait of Senator A. H. Colquitt, tendered by his son and daughter, be accepted.

This resolution was adopted.
The following House bill was read first time:

By Mr. Howard—

A bill to relieve all Confederate soldiers of this State from the payment of professional or occupation tax.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

The following House resolutions were read and adopted:

By Mr. Yates—

A resolution authorizing the State Printer to substitute the word "prison" for the word "pension" whenever it occurs in resolution No. 49.

Also, by Mr. Wellborn—

A resolution authorizing the Speaker of the House, Clerk of the House, Secretary of Senate, Auditing Committees of the House and Senate, Enrolling Committees of the House and Senate, postmistress and two porters, to remain over five days to bring up the unfinished business of the session.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until to-night at 8 o'clock.

8 O'clock.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 8 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Upon motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

The following House bill was read second time:
By Mr. Walker—

A bill to incorporate the public schools of Roberta, Georgia.

Mr. Spinks, chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to amend sections 4 and 5 of an act approved September 13, 1887—an act to provide a system of public schools for the city of Covington.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.

Mr. Spinks, chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the public schools of Roberta, Georgia.

Respectfully submitted.

W E. SPINKS, Chairman.
Mr. Chappell, chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am directed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A bill to pay off and retire bonds of the State as they mature, and for other purposes.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House resolution, which I am directed to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to wit:

A resolution authorizing the Governor to supply casual deficiencies, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Mr. Stone, chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Special Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to provide for the creation of a board of Com-
missioners for the county of Douglas, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

A. C. Stone, Chairman.

The following House bills were taken up, read the third time, and put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Hall, Kilburn and Felder—

A bill to authorize and direct the board of county commissioners of Bibb county to pay certain moneys to the libraries of Macon.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Davis—

A bill to amend sections 4 and 5 of an act providing a system of public schools for Covington.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Duncan—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Smithville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to empower the treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk and fix his salary.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Johnson and Anderson—

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of the city of Cartersville to invest the water-works sinking-fund.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed by substitute.

Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to establish the city court of Swainsboro in Emanuel county

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the city of Lucretia in Emanuel county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Wells—

A bill to fix the time of electing and appointing all officers in the city of Savannah.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hardin—

A bill to abolish the grand jury in the city court of Savannah.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Messrs. Anderson and Morris—

A bill to incorporate the Upshaw school district in Cobb county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hitch—

A bill to provide for the terms of office of the county commissioners of Chatham county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hodges—

A bill to authorize the Georgia and Carolina Manufacturing Company to establish dams across the Tugalo river.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Also, by Mr. Sikes—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Sylvester.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Demorest.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Howell—

A bill to incorporate the Woodbury school district in Meriwether county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend section 3 of an act incorporating the town of Mount Airy.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Carswell—

A bill to empower the commissioners of roads and
revenues of Burke county to appoint a supervisor of roads and bridges.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hardwick—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the city of Sandersville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Knight—

A bill to reincorporate the town of Adel in Berrien county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Tisinger—

A bill to incorporate the village of East Thomaston in Upson county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. George—

A bill to amend section 982 of the Code relative to the selection of State depositories.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Bray—

A bill to create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for the county of Johnson.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Toomer—

A bill to amend the act to establish the city court of Waycross.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. Madden—

A bill to amend the act establishing the city court of Barnesville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Burnett—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following House resolution was read the third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Tumlin—

A resolution to authorize the board of trustees of the Georgia school for the deaf and dumb to employ a specialist on the eye, ear and throat.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was taken up with House amendment and the amendment was concurred in:
By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to amend section 115 of the Code which provides for the disposition of election papers in primary elections.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Spinks—

A bill to prescribe the qualifications of mayor, councilmen and marshals of the town of Dallas.

Referred to the Corporation Committee.

Also, by Mr. Spinks—

A bill to allow the Confederate veterans now, or who are hereafter on the indigent pension roll, to practice medicine without paying special license.

Referred to the Pension Committee.

Upon motion, House bill No. 78 was made special order to follow the special orders on to-morrow

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.
Senate Chamber, Atlanta, Ga.,
Saturday, December 15, 1900.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, Grantland, Norman,
Alexander, Greer, Smiley,
Baker, Hamrick, Smith,
Bell, Hardaway, Spinks,
Berrong, Harrell, Stewart,
Boynton, Hayes, Stone,
Bush, Herndon, Sullivan,
Cann, Holder, Swift,
Carter, Hopp, Tatum,
Chappell, Jarnagin, Upchurch,
Cobb, Johnson, Walker,
Dennard, Lyndon, Wilcox,
Ellis, McAfee, Williams,
Ford, Newton, Mr. President.

Those absent were Messrs.—Daniel, Yopp.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following Senate bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 1866 of the Civil Code.
Also, a bill to make penal the falsely or fraudulently altering licenses or certificates issued by any county school commissioner of any local school board of this State.

Also, a bill to provide for the appointment of a special board of visitors to the State University, and for other purposes.

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bill of the Senate, as amended:

A bill to authorize the county authorities of this State to condemn land for the purpose of macadamizing public roads.

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate resolution:

A resolution for the relief of the Georgia Relief Association.

The House has adopted the following House resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution providing for a statement of unfinished business to be sent members of the General Assembly.

The following message was received from the House through Mr Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following House resolutions, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution to provide for a joint committee to visit Academy for Blind during vacation and report to next General Assembly.
Also, a resolution providing that all bills and resolutions not disposed of this session shall go over to next session as unfinished business.

Also, a resolution providing for a committee to confer with Legislatures of other States regarding amendment to Constitution of the United States, and for other purposes.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following Senate bills, to wit:

A bill to amend section 3317 of Civil Code relating to duties of executors, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon.

Mr. Ellis moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following House bill on yesterday:

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to provide for the appropriation for the maintenance of the State government for the years 1901 and 1902.

The previous question was called and sustained.

Upon the motion to reconsider the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Bell, Boynton, Chappell, Ellis, Grantland, Hardaway, Hayes, Herndon, Holder, Lyndon, Newton, Smiley, Stewart, Sullivan, Tatum, Williams.
Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, Greer, Smith,
Alexander, Hamrick, Spinks,
Berrong, Hopps, Stone,
Cann, Jarnagin, Swift,
Carter, Johnson, Upchurch,
Cobb, McAfee, Walker,
Dennard, Norman, Wilcox.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bush, Harrell, Mr. President.
Daniel, Yopp,

Ayes 17   Nays 22.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Chappell, chairman Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to wit:

A bill to levy a tax for the support of the State government and the public institutions, and for other purposes.

I am further instructed to report back the following bill of the House with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to wit:

A bill to provide a system of taxing the property of
telephone companies in each of the counties in this State, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. J. CHAPPELL, Chairman.

Mr. Ellis, chairman of the Committee on Reapportionment, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Reapportionment has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, to wit:

A bill to change the apportionment of representatives in this State.

Respectfully submitted.

ROLAND ELLIS, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bills, to wit:

A bill to establish a dispensary in the city of Barnesville.

Also, a bill to amend section 4786, of the Civil Code of Georgia.

Also, a bill to amend section 5510 of Code of 1895.
Also, a bill to amend the charter of the city of Douglas in Coffee county.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Watkinsville, Ga.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bills, to wit:

A bill to provide for the reorganization, etc., of the military forces of this State, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a volunteer corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery.

The House has also passed, as amended, the following Senate bill:

A bill to authorize insurance companies organized under the laws of this State to increase or decrease capital stock.

The special order was taken up which is:

By Mr. Gary—

A bill to provide for the acceptance of the Soldiers' Home by the State of Georgia.

Upon agreeing to the report of the committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:
Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

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Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

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Those not voting were Messrs.—

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The report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

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Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Baker, Ford, Spinks,
Berrong, McAfee, Wilcox,
Dennard, Smiley, Williams.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Greer, Upchurch,
Bush, Holder, Yopp,
Carter, Johnson, Mr. President,
Daniel,


The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following special order was taken up:

By Mr. Wight and others—

A bill to levy a tax for the support and maintenance of the State for the years 1901 and 1902.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

3 O'CLOCK.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Upon motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

Mr. Grantland, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following report:
Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration the following bill of the House, and instruct me to report back with the recommendation that same do pass:

A bill for the relief of Geo. W Harrison, State Printer.

Respectfully submitted.

S. Grantland, Chairman.

The following House resolution was read third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Blalock—

A resolution authorizing the Governor to supply casual deficiencies, and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes were 27, nays 0; the resolution having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Johnson—

A bill to pay off and retire the bonds as they may mature.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The general tax act was again taken up.
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1900. 491

The committee offers the following amendment by striking the figures 2.01 mills and inserting 2 mills as the tax rate.

Upon this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Hardaway, Newton,
Boynton, Hayes, Smiley,
Chappell, Jarnagin, Stewart,
Ellis, Lyndon, Swift.
Grantland,

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Berrong, Harrell, Spinks,
Cann, Holder, Stone,
Cobb, Johnson, Tatum,
Dennard, McAfee, Upchurch,
Ford, Norman, Wilcox,
Greer, Smith,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Daniel, Walker,
Alexander, Hamrick, Williams,
Bell, Herndon, Yopp,
Bush, Hopps, Mr. President.
Carter, Sullivan,

Ayes 13. Nays 17

The amendment was lost.

The committee proposed to amend by striking out all after "only" in the 9th line of section 1 to the end of the section.
Upon this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Baker, Grantland, Newton,
Boynton, Hardaway, Smiley,
Chappell, Johnson, Stewart,
Ellis, Lyndon, Swift.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Berrong, Greer, Smith,
Cann, Harrell, Spinks,
Carter, Hayes, Tatum,
Cobb, Holder, Upchurch,
Dennard, McAfee, Wilcox,
Ford, Norman,

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, Hamrick, Sullivan,
Alexander, Herndon, Walker,
Bell, Hopps, Williams,
Bush, Jarnagin, Yopp,
Daniel, Stone, Mr. President.

Ayes 12. Nays 17

The amendment was lost.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Greer, Smiley,
Berrong, Harrell, Smith,
Boynton, Hayes, Spinks,
Cann, Holder, Stewart,
Chappell, Jarnagin, Swift,
Cobb, Johnson, Tatum,
Dennard, McAfee, Upchurch,
Ford, Newton, Wilcox,
Grantland, Norman,
Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Lyndon.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

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The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

*Mr. President:*

The House has concurred in amendments Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11 and 12, and non-concurred in Senate amendments Nos. 6 and 9 to the following House bill:

A bill to make appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the government, and for other purposes.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

*Mr. President:*

The House has concurred in the Senate amendments to the following House bill, to wit:
A bill to amend sections 4 and 5 of an act to provide a system of public schools for the city of Covington.

The House has also concurred in the Senate amendment to the following House resolution, to wit:

A resolution providing for completion of unfinished business of session of 1900.

The House has refused to concur in Senate substitute to the following House bill:

A bill to authorize the mayor and aldermen of Cartersville, Ga., to invest water-works sinking-fund.

Mr. Holder, chairman pro tem. of Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following bills of the House, which they instruct me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to create a city court for the county of Early, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill to abolish the county court of Early county.

Respectfully submitted.

Jno. N. Holder, Chairman pro tem.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:
Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bill:

A bill to amend section 3621 of Code of 1895, and for other purposes.

The House has concurred in the Senate substitute to amendment No. 9.

Mr. Ellis gave notice of a reconsideration of the bill just passed. By unanimous consent this notice was withdrawn.

House bill No. 342 was recommitted to the Finance committee.

The following special order was taken up:

By Mr. Howard—

A bill to appropriate one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the Georgia Sanitarium.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were called and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

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Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Bell, Bush, Chappell, Daniel, Hamrick, Herndon, Hopps, Jarnagin, Newton, Stone, Sullivan, Upchurch, Walker, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.

Ayes 27  Nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Ellis moved to recede from the Senate amendment to the appropriation bill making the appropriation $1,000,000 instead of $800,000.

The motion prevailed.

The following House bills and resolutions were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Blalock—

A bill to carry into effect an act amending paragraph 1, section 1, article 7 of the Constitution providing for the payment of pensions to widows of Confederate soldiers.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

This being an appropriation the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Chappell, Greer, Baker, Dennard, Hardaway, Bell, Ellis, Harrell, Cann, Grantland, Hayes,
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1900.

Holder, Hopps, Jarnigan, Johnson,
McAfee, Norman, Smiley, Smith,
Spinks, Stewart, Tatum, Upchurch.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Berrong, Boynton, Bush,
Ford, Hamrick, Herndon, Lyndon,
Swift, Walker, Wilcox, Williams,

Carter, Cobb, Daniel,
Newton, Stone, Sullivan,
Yopp, Mr. President.

Ayes 24. Nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The Conference Committee on the part of the Senate to confer with House Committee on the Geological appropriation are Senators Swift, Wilcox and McAfee.

Also, by Mr. King—

A bill for the relief of Geo. W Harrison, State Printer.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

This being an appropriation the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Baker, Bell, Berrong, Cann,
Ford, Grantland, Greer, Hardaway, Harrell,
Hayes, Holder, Hopps, Johnson, Lyndon,
McAfee, Smith, Swift,  
Newton, Spinks, Tatum,  
Norman, Stewart, Upchurch,  
Smiley, Stone, Wilcox.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Alexander, Daniel, Sullivan,  
Boynton, Dennard, Walker,  
Bush, Ellis, Williams,  
Carter, Hamrick, Yopp,  
Chappell, Herndon, Mr. President.  
Cobb, Jarnagin,  

Ayes 27  Nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Stubbs—

A bill to provide for a special department of horticulture and pomology in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

This being an appropriation the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Greer, Newton,  
Baker, Hardaway, Norman,  
Bell, Harrell, Spiinks,  
Berrong, Hayes, Stewart,  
Cann, Holder, Swift,  
Carter, Hopps, Tatum,  
Chappell, Johnson, Upchurch,  
Ford, McAfee, Wilcox,  
Grantland,  

Those not voting were Messrs.—


Ayes 25. Nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Bruce—

A bill to appropriate to the board of trustees of the State University the sum of $5,000.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Baker, Bell, Berrong, Cann, Chappell, Cobb, Grantland, Greer, Hardaway, Harrell, Hayes, Holder, Hopps, Johnson, McAfee, Newton, Norman, Smiley, Spinks, Stewart, Stone, Wilcox, Mr. President.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Herndon, Sullivan, Walker,
Jarnagin, Swift, Williams,
Lyndon, Tatum, Yopp,
Smith, Upchurch

Ayes 24. Nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Hathcock—

A bill to provide for the creation of a board of county commissioners for Douglas county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to abolish the county court of Early county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Narramore—

A bill to create the city court of the county of Early.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.
Also, by Mr. King—

A bill to allow life insurance companies doing business on the assessment plan to do a general insurance business.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 2; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until 8 o’clock tonight.

8 O’CLOCK.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 8 o’clock; was called to order by the president.

Upon motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

Senator Smiley was granted leave of absence from tonight’s session.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boiteuillette, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following House resolution, in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked, to wit:

A resolution that a committee of five from the House and three from the Senate be appointed to confer with the lessees of the Western and Atlantic railroad relative to the construction of a union passenger station.
The House has passed, by the requisite constitutional majority, the following House resolution:

A resolution for relief of Andrew N. Plunkett, security for W. J. Dottery.

The House has concurred in Senate amendment to following House bill:

A bill to authorize the Georgia and Carolina Manufacturing Company to construct a dam across the Tugalo river.

The House has appointed the following committee to confer with the Senate committee in reference to hour of adjournment to-night: Lane of Sumter, Slaton of Fulton, and Reid of Campbell.

The House has passed, by requisite constitutional majority, the following House bill, to wit:

A bill to abolish the county court of Newton county.

The following joint House resolutions were read and concurred in:

By Mr. Gress—

A resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to confer with the lessees of the W & A. R. R. in reference to the building of a union depot in Atlanta.

Committee on part of Senate are Senators Ellis, Allen and Holder.

Also, by Mr. Barron—

A resolution providing that all bills and resolutions not disposed of at this session shall go over as unfinished business.
Also, by Mr. Wellborn—

A resolution providing that a statement of unfinished business be sent the members of the General Assembly.

Also, by Mr. Bower—

A resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to confer with the legislatures of other States of the Union in regard to the amendment to the Constitution relative to the election of the President of the United States by a popular vote of the people.

Committee on part of Senate are Senators Bell and Grantland.

Also, by Mr. Harper.

A resolution to appoint a joint committee to investigate the Academy of the Blind.

The committee on part of the Senate is Senator Cobb.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk, thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bill:

A bill to amend section 862 of volume 1 of the Code of Georgia.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the following House bill:

A bill to provide for the creation of a board of county commissioners in Douglas county.
Privileges of the floor were extended Hon. C. D. N. Cole of New York during his stay in the city.

The following House bills were read third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Harper—

A bill to repeal an act creating the board of county commissioners of Chattooga county.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Foster—

A bill to provide for compensation for the deputy sheriffs of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.

Also, by Mr. Knowles—

A bill to amend section 2061 of the Code of 1895.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended.
Also, by Mr. Walker—

A bill to incorporate the public schools of Roberta, Ga.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, the nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Crawfordville.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Bower—

A bill to incorporate the town of Iron City.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Reid—

A bill to amend exception 1, section 5269, volume 2 of the Code.

Report of the committee was agreed to.
Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the town of Cornelia.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

Also, by Mr. Toomer—

A bill to make bonds for title admissible to record.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was taken up to concur in House amendments, which amendments were concurred in.

By Mr. Stone—

A bill to authorize insurance companies organized under the laws of this State to increase or decrease their capital stock.

The following Senate resolution was read and adopted as amended:
By Mr. Williams—

Resolved, That the messenger be authorized to appoint a doorkeeper for the rear door of his room.

Mr. Boynton, chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following House bill, to be entitled an act to make bond for title admissible to record and to define the effect of such record, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

Respectfully submitted.

J. L. Boynton, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following Senate bill, as amended:

A bill to amend paragraph 7 of section 223 of volume 1 of Code of 1895.

The House has concurred in Senate amendment to following House bill:

A bill to authorize life insurance companies doing business on assessment plan to hereafter do a general life insurance business.
The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in Senate amendments to following House bills:

A bill to provide for the compensation of deputy sheriffs in this State.

Also, a bill to amend section 2061 of Civil Code of 1895.

The following Senate bills were taken up with House amendments and the amendments were concurred in:

By Mr. Chappell—

A bill to alter and amend an act authorizing the county authorities of this State to condemn lands for macadamizing public roads in this State.

Also, by Mr. Sullivan—

A bill to amend paragraph 7 of section 223 of the Code.

Mr. Wilcox moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in adopting the resolution authorizing the messenger of the Senate to appoint a doorkeeper for the rear door of his room.

Which motion prevailed.

Upon the adoption of the resolution as amended the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1900.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Alexander, Cann, Chappell, Cobb, Dennard, Ellis, Hardaway, Hayes, Holder, Johnson, McAfee, Newton, Stewart, Stone, Wilcox.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Boynton, Ford, Grantland, Greer, Lyndon, Smith, Sullivan, Swift.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Baker, Bell, Berrong, Bush, Carter, Daniel, Hamrick, Harrell, Herndon, Hopps, Jarnagin, Norman, Smiley, Spinks, Tatum, Upchurch, Walker, Williams, Yopp, Mr. President.


The resolution was adopted as amended.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Smith—

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate are due and are hereby tendered the Hon. Clark Howell, President of the Senate, for the able, faithful and impartial manner in which he has presided over this body.

The following resolution was read and adopted:
By Mr. Grantland—

A resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Senate to secure a portrait of Hon. Clark Howell to be placed in the Senate chamber.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the following Senate amendments to the following bills: Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and non-concurred in following amendments: Nos. 6, 23, 24.

A bill to levy a tax for support State government and public institutions.

The Senate recedes from its amendment No. 6 and insists on its amendments Nos. 23 and 24 of the general tax act, and the Conference Committee on the part of the Senate are Messrs. Chappell, Newton and Cann.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in Senate amendment to following House bill:

A bill to amend exception 1 of section 5269 of volume 2 of Code of 1895.

The House has non-concurred in Senate amendments to
following bill of the House and begs that Senate will recede from their amendment:

A bill to create a county board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Chattooga county.

The House has appointed a Conference Committee to act in conjunction with Senate Committee on amendments 23 and 24 to following bill:

A bill to levy tax for support of State government, State institutions, etc.

Mr. Chappell, chairman on the part of the Senate of the Conference Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Conference Committee on the part of the Senate on the disagreement between the Senate and House on Senate amendments Nos. 23 and 24 to the tax bill report:
That the House Committee recedes from the disagreement of the House to Senate amendment No. 24 in regard to questions to be propounded to the taxpayer.
A majority of the House Committee insisted on non-concurrence in Senate amendment No. 23 in regard to the stamping of notes for taxation, while a minority of the House Committee favors a receding by the House from its non-concurrence therein. The Senate Committee unanimously insisted on said amendment, and being unable to agree with the majority of the House Committee ask to be discharged.

Respectfully submitted.

Thos. J. Chappell, Chairman.
The second Conference Committee on Senate amendment No. 23 to the general tax act were Senators Ellis, Holder and Lyndon.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House recedes from its non-concurrence to Senate amendment No. 24 to following House bill:

A bill to levy tax for support of State government and public institutions.

Mr. President:

The Conference Committee on the part of the Senate, appointed to confer with a similar committee on the part of the House, beg leave to report that they have been unable to agree with a majority of the House Committee, and recommend that the Senate adhere to its amendment and appoint a new Committee of Conference.

ROLAND ELLIS,
JNO. N. HOLDER,
G. E. LYNDON.

The third Conference Committee to confer with House Committee on Senate amendment No. 23 to the general tax act are Senators Allen, Spinks and Greer.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House refuses to recede from its position in Senate
amendment No. 23 to general tax bill, and has appointed following committee to confer with Senate Committee:

Messrs. Wright, Flynt and Wilson.

Mr. President:

The Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate in reference to the disagreement between the Senate and House on amendment No. 23, beg leave to report that they have been unable to agree with the House Committee, and recommend that the Senate adhere to its amendment, and that a new Conference Committee be appointed.

W E. Spinks, Chairman.
J. M. Greer,
Jno. T. Allen.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boisenillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House refuses to recede from its disagreement to Senate amendment No. 23 to general tax bill and appoints the following committee to confer with Senate Committee:

Messrs. Perry, Deal and Underwood.

The fourth Conference Committee on the part of the Senate to confer with the House Committee on amendment No. 23 of the general tax act, are Senators Hardaway, Hayes and Stone.

Mr. President:

Your Committee of Conference on Senate amendment No. 23 beg leave to report that they are unable to agree
with the House Committee, and recommend that the Senate insist upon its amendment, and that another Conference Committee be appointed.

R. H. Hardaway,
J. E. Hayes,
A. C. Stone,
Committee.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boiseuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has refused to concur in Senate amendment No. 23 to the tax bill, and has appointed the following committee to further confer with committee from the Senate:

Messrs. Davis, Welch and Harper of Chattooga.

The fifth Conference Committee of the Senate to confer with the House Committee on amendment No. 23 of the general tax act are Senators Boynton, Swift and Dennard.

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Conference on the part of the Senate beg leave to report that they have been unable to agree with the House Committee of Conference on amendment No. 23, and recommend that the Senate adhere to its amendment, and appoint a new Conference Committee.

We recommend that the Senate adjourn sine die.

J. L. Boynton,
T. M. Swift,
J. J. Dennard.
The following Senate resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Holder—

Resolved, By the Senate that since the House has repeatedly refused to recede from a position on which it is almost evenly divided against a unanimous vote of the Senate as represented in five conference committees, in several of which the House members were divided on the question of receding, that the Senate specifically refuses to recede from the position. The Senate declares its willingness to give a bill embodying the features of the proposed tax the right of way over everything at the fall session of 1901, and submits that as the House Conference Committees have expressed a willingness to make the proposed tax effective not until 1902, that such law as is proposed can be enacted at the session next fall, if upon discussion it appears that such a measure is then desired by the people, and that such procedure will save the expensive cost of an extra session of the General Assembly.

The following resolution was read and unanimously adopted:

By Mr. Sullivan—

Resolved, That the Senate return thanks to the Hon. Roland Ellis for the able and impartial manner in which he has performed the duties of the office of President pro tem. of this Senate.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has receded from the position of non-con-
Mr. Cobb, chairman of the Committee on Enrolling, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The following acts have been examined and found correct and ready for the signatures of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, to wit:

An act to amend the act providing for the reorganization, discipline, &c., of the military forces of this State, approved December 20, 1899, so as to provide for a battalion of heavy artillery, and to repeal section 15 of said act.

Also, an act to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery, etc.

Also, an act to amend section 3317 of the Civil Code relating to the duties of executors.

Also, an act to amend section 4786 of the Civil Code relating to partition proceedings.

Also, an act to provide for and permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding that of registration.

Also, an act to make penal the forging of teachers' certificates or licenses.

Also, an act to amend section 115, volume 1 of the
Code of 1895, to provide for the disposition of all primary election papers.

Also, an act to amend section 5510 of the Code, which defines the duties of the clerk of the supreme court.

Also, an act to amend section 862 of the Code, volume 1, relating to insolvent lists of tax-collectors.

Also, an act to amend section 3621 of the Code relating to the attestation of deeds out of this State.

Also, an act to provide for a special board of visitors to the State University.

Also, an act to amend section 1866 relating to record of bonds of corporations by Secretary of State.

Also, an act to authorize insurance companies organized under the laws of this State to increase their capital stock.

Also, an act to provide for the establishment of a dispensary for the city of Barnesville.

Also, an act to amend the charter of the city of Douglas.

Also, an act to amend the charter of the city of Macon so as to authorize an appropriation to the public libraries.

Also, an act to amend the charter of Watkinsville in the county of Oconee.

Also, an act to fix the license for retailing spirituous liquors in the county of Morgan.

Also, an act to provide for the appointment of a commission to make display of the State's resources at Buffalo and Charleston.
Also, an act to amend paragraph 7, section 223, volume 1 of the Code.

Also, an act to amend an act authorizing county authorities to condemn land for macadamizing public roads.

Also, a resolution for the relief of the Georgia Relief Association.

Also, a resolution providing for the improvement of the grounds of the Georgia Normal and Industrial College of Milledgeville.

Also, a resolution concerning ceding jurisdiction to the United States over certain lands in this State.

Respectfully submitted.

W H. Cobb, Chairman.

Mr. Cobb, chairman of the Enrolling Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Enrolling report as duly enrolled, signed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, and delivered to the Governor, the following acts, to wit:

An act to amend an act providing for the reorganization, discipline, etc., of the military forces of this State, approved December 20, 1899, so as to provide for a battalion of heavy artillery, and to repeal section 15 of said act.

Also, an act to convert the Savannah Volunteer Guards from a corps of infantry into a battalion of heavy artillery.
Also, an act to amend section 3317 of the Civil Code relating to the duties of executors.

Also, an act to amend section 4786 of the Civil Code relating to partition proceedings.

Also, an act to provide for and permit the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year succeeding the registration.

Also, an act to make penal the forging of teachers' certificates or licenses.

Also, an act to amend section 115, volume 1 of the Code of 1895, relating to the disposition of primary election papers.

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Also, a resolution providing for the improvement of the grounds around the Georgia Normal and Industrial College at Milledgeville.

Also, a resolution concerning ceding jurisdiction over certain lands to the United States in this State.

Respectfully submitted.

W H. Cobb, Chairman.

The following resolution was read and adopted:
By Mr. Ellis—

Resolved, That the Senate is ready to adjourn sine die.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the House to notify the Senate that the House is ready to adjourn.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived, the ayes and nays were called on adjourning sine die:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, Ellis, McAfee,
Alexander, Grantland, Newton,
Berrong, Greer, Norman,
Boynton, Hardaway, Spinks,
Cann, Harrell, Stewart,
Carter, Hayes, Stone,
Chappell, Holder, Sullivan,
Cobb, Lyndon, Swift.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Baker, Herndon, Upchurch,
Bell, Hopps, Walker,
Bush, Jarnagin, Wilcox,
Daniel, Johnson, Williams,
Dennard, Smiley, Yopp,
Ford, Smith, Mr. President,
Hamrick, Tatum.

Ayes 24. Nays 0.

The motion prevailed and the Senate adjourned sine die.
INDEX

TO THE

SENATE JOURNAL

FOR THE

YEAR 1900.
INDEX.

PART I.

SENATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Adjournment .................................................. 521
Additions to Committees. .................................. 135 144 170 181 187
192 229 262 267 358

AGRICULTURE—

A Bill—To require all persons selling cotton-seed hulls
to have the weight printed on each bale ........ 130 169

CODE AMENDMENTS—

A Bill—To amend section 94 of Vol. 3 of the Code,
which prescribes the punishment for rape. ........... 75
To amend section 4786 of the Civil Code, re­
lating to partition proceedings .................. 78 140 142
To amend section 827 of the Code of 1895 .......... 103
To amend section 3786 of the Civil Code .... 104 140 142
To amend section 115, Vol. 1, of the Code .... 110 155
170 481
To repeal an act amending sections 1778 and
1781 of the Code of 1895 ..................... 111 168 348
To alter and amend section 3621 of the Code .... 115 236 249
To amend section 1866 of the Code, which re­
lates to records of bonds by Secretary of
State ......................................................... .135 168 175
To amend section 658 of Vol. 3 of the Code .. 151 353
368
To repeal section 1042 of the Code .......... 190 236 250
To amend section 4193, Vol. 2, of Code .... 190 332 354
To amend section 732, Vol. 1, of Code .... 199 219 238
To amend section 3317 of Civil Code ... 200 300 329
# CODE AMENDMENTS—Continued—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendments</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To amend sections 751, 753, 755 and 762 of Code</td>
<td>209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend section 5260, Vol. 2, of Code</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend section 752 of the Penal Code</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend paragraph 7, section 223, of the Code</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend section 1101 and 1103 of the Code</td>
<td>368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend section 4719 of the Code</td>
<td>368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend section 5461 of the Code</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend section 862, Vol. 1, of the Code</td>
<td>401</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendments</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Bill—to amend the Constitution so as to provide for the appointment of Judges and Solicitors by the Governor</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 8 of the Constitution</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend paragraph 1, section 1, article 7 of the Constitution</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend paragraph 2, section 3, article 6, and paragraph 1, section 11, article 6 of the Constitution</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend paragraph 2, section 2, article 7 of the Constitution so as to exempt certain property from taxation</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend paragraph 3, section 4, article 9 of the Constitution, relative to the meeting of the General Assembly</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# COMMUNICATIONS—From Governor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communications</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>From Governor</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# COUNTY AND COUNTY MATTERS—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendments</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Bill—to amend the road laws of Bibb County</td>
<td>353</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendments</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Bill—to alter and amend an act to authorize county authorities to condemn lands to macadamize public roads</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To repeal an act to providing for the Board of County Commissioners of Bartow Co.</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX.

COUNTY OFFICERS—
A Bill—Relative to compensation of the county officers of this State 151

COURTS—City—
A Bill—To amend the act establishing the City Court of Griffin. 223 237 251 382
To establish the City Court of Rochelle. 287 306

COURTS—County—
A Bill—To repeal the act creating the County Court of Wilcox 287 306

COURTS—Superior—
A Bill—To change the time of holding the fall term of Whitfield Superior Court. 75 155 181
To change Dade county from the Cherokee Judicial Circuit to the Rome Circuit. 187 236
To change Wilcox county from the Oconee Circuit to the Southwestern Circuit. 287 309

COURTS—Supreme and Officers—
A Bill—To define the duties of the Clerk of the Supreme Court. 235 279 289

ELECTION OF GOVERNOR—

ELECTION OF U. S. SENATOR—

EXECUTIVE SESSIONS—
80 98 115 126 130 133 136 144 193 211 280 282 329
347 362 377 381 432 467

INVITATION—
From Valdosta Fair 77
From Atlanta Journal to attend election returns 80
To visit Waycross Fair. 80
INVITATION—Continued.

From Emory College to attend the oratorical contest. 111
From Mr. Slaton to attend barbecue 111
From Southern Female College 130
To visit Technological School 232
From Street Railroad Company 246

INSURANCE LAWS—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A Bill</th>
<th>To require the deposits of insurance and other companies to be registered</th>
<th>115 131 136</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Regulating the insurance business in Georgia.</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To authorize insurance companies to increase or diminish their capital stock.</td>
<td>170 188 196 506</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

JOINT SESSIONS—

| 72 81 233 |

LIQUOR LAWS—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A Bill</th>
<th>To authorize the Mayor and Aldermen of Cartersville to establish a dispensary</th>
<th>185 205 345 350</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To prohibit the use of bottles, jugs and barrels containing liquor by others than their owners.</td>
<td>186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To repeal the act making it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Spalding county</td>
<td>223 236 250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To establish a dispensary in Barnesville.</td>
<td>239 376 381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To fix the license fee for retailing liquors in Morgan county</td>
<td>331 344 356</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LEAVES OF ABSENCE—

| 10 78 78 80 99 110 111 115 131 136 144 181 |
| 189 200 211 223 233 260 266 282 |
| 298 318 349 362 377 395 411 501 |

MEDICAL—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A Bill</th>
<th>To restrict the sale of morphine and cocaine by the druggists of this State.</th>
<th>151</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To regulate the practice of Osteopathy in this State.</td>
<td>155 250 263 335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To authorize Confederate veterans to practice medicine without license.</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX. 529

MILITARY LAWS—

A Bill—To provide for the reorganization of the military forces of this State. ... 241 297 328
To change the Savannah Guards to a corps of infantry ... 241 297 332
To restore the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Georgia State troops (colored) ... 358 386 401

MESSAGES—From the House—

8 9 75 79 100 100 104 106 108 108 112 113
114 127 145 146 146 163 178 182 183 195 205 212
212 225 237 252 261 263 272 280 284 307 314 322
363 366 366 383 398 400 412 412 431 433 441 444
456 457 458 459 482 484 486 487 493 493 494
501 503 507 508 510 510 512 512 513 514 515 521

MESSAGES—Executive—

79 114 132 150 191 193 247 308 321 346
352 379 380 411 434 437

MISCELLANEOUS BILLS—

A Bill—To provide for a school-book commission. ... 75
To prescribe the manner of collecting and paying out when applied to the payment of insolvent costs ... 102
To fix the time of punishment in the crime of rape ... 102 143
To exempt from road duty persons afflicted with hernia of the bowels ... 103 262
To provide for the holding of a Constitutional Convention in this State ... 103 205 263
To require the legal advertisements of the counties to be published in the same paper as the sheriffs' advertisements are published ... 107 426 446 447
To provide for filing with clerks of the Superior Court letters for all patent rights ... 125 259 297 299
To fix the pay of Grand and Traverse Jurors in this State ... 132
To render physicians and surgeons incompetent to testify in certain cases. ... 167
MISCELLANEOUS BILLS—Continued—

To grant relief to James Elkins 167 345
To provide for a State Board to make display
of the State's resources at Buffalo and
Charleston. 173 188 196
To fix the pay of Grand and Traverse Jurors
in Bartow county 186 347
To regulate the granting of new trials. 199
To amend the vagrant laws of Georgia 229
To make it unlawful to issue trading stamps. 239
To provide for the renewal of suits. 259 332 354
To exempt from road duty persons afflicted
with hernia of the bowels—re-introduced 272 333
354
To provide for the registration of bonds of live
stock in McIntosh county 287
To allow Street R. R. Companies to furnish
steam heat 331 369 394
To protect singing birds 331 344 357
To prohibit the sale of cigarettes 426

MUNICIPAL LAWS—

A Bill—To amend the charter of Macon. 111 188 192 288
To fix the tax rate of taxation for the sup­
port of public schools of Carrolton 133 168 174
To establish a new charter for Cecil 173 205 215
To establish a new charter for Nashville 173 205 215
To amend the act creating a system of public
schools for Cartersville 186 204 279 308 327
To amend the charter of Cartersville 186
To amend section 9 of an act incorporating
Montezuma 229 237 251
To amend the act vesting in the commons of
Columbus certain powers 241 279 289
To amend the charter of Watkinsville 287 309 329
To amend the charter of Macon so as to au­
thorize the appropriation of certain money
to the libraries 288 343 356
To amend the charter of Douglas 288 309 328
To amend the charter of Marietta 306 333 348
To amend the act creating a new charter for
Albany 331 344 357
To prescribe the qualifications of the officers
of Dallas, Ga 481
INDEX.

ORGANIZATION. ......... 1

COMMITTEES—Special—

Committee to select a Chaplain .... 7
Standing Committees. 116
Committee on Brumby Memorial .... 144
Committee on Congressional Reapportionment 152
Committee to visit Soldiers' Home. .... 318
Committee to confer with the Treasurer .... 369
Committee on Governor's Message about portrait of the Hon. A. H. Colquitt ... 419
Committee to confer with House Committee on Geological appropriation 497
Committee to confer with lessees of the Western & Atlantic Railroad 502
Committee to confer with other Legislatures with reference of electing the President by the popular vote ... . . . 503
Committee to investigate Academy for the Blind. 508
Committee to confer with House Committee on Amendments Nos. 23 and 24 of Tax Act .... 511 512 513 114

REPORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES—

Report of Committee to notify the Governor of the organization ... 11
Report of Committee to arrange for Inaugural Ceremonies ... 76
Report of Committee on adjourning to return home and vote ... 101
Report of Soldiers' Home Committee .... 339
Report of Committee to whom the Governor's Message about the portrait of Hon. A. H. Colquitt was referred ... 435
Report of the Conference Committee on Senate Amendments Nos. 23 and 24 of Tax Act ... 511 512 513 514

PENSION LAWS—

A Bill—To authorize the payment of pensions to Confederate soldiers or their widows in certain cases ... 115 282 297 315 319
To revise the Pension Laws of Georgia ... 125 262
298 316
RAILROADS—

A Bill—To prohibit railroad and telegraph companies from employing telegraph operators under the age of 21. To prohibit any person from walking or driving within eight feet of the railroad tracks. Relative to running freight trains on Sunday.

REGISTRATION LAWS—

A Bill—To provide for the registration of voters for all elections which may occur in the year next succeeding the one in which they registered. To repeal the general registration law.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES—

Report of the Engrossing Committee 135 150 172 185 201
228 235 246 270 300 340 351 365 378 399 412
Report of Constitutional Amendments Committee 141 149 204
Reports from General Judiciary Committee 137 143 164 190
217 226 245 245 253 283 302 324 338
376 380 394 396 407 408 421 467 507
Reports from the Agricultural Committee 149 229 271 330
342 352 417 427
Reports from the Corporation Committee 165 184 190 208
213 226 234 247 273 300 314 336 397 414 452 457 494
Reports of the Finance Committee 171 350 416 437 472 485
Reports of the State of the Republic Committee 177
Reports of the Special Judiciary Committee 184 202 218 227
227 235 248 268 271 303 335 343 352 418 457 472
Reports of the Education Committee 190 267 268 304 330
379 418 437 471 471
Reports of the Temperance Committee 208 304 342 440
Report of Pensions Committee 251 285 384 413 438
Reports of Military Committee 281
Report of the Penitentiary Committee 416 458
Report of Deaf and Dumb Committee 438
Report of the Appropriations Committee 444 451 480
Report of the Congressional Reapportionment 486
Report of Enrolling Committee 314 326 415 516 518
Report of Privileges and Election Committee 323
Report of Committee on Banks 346 413.
INDEX.

RESIGNATIONS—

Resignation of Senator Ellis as Chairman of General Judiciary Committee 133

SCHOOLS—

A Bill—To require the teaching of Toxicology and Hygiene in the Public Schools ... 102 308 326
To provide for a Special Committee to visit the State University 125 308 327
To make penal the forging of teachers' license in this State 139 168 175

STOCK LAW—

A Bill—To make it a misdemeanor to allow live stock to run at large in stock law districts ... 286 333 355

SANITARIUM—

A Bill—To prescribe the manner of recommitting discharged patients from Sanitarium 222 333 354

TAX AND TAX LAWS—

A Bill—To repeal all laws that levy and collect a direct tax on personal and real property in certain cases ... 131 334

WITNESSES—

A Bill—To provide compensation for expert witnesses 167
To repeal paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2, of section 5269 of the Code, relative to the incompetency of witnesses ... 186
To define the incompetency of witnesses 223 300 327
INDEX.

PART II.

SENATE RESOLUTIONS.

RESOLUTIONS—

To direct Secretary to notify House that the Senate is organized. 7
To notify the Governor that the General Assembly is organized. 7
Adopting the rules of last Senate. 8
To authorize the President to appoint gallery keepers and pages, and the Secretary appoint porters 8
To arrange for the inaugural ceremonies 8
Extending the privileges of the floor to Capt. A. B. Scott of the U. S. I 9
To appoint a committee to investigate and report to the House and Senate the number of clerks employed by the Clerk and Secretary 9
To provide for the appointment of a committee to be known as the Committee on Congressional Reapportionment 10
To appoint a Committee on Public Expenditures 74
Extending the privileges of the floor to Hon. Clifford H. Strong during his stay in the city 77
Directing the Secretary to furnish the members of the Senate with a copy of the rules. 77
Providing for a recess of the General Assembly from November 3 to 6. 77 104
INDEX.

RESOLUTIONS—Continued—

Requesting the President to appoint the Committee on Rules at the earliest practicable moment. ..... 78
Requesting the State Librarian to furnish the Senators with a copy of the Code of 1895. ..... 81
Extending the privileges of the floor to Dr. Geo. C. Erwin. ..... 98
Appointing a joint committee to take into consideration the building of a new depot in Atlanta. 99-107
Accepting the Street Fair at Columbus 101 105 109
To investigate certain charges made by Adjutant-General Byrd ..... 101
For the relief of the Georgia Relief Association 104 237 248
Directing the Secretary to have the rules of the Senate printed ..... 110
To provide for the improving of the grounds around the Georgia Normal School at Milledgeville 126 310 329
To authorize the Governor to appoint Col. Wm. G. Obeard to the rank of Brig. Gen 126 157
To amend Article 6 of the Constitution. 126
Directing the Secretary to call the roll so as that they may go on record as desiring to vote for Hon. W J Bryan for President of the U. S. and Stevenson, Vice ..... 128 129
To appoint a committee to visit St. Andrew's Bay to investigate the grave of Gov. Clark 130
To change the hour of the meeting of Senate ..... 133
To authorize the Secretary to appoint a doorkeeper for the Cloak-room. ..... 178
Authorizing the Assistant Secretary to act as Secretary in his absence 174
For the relief of I. J. Micham. 187 205 238
Convening the Senate at 10 o'clock in the morning instead of 11 o'clock 207
RESOLUTIONS—Continued—

To pay pension of W H. Ryan to his widow

Directing the Committee on W & A. R. R. to invite bids from other R. R. to build a depot in Atlanta

To appoint a committee to consider certain parts of the Governor's message relative to education.

Directing the Committee on W & A. R. R. to consider certain reports from R. R.

Approving and commending the efforts of the State Librarian for securing certain books

Notifying the House that the Senate awaits the Tax Act and appropriation bill

To appoint a committee to confer with the Treasurer on certain matters.

Ceding jurisdiction to the U. S. over certain lands in Georgia

To appoint a committee to investigate the Penitentiary Department

Authorizing the Messenger to appoint a doorkeeper for the rear door of his room

Extending thanks to the President.

Directing the Secretary to secure a portrait of the President to be placed in the Senate.

Making certain concessions to the House

Extending the thanks of the Senate to the President pro tem.
INDEX.

PART III.

HOUSE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

APPROPRIATIONS—

A Bill—To appropriate money for the support of the

State for the years 1901 and 1902.

367 378 442

To appropriate $150,000 to the Sanitarium

389 422 495

To appropriate $5,000 to the Trustees of the

State University

392 420 499

AGRICULTURE—

A Bill—To provide for the inspection of cheese and

butter

209 220 423 439

To amend the Act providing for a special de­

partment of Pomology and Horticulture

404 432 498

BANKS—

A Bill—To amend the charter of the Travelers Savings

Bank of Atlanta.

153 244 255

To amend the charter of the Capital City

Bank.

154 219 251

To amend the act incorporating the Germania

Loan and Banking Company

290 360 375

To amend the law providing for State deposi­
tories

389 449

BONDS OF STATE—

A Bill—To pay off and retire bonds of the State as

they may mature

439 454 490
CODE AMENDMENTS—

A Bill—To amend section 1775 of the Code.

To amend section 102, vol. 1 of the Code.
To amend paragraph 4198, vol. 2 of Code.
To amend section 1419, vol. 1 of Code.
To amend section 1775, vol. 1 of Code.

To amend section 3667 of the Code of 1895.
To amend section 752 of the Penal Code.
To amend section 4927 of the Code.
To amend section 583 of the Code.
To amend exception 1 of section 5289 of the Code.

To amend section 982 of the Code, relative to State depositories.

COMMISSIONERS—County—

A Bill—To provide for the term of office of the Commissioners of Chatham county.
To repeal the act creating the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Chattooga county.
To authorize the County Commissioners of Bibb county to appropriate money to the libraries of Macon.
To create a Board of County Commissioners for Johnson county.
To create a Board of County Commissioners for Douglas county.

COUNTY AND COUNTY MATTERS—

A Bill—To provide for the disposition of the fines and forfeitures in Macon county.
For the removal of obstructions in the streams of Newton county.
To provide for the removal of obstructions in the streams of Greene county.
To provide for the better drainage of lands in Campbell county.
COUNTY AND COUNTY MATTERS—Continued—

To empower the Road Commissioners of Burke county to employ a Supervisor of Roads and Bridges... 393 424 477
To amend the Road Laws of Bibb county 445
To amend section 2 of an Act providing for the removal of obstructions in the streams of Gwinnett county ... 258 330 374
To amend the act creating the office of Public Roads in Irwin county .. .. 387 409 430

COSTS AND FEES—

A Bill—To provide for the payment of certain insolvent costs in the Northern Judicial Circuit. 179 260 280 283 299

COUNTY OFFICERS—

A Bill—To provide for compensation of Deputy Sheriffs. 390 440 504
To empower the Treasurer of Chatham county to employ a clerk and fix his salary 298 405 474
To provide for ruling Marshals and other officers .. .. .... 275 382 407

COURTS—Justices—

A Bill—To provide for proving Justice Court judgments from other States ... 210 243 255

COURTS—County—

A Bill—To abolish the County Court of Sumter county ... ... ... 153 179 196
To repeal the act creating the County Court of Walker ... 198 277 293
To establish the County Court of Butts county 257 279 289
To create the County Court of Sandersville 291 306
To abolish the County Court of Early county ... ... ... 388 423 500
INDEX.

COURTS—City—

A Bill—to establish the city court of Americus. 153 169 197
To amend the act establishing the city court of LaGrange. 167 231
To amend the act establishing the city court of Elberton 197 243 255
To amend section 32 of an act establishing the city court of Greenville 198 313 372
To establish the city court of Brunswick 180 207 216
To establish the city court of Bainbridge 209 219 230
To abolish the city court of Decatur county 210 219 230

To amend the act establishing the city court of Americus ... 258 277 296
To establish the city court of Dublin 276 284 323
To amend the act establishing the city court of Macon. 291 312 361
To amend the act establishing the city court of Bartow 311 360
To establish the city court of Swainsboro 388 425 474
To amend the act establishing the city court of Barnesville 388 424 480
To abolish the grand jury in the city court of Savannah ... 390 425 475
To amend the act establishing the city court of Waycross ... 398 425 479
To create a city court for Early county 402 423 500

COURTS—Superior and Supreme—

A Bill—to amend the act fixing the time of holding the superior courts of the Rome Circuit. 152 219
To fix the time of holding the courts in the Oconee circuit 153 219 231 240 324
To change the time of holding Heard superior courts 166 244 254
To change the time of holding Worth superior court ... 180
To change and fix the time of holding Greene superior court ... 224 277 292
To change the time of holding the superior court in Baker county 291 312 373
To change the time of holding the superior court in DeKalb county 291 312 330
INDEX.

HUNTING AND FISHING—

A Bill—To protect game in this State 166 244 254
For the protection of fish in Floyd county 310 359 373

INSURANCE COMPANIES—

A Bill—To require the deposit of insurance companies to be registered 197 382 407
To define and regulate beneficiary orders 275 359 372
To authorize the life insurance companies doing business on the assessment plan to do a general business 391 420
To require all insurance companies doing an insurance business on the assessment plan to have the same printed on their policies 445 468 501

LIQUOR LAWS—

A Bill—To prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors in Morgan county 198 215 232
To make it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Gwinnett county 241 313 374
To prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in Buena Vista 242 313 367
To amend the act to prohibit the manufacture of spirituous liquors in Fayette county 310 359 371
To make it unlawful to manufacture spirituous liquors in Gordon county 311 359 373

MISCELLANEOUS LAWS—

A Bill—To shorten the publication of citations 152 382 407 411
To authorize an election in Thomaston to decide whether electric lights shall be built 154 169 176
To require the Governor to publish full and complete election blanks for this State 166 219 231
To repeal the act levying a tax on dogs 187 358 369
To authorize precincts to open at same time as county sites 209 312 361 366
For the relief of George W Harrison, State Printer 210 453 497
To provide for the removal of obstructions in Little river in Cherokee county 242 277 294
MISCELLANEOUS LAWS—Continued.

To require all petitions of certiorari from Justice Courts to be set forth in distinct paragraphs 275
To alter and amend the act establishing the Middle Georgia and Agricultural College. 290 387

MISCELLANEOUS BILLS—

A Bill—To change the name of the Reformatory prison to the "Industrial Farm" 388 405 430
To establish in each county a home for dependent children .. 389 406 427 435
To make bonds for title admissable to record 393 441 506
To accept the "Soldiers' Home" 435 433 487
To change the apportionment of Representatives in the General Assembly .. 445

MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS—

A Bill—To amend the Act incorporating the Georgia Iron & Coal Co. 154 259 281
To authorize the Georgia & Carolina Manufacturing Co. to construct dams across the Tugalo river .. 392 423 476

MUNICIPAL LAWS—

A Bill—To incorporate the town of Oglethorpe .152 169 175
To incorporate the town of Morven .153 169 176
To amend the act incorporating Pepperton .153 168 177
To repeal the act incorporating McIntosh. 155 168 177
To amend the charter of the city of Macon 166 189 197
To amend the charter of Rome . 154 169 176
To establish a system of public schools for Elberton .. 179 183 192
To amend the charter of Brunswick 180 199 208
To amend the charter of Brunswick relative to applying certain revenues to public schools. 180 199 208

To authorize the Mayor and Aldermen of Savannah to purchase lands in Chatham county.. .. 180 207 216
MUNICIPAL LAWS—Continued—

To establish a system of public schools in
  Thomasville 187 207 216
To amend the charter of Moultrie 188 220 232
To amend the new charter of Madison 198 220 232
To amend the act establishing a system of
  public schools for Jesup 220 277 294
To repeal the act incorporating Swainsboro 221 243 256
To incorporate Swainsboro 221 243 257 278 295
To authorize the Mayor and Aldermen of Carter-
 sville to invest the water works sinking
  fund 221 248 256 474
To amend the charter of Valdosta 221 277 293
To amend the charter of Macon by incorpora-
  ting in it certain suburbs 242 313 357
To incorporate the town of Dickey 242 278 294
To establish a system of public schools in
  Boston 242 313 372
To incorporate the town of Stillmore 243 278 296
To incorporate the town of Oakfield 257 278 296
To establish a system of public schools for
  Roswell 257 313 375
To amend the charter of Ellijay 258 278 293
To incorporate the town of Kestler 258 278 292
To incorporate the town of Avera 258 278 295
To establish a system of public schools for
  Lumber City 259 313 348
To create a new charter for West Point 275 312 324
To establish a new charter for Milledgeville 276 283 349
To provide for the registration of voters to vote
  in the municipal elections in Savannah 276 311 410
To establish a new charter for Blue Ridge 276 312 362
To amend the charter of Valdosta so as to pro-
  vide for a Recorders’ Court 225 277 292
To establish a system of public schools for
  East Rome 290 311 330
To amend the charter of Atlanta 290 311 379
To amend the act incorporating Thompson 291 312 347
To amend the charter of Unadilla 292 312 324
To amend the charter of Dawson 310 360 375
To amend the act creating a new charter for
  Calhoun 310 360 375
To amend the charter of Dawson so as to pro-
  vide for the impeachment of mayor and
  council 311 360 375
MUNICIPAL LAWS—Continued—

To amend the act providing for a new charter of Tennille .... 388 406 429
To amend the act establishing the public schools of Conyers .... 388 424 448
To incorporate the town of Deepstep. 389 406 431
To incorporate the town of Resaca. 390 406 429
To amend the act incorporating Roberta. 391 430
To amend the charter of Columbus regarding paving .... 391 405 429
To amend the charter of Smithville 391 441 473
To amend the several acts amending the charter of Sandersville 391 406 431
To amend the several acts incorporating the town of Louisville .... 391 406 430
To amend the act establishing public schools in Covington. 392 405 473
To reincorporate the town of Adel 402 424 478
To incorporate the Woodbury school district .... 403 440 477
To create the City of Blakely in lieu of the town of Blakely .... 403 423 448
To incorporate the Upshaw school district. 402 423 475
To amend the act incorporating Demorest 403 424 477
To fix the time for the election of the officers of Savannah 402 425 475
To incorporate the public schools of Roberta 404 406 471 505

To amend the act incorporating Mt. Airy. 404 424 477
To amend the Charter of Athens. 404 424 480
To incorporate the city of Lucretia 406 425 475
To incorporate the village of East Thomaston 409 425 478
To amend the act incorporating the town of Sandersville 422 440 478
To establish a system of public schools for Sylvesta ....... 422 439 476
To incorporate the town of Iron City 445 454 505
To amend the Charter of Crawfordville .... 445 454 505
To amend the act incorporating Cornelia 446 455 506

PENSION LAWS—

A Bill—To carry into effect the act providing for pensions to widows .... 390 420 48
INDEX.

SCHOOLS—

A Bill—To regulate public instruction in Glynn County ... 224 277 295
To repeal section 4 of an act authorizing Boards of Education to make changes in books ... 275 358 371

SCHOOL FOR DEAF AND DUMB—

A Bill—To authorize the Board of Trustees of the Deaf and Dumb School to appoint a specialist on eye, ear and throat 403 439 480

TAXES—

A Bill—To provide a system for taxing telephones ... 404 420
To levy a tax for the support of Government 435 454 489
To relieve Confederate soldiers from paying professional tax ... 470

RESOLUTION—

Convening the House and Senate in joint session to open the election returns ... 10
Inviting Senator Bacon to address the General Assembly ... 75 112
To adjourn from October 31 to November 2 ... 80 83 105
Convening the General Assembly in joint session to be addressed by Mrs. Belle Kearney ... 105
To appoint a joint committee to confer with the Brumby Memorial Association ... 105
To take a recess from November 3 to November 7 ... 109
Inviting ex-Gov. Hoard of Wisconsin to address the General Assembly ... 110
Extending thanks to the President and others of the Valdosta Fair Association ... 114
Appointing a committee to examine and report on the "Georgia Justice" ... 154
For the relief of the bondsmen of Victor Smith ... 188 205 215
To convene the House and Senate in joint session to listen to an address by Mrs. Kearney 188
RESOLUTION—Continued.

To pay pension of Dawson P. Williams to his widow 211 299 369 386
Directing Governor to secure from census officials the population of each county 211
Inviting Hon. J. L. M. Curry to address the General Assembly 214 230
To pay John Vaughn for work done in the penitentiary 276 361 370
To appoint a committee to visit the Soldiers’ Home 318
Endorsing the deepening of the harbor at Savannah 394 406
For the relief of Jeff Amerson 394 426 455
To pay pension of A. E. Hart to his children 405 426 455
To declare Thanksgiving day a dies non 422
To authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies 435 454 490
To authorize the payment of the pension of W. P. Fanning to his widow 469
To authorize the payment of the pension of J. L. Coffee to his widow 469
Accepting the portrait of the Hon. A. H. Colquitt 469
To authorize the State Printer to substitute the word “prison” for the word “pension” wherever it occurs in Resolution No. 49 470
To provide for the finishing of business as the Legislature adjourns 470
To confer with the lessees of the W. & A. R. R. concerning the building of a depot in Atlanta 502
Providing that all bills and resolutions not disposed of at this session shall go over as unfinished business 502
Providing that a statement of unfinished business be sent to the members 503
To appoint a committee to confer with other Legislatures about electing the President of the U. S. by a popular vote of the people 503
Providing for a committee to investigate the Academy for the Blind 503